THEY GIVE IT UP.
RIVAL NEWSPAPERS LOOK AT THE SUN AND TRY TO FOLLOW IT, BUT ITS BRILLIANCY DAZZLES THEM ALL AND THEY HAVE TO GIVE IT UP.

THE LOWELL SUN

THE PACE THAT KILLS.
THE SUN SETS THE PACE IN LOCAL JOURNALISM AND THE PACE THAT KILLED THREE IMITATORS. IT'S TOO FAST FOR THEM TO FOLLOW.

21ST YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1898. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

FIRST EDITION

THE WEATHER.

The weather Tuesday will be fair, or clearing, with colder temperatures during the night, west to northwest winds. Wednesday promises fair, without great change in temperature. The weather continues fair in the remaining country, warmer than the average, and generally shows freezing in northern districts.

ALMANAC, TUESDAY, FEB. 15.
Sun rises—6:11; sets, 5:17.
Moon rises—2:36 a. m.
High wates—5:30 a. m.; 5:45 p. m.

TRADES COUNCIL

Appoints Ways and Means Committee.

MR. BOODY OFFERS HALF RECEIPTS OF PERFORMANCE

For the New Bedford Strikers.

The meeeting of the Trades and Labor Council in Building Laborers' hall yesterday afternoon brought out a large attendance.

Delegations were admitted from the Brussel Carpet Weavers' union, the Typographical union and the Stationary Firemen.

A communication was received from Manager W. H. Boody of Music Hall, announcing that he had made arrangements with the "A Trip to Coney Island" company to give a performance Thursday evening of this week, from which one-half of the proceeds would be contributed to the New Bedford strikers. A vote of thanks was extended to Mr. Boody and the members of the company and the delegates were instructed to apprise their respective unions of the matter.

General Organizer T. F. Tracey of the American Federation of Labor was present and made an urgent appeal for funds to aid the New Bedford strikers. As a result of his remarks, a committee of five was appointed to act in conjunction with the general ways and means committee of the several unions in raising money for this purpose.

Alexander Ray introduced the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we, the delegates to the Trades and Labor Council convened, pledge to the New Bedford operatives, our moral and financial support, and that all the delegates report the same to their respective unions; and further

Resolved, That this body appoint a committee to be known as the ways and means committee, to use all honorable means to raise money for their benefit.

Representative James P. Ramsay's bill providing for shorter hours for store clerks, was discussed at considerable length, after which it was unanimously endorsed.

Several local shoe stores were mentioned which are offering for sale shoes in which White Brothers & Company's leather was used. The matter was referred to the local label committee, who will consider the advisability of boycotting such stores.

The bill appropriating $100,000 to the Textile school was condemned.

BARBERS' MEETING.

The Barbers' union had an enthusiastic gathering yesterday afternoon and 32 new members were admitted.

Addresses were delivered by Mr. Hadley of Lawrence, John T. Powers, James Hunter, Charles Burns, Michael F. McCarthy and others.

A committee composed of the temporary officers of the union was appointed to procure the charter from the Journeymen Barbers' union, and upon the receipt of it, a permanent organization will be effected. It is expected to arrive late in the week and as soon as it arrives, a call will be issued through the press for the next meeting.

The Cigarmakers' union will meet at Building Laborers' hall tonight.

The Slasher Tenders held their second meeting in Spinners' hall Saturday night with a very large attendance.

POLICE COURT

Fred Wright, a Boston man who was recently assaulted and robbed there, was fined $1 for drunkenness.

Samuel and Mary Sharron for drunkenness got three months in jail and workhouse respectively.

Mary McKenna received four months in jail.

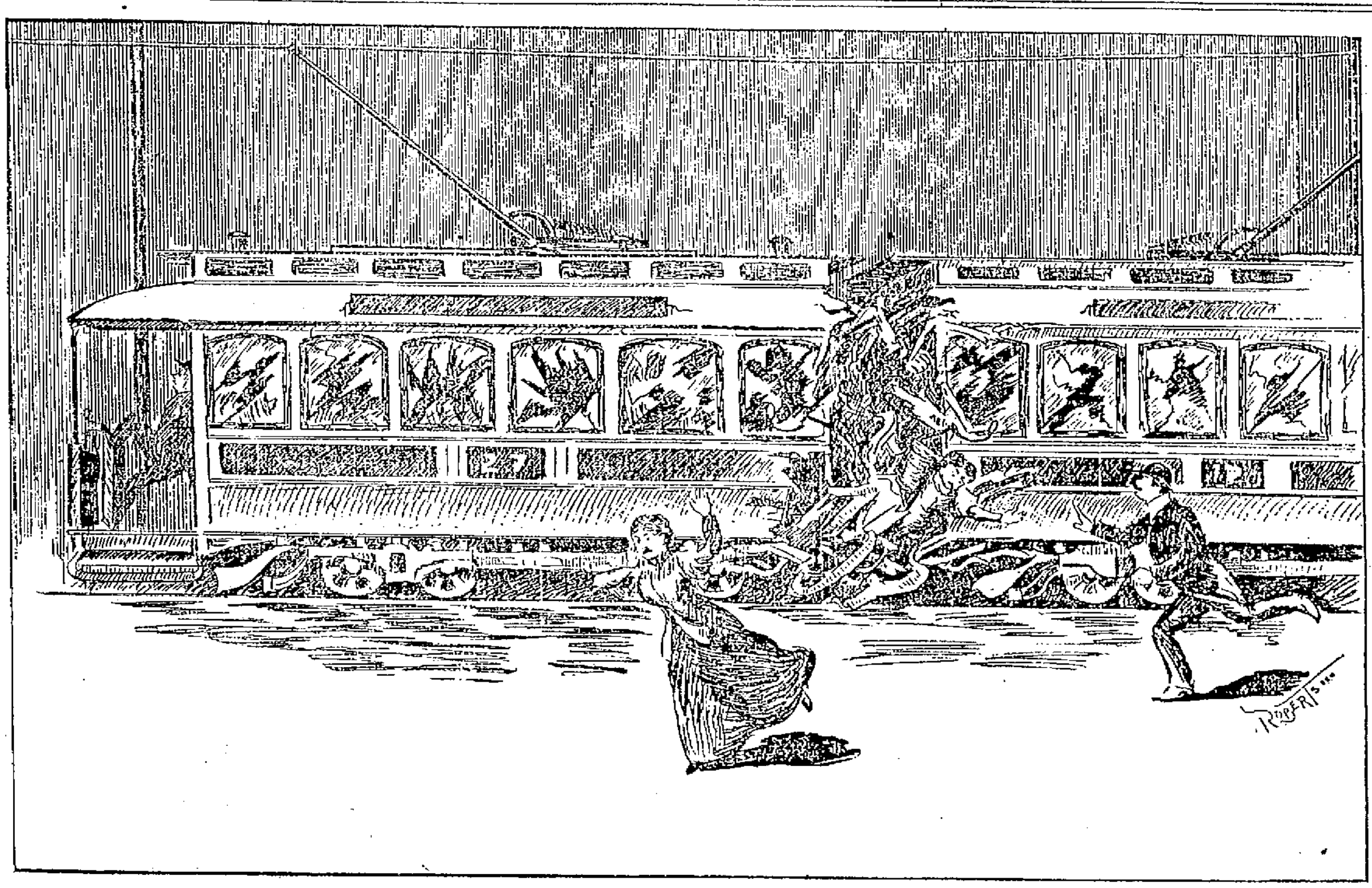
Carrie Lord carried off a sentence of six months in the workhouse.

Mr. and Mrs. Ezra R. Adams of Gloversville, N. Y., are visiting friends in this city.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

James F. O'Donnell
UNDERTAKER.
Telephone at Residence, Office and Stables.
Market St., Cor. Worthen.

A Clothes Horse Free—A nice folding Clothes Horse with one pound of our 60c. tea. O'BRIEN BROS, Tea Dealers, 17 East Merrimack street. Telephone 69-3



Sketch of the Accident on the Electric R. R., Near North Chelmsford, as Seen by an Eye Witness.

OF THE ACCIDENT

The Injured are All Recovering.

NO CAUSE AS YET ASSIGNED FOR IT.

Lawyer O'Hern's Version of the Accident.

The serious head-on collision near North Chelmsford Saturday afternoon, is yet without an assigned cause, except the fog, and the investigation of the matter has been postponed until Manager Sullivan returns from New York.

As stated in Saturday's Sun, the injured are as follows:

Motorman D. W. Morgan, right arm broken below the elbow and otherwise bruised.

Conductor J. J. Sullivan, forehead bruised.

Annie Picard, aged 14, 6 South street, one tooth knocked out of upper jaw, three lower teeth loosened and a scalp wound.

Maude Thompson, aged 16, Fremont street, Lowell, small bone in ankle broken and otherwise bruised.

Charles Fish, a blacksmith, South Chelmsford, injured in the back. Taken in the ambulance to St. John's hospital.

All are resting comfortably today, Miss Thompson being the most severely injured.

Car No. 12, Motorman Morgan and Conductor R. J. Hodges, was a special and was inward bound from Moore's mills with 58 passengers. This car was due to leave the mill at 12 o'clock. It arrived at 12 and left at 12.05, five minutes behind time.

Car 27, Motorman T. J. Whalen and Conductor J. J. Sullivan, was a regular Tyngsboro car. It left the square at 11.42 and was running on time. It had only four or five passengers, one of whom, Lawyer O'Hearn, was standing on the rear platform.

The Tyngsboro car had just taken the single rail and was booming along the down grade toward the hollow. The other car was coming down the hill at good speed, according to the testimony of several of the passengers.

At that time the hollow was filled with a dense fog and before anyone on either car knew it, the cars were within a few feet of each other. In a second there was a crash, followed by the shrieks of the wounded.

Motorman Morgan, after reversing the power jumped from his car, it is said, and broke his arm, while Motorman Whalen stuck to his motor, and by some lucky chance escaped serious injury. His face was swollen, however, and he was unable to be out yesterday.

James T. O'Hearn tells the following story concerning the affair:

"I was on the rear platform of car No. 27. I stood back to the car and facing the dashboard. Conductor Sullivan faced the front. We had gone about 400 yards over the city line when all of a sudden the conductor exclaimed 'Oh, God! A head-on collision!' I turned quickly. The cars were then right together. I braced my back against the car and put both feet against the dashboard. Just as I did, the crash came. The conductor was thrown against the car with terrible force and he began to bleed, but he was conscious so jumped off to assist those who were shrieking. One little girl who was on the front platform of car No. 12 was pinned in back of the controller box and she was bleeding from the head and mouth. We shoved the cars apart a little and got her out. I saw another man pinned down and I helped pull him out of a window. I then ran and pulled the trolleys off the wire for fear some one would get shocked. I then ran to North Chelmsford to call a doctor and telephone to Lowell for the ambulance, but I had been delayed at the wreck in relieving the injured and already someone was ahead of me, calling for aid. Most of the people in the mill special were girls and women. We were running at an ordinary rate of speed, but the other car must have been going fast, for it was an awful collision. Everyone was thrown in a heap."

The wounded were all properly cared for by Dr. Meigs, Dr. Ricker and Dr. Varney.

Supt. Warren of the Truant school was also on hand and rendered assistance.

The street railway people did all they could to relieve the injured and soon cleared the wreck away.

It took the power of another car to pull the cars apart, so tightly were they dovetailed into each other. Neither car left the rails. The cars were running their regular Saturday trips without any difference excepting the important consideration that they were using a single track beyond the city line, the other not having been opened.

Conductors Sullivan and Hodges and Motorman Whalen were before the street railway officials Saturday night and an investigation was begun.

What came out during the investigation has not been made public, but it is understood that Conductor Hodges testified that the first thing he knew in connection with the affair, was when he felt the reverse put on his car by Motorman Morgan. It was only a second after that the crash came.

He was in the car at the time and escaped unhurt.

Although Mororman Morgan was not present, it was said by others that he had made the statement that he put on the reverse, but that it did not work well, owing to the slippery condition of the rail, the heavy freight and the headway of the car.

One of the street railway men who assisted in clearing away the wreck stated that he found the reverse on on No. 12, because he tried to shift it and couldn't.

Motorman Whalen had also reversed the power on his car, but the momentum of the car, as in the case of the other, was too great to be overcome, before the crash came.

OLD FOLKS' CONCERT

GIVEN IN ASSOCIATE HALL LAST EVENING.

The Old Folks' Concert, given in Associate hall last night, was attended by a large audience who were well pleased with the various numbers and applauded every selection. The chorus numbers, given under the direction of T. F. Molloy were finely rendered. Mrs. John McNabb sang "The Pretty Girl Milking Her Cow," and "Grandmother's Advice," and so delighted the audience that she was encored. Miss Louise McLaughlin sang, "O Happy Young Heart," and her sweet soprano voice was charming. Miss Nano Gallagher, whose delightful contralto voice appeals to all, sang a pretty lullaby, and for encore gave the "Bird Song," whose two selections merited the great applause. C. F. Cahnan opened the program with "Cousin Jedediah," and his number in the second part, "Uncle Joe" called forth applause. J. J. Hanlon's two selections, both well given, were "Palm Branches," and "Then You'll Remember Me." William F. Thornton was greeted with applause when he sang, "Jeremiah, Blow the Fire."

Fine job printing done at this office.

A FIREMENS' BILL

A Big Delegation Went to Boston Today

TO SPEAK IN FAVOR OF THE MEASURE

What Gen. Sherwin Has to Say.

Lowell firemen are greatly interested in a bill which was discussed before the legislative committee today. It provides that call firemen at the date of the passage of the act, may, on application, be placed upon the eligible list without examination, for positions as regular men. Call firemen who are appointed after the passage of the act must take a civil service examination before they will be eligible for the permanent list. It is the intention of the call firemen to appoint a committee to represent them at the legislative hearing...

General Sherwin of the state board of civil service commission was in Lowell Saturday in relation to the recent clerical examination. He was asked if the state commission would oppose the Lowell bill. He said:

"The board does not appear at hearings unless requested. The commission was requested to give its views when the Cambridge fire department was under consideration. The Lowell fire department is now under civil service law. Allowance in age is made for men who have served five years or more as call men. If the Lowell bill should become a law, there is no provision for excepting men who are not physically qualified for positions as permanent firemen. With the allowance in age for service, I cannot see anything unfair in the present law."

Quite a delegation of Lowell men went to Boston today to appear at the hearing which they were notified would take place today.

The members of the fire department held a meeting in Wyman's Exchange yesterday afternoon. James F. Norton presided and George Salmon was secretary. Mr. Norton, speaking of the city council's action in placing the department under civil service rules, said:

"There are 101 call and 71 permanent firemen in Lowell. The former are going every year nearer the age limit. Four members of the board of engineers have passed the civil service age limit, yet they have run in the department since they were school boys.

"It is very well for Boston and the cities around it to have civil service rules, but we can take care of ourselves in Lowell without them. We never send out of town for aid when we have a big fire to handle. If the department had had civil service men on the night of the big storm I do not believe that half of them would have responded to the fire. Yet our little band started out and some of them remained until 3 in the afternoon without a murmur.

"The civil service rules may let in men not fit to be firemen. Each man now appoints his own substitute, and if he does not show a good record, he goes out."

Hon. Charles D. Palmer was present, and said that he was unqualifiedly in favor of the bill. He offered valuable suggestions, and said that he would appear personally before the committee except for the fact that he is a member of a state board.

Rep. Ramsay asked whether there were any amendments to suggest to the bill as it read.

Mr. Norton replied that there were, that some of the firemen wished to leave the matter of appointment to the board of engineers or to the Mayor, upon recommendation of the engineers.

Mr. Ramsay stated that there would be no difficulty in obtaining a new draft of the bill with amendments. He did not believe that the aldermen ever intended to shut out any firemen who had served in the department.

Representatives Hayes, Lang, and Draper spoke in favor of the bill.

DEATHS.

HILL—Mrs. Ann Hill, wife of Thomas Hill, died at her home, 773 Central street, yesterday, aged 64 years. Beside her husband, she leaves one son, Thomas F. Hill of the Waverley and one daughter, Mrs. M. J. McCann.

BOWERS—Mr. Darius Bowers died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Amos Kendall, 12 Washington street, Sunday, Feb. 13, aged 77 years, 23 days.

He leaves a wife and two sons, Rev. Edwin D. Bowers of East Norton, Mass., and Albert M. Bowers of Newark, N. J.; also three daughters, Mrs. Nelson Hampstead of New Haven, Conn., Mrs. David H. Jones, and Mrs. Amos Kendall of Lowell.

CORRIVEAU—Marie Von Wyemerbz Corriveau, aged 38 years, wife of Louis Corriveau, bookbinder, whose place of business is in The Sun building, died Saturday afternoon at her home, on Davidson street. The deceased was a very industrious woman and was actively engaged in the bookbinding business with her husband. She was a devout Catholic, and a regular attendant at St. Joseph's church.

Besides her husband, she leaves one young son, Joseph Corriveau.

FARLEY—Mrs. Ellen Farley, aged 22 years, died in Montreal February 2. She was the youngest daughter of the late Cornelius Farley of Tingwick, P. Q. Besides a mother she leaves four sons and four daughters to mourn her loss. Funeral services took place from St. Anne's church, Danville, P. Q., Friday morning, February 4, where Fr. Mason celebrated a solemn high mass of requiem.

BERKINHEAD—Mary E. Berkinhead, wife of John Birkenhead, an employe of the Lowell & Suburban power house, died Saturday night at her home, 1415 Middlesex street, at the age of 31 years. Besides her husband the deceased leaves five children.

HENNOTTE—Mrs. Rosanna Hennotte, wife of Dr. Hennotte, ex-councilman from old ward five, died Saturday night at her home, 20 James street. Deceased leaves a husband and two daughters.

DEIGNAN—Michael Deignan, infant son of Thomas and Lizzie Deignan, died Sunday morning at the home of his parents, corner Cedar and Central streets, aged 7 months, 26 days.

TAPLIN—Miss Carrie M. Taplin, aged 22 years, died at the home of her parents, Charles and Emily C. Taplin, No. 334 Bridge street, Staurday evening.

SAXON—James Saxon died Saturday night at his home, 77 Adams street, aged 71 years.

PARTY AT NORTH CHELMSFORD.

Saturday night, the young ladies employed in the stitching department of the Lawrence Hosiery held their second annual party at North Chelmsford Town Hall. A concert was given, after which dancing was enjoyed by 100 couples.

Fine job printing done at this office.

2 O'CLOCK

A HOUSE THIEF

Caught by Inspectors Allen and Donaldson.

WANTED FOR ROBBERY COMMITTED LAST MAY.

Greeks Had a Bloody Fight Saturday.

There was money around Saturday. Everyone who knew it was around or about either, will answer, and the police on the night shifts Saturday went out prepared for bother, for without attempting to discuss the whys and wherefores or assign any cause for the fact, it is nevertheless a fact that when money is free, drunks are numerous and arrests are frequent, whether or not the city is under a license or no-license regime.

When the drinking population have money, they'll drink, and nothing in the line of moral suasion can stop them.

There were 24 drunks in, which is quite a large number and almost equal to that of the old times, when from 20 to 50 was the usual run in court on Monday. One of them, it is said, was a woman whose condition when discovered necessitated covering her with a horse blanket.

GREEKS MET GREEKS.

All the excitement of Saturday night fell to the lot of Officers Dan Cogger and John O'Connell, who ran up against a bloody Greek row on Jefferson street.

It seems that five of them jointly own furniture in one room. On Saturday three of them wanted to move, while two didn't. In a very few moments a couple of knives and a hatchet were in evidence and four Greeks were covered with blood, one of them receiving a hatchet cut across the back of his head, that was several inches in length. Officers Cogger and O'Connell landed the fighting four.

ARRESTED IN SALEM.

The police received a telephone message from Salem Saturday night that a man apparently from Lowell, was taken from the 6.05 train from Boston the night before and lodged at the station. He is 5 feet, 8 inches high, with dark clothes bought in Lowell, with had a ticket from Boston to Lowell in his pocket. He seemed to see and hear everything all right but had no speech.

Back in May, 1897, a man and woman giving their names as Rowell and Mary Armstrong hired rooms at the old Wellman block on Bridge street, with the family of Charles A. Foye, who conduct a boarding house. One morning shortly after their arrival, Mrs. Foye went out, leaving no one in the house but the Armstrongs. When she returned she found the rooms ransacked and property taken to the amount of $200. The Armstrongs were not located until last Fall.

At that time Inspector Allen of this city found that the woman was living with Armstrong's mother in Roxbury. Going there he received some of the property and Mrs. Armstrong received four years in Sherborn.

This morning Inspectors Allen and Donaldson arrested Armstrong and Patrick Lofties, claiming to reside in Waltham, on Middlesex street, the latter for being a suspicious person.

Armstrong admits the theft but will not say anything about the stolen property. He had a pawn ticket for a watch in a Boston store in his possession. Armstrong is quite well known as a short distance runner.

NEW CHAPEL.

OPENED AT STATE ALMSHOUSE BY OBLATE FATHERS.

Yesterday morning at the appointed hour the new and beautiful chapel of the state almshouse was crowded by a large number of inmates, as well as the attendants and the superintendent of the institution, Dr. Nichols, and other members of the staff at at 9.30 a. m., when a solemn high mass was begun, Rev. Fr. Campeau, O.M.I., former Catholic chaplain of the institution, being celebrant. He was assisted by Rev. Fr. Fletcher, O.M.I., and Rev. Brother Pleurde, O.M.I., as deacon and sub-deacon, respectively.

Excellent singing and music were furnished by the choir of St. Andrew's church, Billerica. The decorations were beautiful and very appropriate for the occasion, consisting principally of natural flowers selected from the greenhouse of the institution.

The sermon of the occasion was by Rev. Fr. Nolin, O.M.I., the former professor of the University of Ottawa, Canada. He took his text from II Parap. ix. 12: "I will choose this place for a house of sacrifice." He began by telling his audience that no doubt their hearts overflowed with joy and happiness on this festive occasion. Great must also be their gratitude on this day for the authorities of the institution who had provided for them such a beautiful place of worship; for the reverend fathers who attended to their spiritual wants with such self-sacrificing devotedness, and especially for their God, who had treated them with such liberal kindness.

THE NEW COLLARS and cuffs for spring are going like the wind.

Six shapes in standing and turn-over collars—new spring styles, including the high turn-over; all sizes; warranted 4 ply.

Collars, 4 for 25 cents, or 75 cents a dozen.

Cuffs, 3 pairs for 25 cents, or $1.00 a dozen.

See them, wear them, find out how good they are. There's a surprise for you.

PUTNAM & SON,
No. 166 CENTRAL STREET.

America's Greatest
Medicine is
Hood's Sarsaparilla,
Which absolutely
Cures every form of
Impure blood, from
The pimple on your
Face to the great
Scrofula sore which
Drains your system.
Thousands of people
Testify that Hood's
Sarsaparilla cures
Scrofula, Salt Rheum,
Dyspepsia, Malaria
Catarrh, Rheumatism
And That Tired
Feeling. Remember this
And get Hood's
And only Hood's.

Interest will commence March 1st on deposits made on or before Thursday March 3d, in the
Savings Department
OF THE
Traders' National Bank
At the rate per annum of..... **4 per cent.** Compounded Semi-Annually.
HOURS { Daily 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. Saturdays { 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.
30 Middlesex street, 11 Post Office Avenue.
Chas. J. Glidden, Pres.
Wm. F. Hills, Cashier.

$7 TO $15
GOOD ORGANS for above prices.
Call at once. Must have the room.
GEORGE A. GARDNER,
30 Prescott Street.

FOR A GENERAL STRIKE

Extraordinary Scheme for Aiding New Bedford Strikers Adopted.

Decided at a Conference at Boston Yesterday—To Ask All Cotton Operatives to Stop Work—The Plan Not Popular in New Bedford.

Boston, Feb. 14.—At a meeting in this city of 55 representatives of textile unions in New England, it was unanimously voted to recommend to all unions to call out the operatives in every mill in New England.

The meeting was practically the outcome of the recommendation which President Gompers made to the Federation of Labor last Sunday, in which he urged the different unions to unite on a settled policy regarding the mill situation in New England. At that meeting a committee of three was appointed to take charge of the matter, and after a conference this committee recommended that a general meeting be held to take definite action.

Sunday the representatives of the various textile unions assembled in the Wells Memorial hall and for four hours discussed the situation from every standpoint. The primary object of the meeting was to devise some method of rendering assistance to the New Bedford strikers. It was pointed out that if the strikers could hold out for four weeks without receiving more than 20 cents per operative per week in the way of outside assistance, other operatives could stand a similar strain, and that if all went out it would precipitate a crisis which would have to be met within a short time by the manufacturers. It was also shown that the mule spinners were in most excellent shape as regards funds, that the United Textile workers, and the New England Federation of Weavers were also in good shape, but that the rest were short of funds.

Other questions were also discussed and at length the matter was put to a vote, and no one was registered as against the motion that the different unions should order a general strike in every cotton mill in New England until a satisfactory adjustment of wages could be arranged.

It now remains for the various national unions to take action on the recommendation, but just what this action will be is a matter of conjecture. If all should acquiesce and vote to strike, 147,000 operatives would undoubtedly cease work, and the manufacture of cotton goods throughout New England would be at a standstill. If, on the other hand, only a few unions vote to strike, the refusal of the others may still keep a larger portion of the mills in operation. Inasmuch, however, as the meeting was the outcome of President Gompers' suggestions and as he admonished the members of the Federation of Labor to join hands and assist the New Bedford strikers, it seems probable that nearly every union will carry out the recommendations, and that one of the greatest strikes ever seen in this country is impending.

Both of the Biddeford delegates believed that all of the mills in New England should be closed as soon as possible, as this would lead to an earlier settlement in the cities where strikes were in operation. They said they went into the fight against the reduction because the wages paid were lower than self-respecting men or women should be compelled to work for. They also stated that the storerooms in their city were nearly empty, and that if a general strike were ordered the manufacturers would be forced to give in.

NOT A POPULAR PLAN.

New Bedford, Mass., Feb. 14.—From the point of view of the New Bedford strikers the action taken by the conference in Boston is scarcely calculated to be received with joy, inasmuch as it is against the policy adopted at the meetings of the executive committee of the National Spinners' union—to wit, that New Bedford should be made the battleground, and until the conclusion of the strike here the other textile centers should remain at work, thereby acquiring the means to assist the New Bedford operatives in their struggle. Then, at the conclusion of New Bedford's fight, the plan was, whether New Bedford won or lost, the strike against the general reduction should be extended, in one district at a time, until the whole of New England had been covered. In view of this plan, which, at the time of its adoption, seemed to meet with general acquiescence, the action of the conference is a direct shift of tactics.

Secretary Cunnane of the general strike council reports on the collections received up to 9 p. m. Saturday. The total amount for the week was $1,475.40, as against $1,345.64 for the previous week, or an increase of $130.31.

Daniel De Leon, the exponent of the principles of the socialist labor party, Sunday afternoon closed the series of meetings which he has addressed in the interest of his party. The meetings held in Howland chapel Saturday afternoon and Sunday were not so largely attended as was the city hall meeting Friday night, and they were attended, for the most part, by those who profess the socialist faith. As a result of these meetings a branch of the Socialist Trade and Labor alliance has been formed. This is the new movement vouched for by the socialists, and its fundamental principle is the wiping out of the capitalist class at the ballot box rather than the settlement of the differences between capital and labor by strikes. Notwithstanding the attitude of the socialists generally toward strikes, they declare that they wish to do nothing to injure the present strike, but after it is over, then they want the socialists to exert their influence at the polls.

AN AWFUL DEATH

Mrs. Levy Killed in an Elevator

IN A MOST REMARKABLE MANNER.

Fell Out of the Door While Dizzy.

New York, Feb. 14.—Mrs. Arthur Levy, wife of a member of the wholesale clothing firm of Hays, Goldberg & Co., was killed in the elevator at the Holland hotel Sunday. The accident was most extraordinary, and is probably without a parallel in the long list of elevator casualties that have occurred since the invention of that vehicle.

A party of ladies, of which Mrs. Levy was one, had accepted an invitation of H. C. Marks, a St. Louis merchant, to go to the Holland House, where he was a guest, and look at a display of photographs which he had gathered. Mr. Marks escorted the ladies to the elevator and gave orders to have them shown to the parlor.

On entering the elevator Mrs. Levy placed her hand upon her forehead and complained of dizziness to her companions. Before they could reply the elevator boy had closed the door of the shaft, gripped his lever and the car shot up with a bound. Almost at the same instant Mrs. Levy reeled and fell with her head out of the door. The elevator was about an inch and a half from the walls of the shaft and as far as the solid walls would permit her head extended out.

There was a quick, sickening crash, and the boy with a dexterous move brought his car to a stop at the first floor. It was too late. Mrs. Levy lay lifeless on the bottom of the elevator, her head crushed in as if by a heavy bludgeon. It had been struck by the slight projection of the first floor into the elevator shaft.

THIS WEEK IN CONGRESS.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The greater share of the senate's attention this week will be given to the annexation treaty. Its friends have succeeded in securing quite general assent from senators in charge of other measures that the treaty shall be given practical right of way until the senators who want to speak upon it can be heard, and until a vote can be secured which practically will decide its fate.

Wednesday the house will enter upon the consideration of the bankruptcy bill which the majority of the judiciary committee has reported as a substitute for the Nelson bill, passed by the senate at the extra session last summer. Under the order made the bill is to be debated on Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday of this week and voted on Monday of next week at 4 o'clock. The substitute, which the minority contends is practically the old Torey bill, including both the voluntary and involuntary features, will be opposed by the united Democrats and Populist opposition, but if there shall not be appreciable defection from the ranks of the majority, the measure will pass. The Democrats and Populists are both favorable to the passage of a bill for voluntary bankruptcy, but have always vigorously opposed the Torrey and other bills including an involuntary feature, claiming that its purpose is practically to create a law for the collection of debts.

NO EVIDENCE OF NEGLIGENCE.

Boston, Feb. 14.—The report of Buildings Commissioner John S. Damrell on the Merrimac street fire which resulted in the death of six firemen was submitted to the mayor Saturday. A fire in October, 1893, partially destroyed the roof, and repairs were made under the supervision of the building department. It cannot be questioned that the floor timbers on the fourth and fifth floors were charred to some extent, but it is equally clear these floors did not collapse. As the girders were reinforced, the commissioner finds no reason to charge the local man who inspected the work of having been negligent.

The heavy snow on the roof, together with the enormous amount of water which the merchandise absorbed, made a weight of 160 tons. The momentum of the fall of the roof with its sudden shock broke the girders and floor timbers, which were subjected to a weight beyond the factor of safety. This in turn carried down the fourth, third and other floors.

Beware of Substitutes.

Because of their incomparable curative powers and their great celebrity, there are sold under cover of the high reputation

Of BENSON'S Porous Plaster,

plasters which some unscrupulous druggists offer as being "the same" or "just as good as" the genuine. Do not be deceived. These worthless substitutes are totally unlike the genuine and will disappoint all who are betrayed into buying and using them. BENSON'S is the only strictly medicinal article and never fails to relieve Muscular, Neuralgic, Lung and Chest Pains and Aches, Sprains, Joint and Kidney Affections, etc.

Look for the Three Seals Trademark across face-cloth of the genuine Benson. Price 25 cts.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY

No Parade Will be Held This Year.

THE CONVENTION SO DECIDED YESTERDAY AFTERNOON

But June 21 Will be Observed.

St. Patrick's Day this year will be observed by the Irish societies, but not by a public parade, while arrangements will be made for the elaborate celebration of the memorable battle of Vinegar Hill, when the gallant boys of '98 made their bold stroke of history.

Such decision was arrived at at the well attended and enthusiastic St. Patrick's Day convention held in response to the call of James O'Sullivan and Joseph H. Dallagher in Hibernians' hall. The meeting was long drawn out owing to the instructive but rather tiresome preponderance of parliamentary usage let loose. Mr. O'Sullivan called the meeting to order and expressed pleasure at seeing such a large and representative convention for the old-time convention men were all out in force. The societies invited to attend were: L.I.B.S., Divisions 1, 2, 8, 11, and 28, A. O. H., St. Patrick's Temperance, Mathews, Burkes, Holy Name societies of St. Patrick's, St. Michael's, Immaculate Conception and St. Peter's churches, Y.M.C.L., Y.M.C.L.S., Y.M.C.L., Holy Rosary society of the Sacred Heart church, Wolf Tone Guards, the Celtic Associates, and Irish National Alliance. Those represented and the number of their delegates were: L.I.B.S., 5 delegates; Division 1, A.O.H., 7; Division 2, 7; 8, 7; 11, 7; 28, 5; Mathews, 7; Holy Name, St. Peter's, 7; Immaculate Conception, 6; St. Michael's, 6; Young Men's of St. Michael's, 7; Y.M.C.L., 7; Wolf Tone Guards, 7. Thirteen societies and 81 delegates were present.

The nominations were made of permanent chairman and John J. Mullany of the Mathews was elected. He spoke briefly and then the convention elected Joseph H. Dallagher secretary. On motion of Mr. McGovern, the following committee on resolutions was appointed: John A. O'Hearn, Michael J. Bruin, Walter V. Hickey.

Charles Callahan then, to start the discussion, made a motion that the day be celebrated by a public parade. The motion was discussed and it was decided to defer action until after the committee had reported its resolutions. A recess was taken, after which John A. O'Hearn of the committee reported the resolutions given below. His reading was received with applause and the resolutions were unanimously accepted and adopted.

Then the matter of a parade was taken up again and a motion was made by Mr. O'Sullivan that a parade be held on March 17. John J. Lonergan wished to amend the motion to read that the celebration be had in June. Several members discussed these points and finally Mr. O'Sullivan's motion to parade was defeated by a vote of 21 ayes to 43 nays.

An attempt was made to adjourn without making any arrangements for a '98 celebration, but James O'Sullivan stopped the proceedings by suggesting that a committee of 25 be appointed to consider a form of celebration. Jas. Flood of the Y.M.C.I. suggested that the committee adjourn to a later date in order that all delegates may have time to receive instruction on the matter from their respective societies.

It was finally voted to adjourn to the first Sunday in March when the matter will be acted upon. A rising vote of thanks was then tendered Messrs. O'Sullivan and Dallagher for having called the convention, after which the convention dissolved.

THE RESOLUTION.

Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the convention:—This is the centennial of the men of '98. It is meet, therefore, that we, the representatives of the Irish societies of the city of Lowell, in convention, assembled, while again pledging ourselves to this, our adopted country, its constitution, laws and customs, should honor those martyred heroes.

One hundred years ago, the cruelty and injustice of English government in Ireland brought into public life that purely brave and spotless hero, that brilliant student and orator, Robert Emmett. His name and the glorious heroism of his career has served as an inspiration to the Irish race the world over. Let us hope that the day is not far distant when the freedom of our fatherland, the Emerald Isle, will enable us to unite with our fellow-countrymen in erecting a proud monument to his sacred memory. Glancing over the history of that troubled period, made doubly memorable by the crimsoned battlefields we look with pride to the tried and true records of our forefathers and with hate and bitterness at the murder, rapine and plunder of the minions of the government under the direction of the infamous Castlereagh. The blood of Ireland, even though generations removed from a birthright in the dear old land must thrill with enthusiasm in reading of the battles which crimsoned the soil of Ireland with the blood of a nation's heroes. No wonder the poet queried when he wrote the lines:

"Who fears to speak of '98?
Who blushes at the name?
When cowards mocked at patriots' fate
Who hangs his head for shame?"

The lives of heroes like Wolfe Tone, Robert Emmett, the brothers John and Henry Shears, General Holt, Napper Tandy, Michael Durgin, Henry Joy McCracken, Lord Edward Fitzgerald, Thomas Addis Emmett, William Sampson, A. H. Ronan, Arthur O'Connor, and thousands of others less prominent but not less brave or determined in the cause of freedom, are a glorious heritage for us. Well may we repeat the lines of the Rev. M. Torrey, who wrote:

"Though Tudor's kings have passed away,
Though Stuart's reign has passed;
We're Irish still, as ere their sway,
And will be to the last."

No wonder the blood of Irishmen would boil over and that the land produces men whose lives are devoted to keeping alive that desire for freedom among the Irish race and hating England as intensely as did the heroes of '98. The history of the time is overflowing with the treachery of those who pretended to be our sponsors or protectors.

The following extract from an account of the trial of Peter Finnerty, editor of the Press, is significant in this connection:

"The death of Mr. Orr, the nation has pronounced one of the most sanguinary and savage acts that has disgraced the laws. In perjury did you not hear my lord was given? Perjury, accompanied with terror as terror has marked every step of our government. Vengeance and desolation were to fall on those who would not plunge themselves in blood. These were not strong enough. Against the express law of the land, not only was drink introduced to the jury, but drunkenness itself, beastly and criminal drunkenness, was employed to procure the murder of a better man than any that now surrounds you."

The above extract is from a letter published in the press of that time, dealing with the cold, though outrageous facts in the trial of William Orr. For its publication, Finnerty was imprisoned for two years and compelled to stand in the pillory for one hour.

Such facts as the foregoing, coupled with the floggings, the walking gallows, the murders and assassinations, the pillage, robbery, and the desecration of homes by the brutal hirelings acting in the name of the government, served to kindle in the breasts of Irishmen a feeling which burns today as keenly as it did one hundred years ago. No wonder, then, that we honor, revere and will ever cherish the memory of our fellow countrymen who opposed oppression with voice and sword and pen. No wonder, then, that we Irishmen, in convention assembled, should desire to go in spirit to Santry, Vinegar Hill, The Scalp, Bollinstown, Cave Hill Windy Gap and to a hundred other battlefields where the gallant peasants fought the English yeomen, and placing garlands and wreaths upon the graves of our martyred heroes, offer a fervent prayer that they may enjoy eternal peace.

Therefore, Be it—

Resolved—That we commemorate, June 21, the centennial anniversary of the battle of Vinegar Hill in a manner befitting the memories of the heroes of that day, in our halls as individual societies or collectively in the name of the Irish people of Lowell;

Resolved—That we congratulate our fellow citizens throughout this broad land on having sidetracked and slain the bigoted monster that stalked its plains in the name of patriotism. Thank God, this country will still be governed by the people for the people. The work of George Washington was not in vain;

Resolved—That we have observed with regret a growing indifference on the part of the Irish societies in the attendance at the St. Patrick's Day convention. We strongly urge the importance of perpetuating this custom. The observance of the birth of the patron saint of Ireland will not lessen our love for the Stars and Stripes. In our devotion to the new flag, let us not forget the old;

Resolved—That as American citizens, we are unalterably opposed to the enactment of an arbitration treaty with England;

Resolved—That while the proposed legislation outlined in the speech from the throne before the British Parliament, promising local government to Ireland is a step in the right direction but it will never satisfy the aspirations of the Irish race;

Resolved—That we rejoice in the harmonious agreement arrived at between the two wings of the Irish parliamentary party and recommend to them the consideration of Tone's lines on Erin united:

"Then let us remember our madness no more;
What we lost by dissension let union restore;
Let us firmly unite and our covenant be
Together to fall or together be free."

—John A. O'Hearn,
Michael J. Bruin,
Walter V. Hickey,
Committee on resolutions.

AN INHERITANCE LAW.

Council Bluff, Ia., Feb. 14.—Judge Thornell of the district court has decided the state law taxing collateral inheritances to be unconstitutional. The law was passed at the last session of the legislature, becoming effective Oct. 1, last. It provides for a 5 percent tax on all bequests other than to direct heirs. The law was attacked on the ground that it was in contravention of the fourteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States in that it took property without due process of law. Judge Thornell rendered a verbal opinion declaring that the law was unconstitutional on the ground taken by the plaintiff, as well as because the law contained no provision for annuities. An appeal will be taken by the state.

Fine job printing done at this office.

Bon Ami
THE NEW CLEANER
POLISHES A WINDOW A MINUTE.
All Grocers.

ONE OF THE FINEST
Crocery Stores
In this city can be had at a very low figure of the modernly equipped and up-to-date, on once. All main streets. Call at
DONOVAN & MANSUR'S,
Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central street, Lowell, Mass. Telephone 400-4.

ALLAN LINE.
Portland to Liverpool.
STATE OF NEBRASKA, Feb. 17, 8 a. m.
STATE OF NEBRASKA, March 24, 11 a.m.
Cabin, $52.50; Second Cabin, $34.
Steerage, $22.50; Prepaid, $25.50.
Glasgow to Boston
Via Derry and Galway.
Second Cabin, $31.50. Steerage, $25.50.
APPLY TO
H. & A. ALLAN, 92 State St., Boston
DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton St., Lowell.

Dominion Line BOSTON SERVICE
(U. S. and Royal Mail Steamer)
S. S. "CANADA" (New.)
9000 Tons, is intended to sail from Boston as follows for Queenstown and Liverpool:
SATURDAY, FEB. 19, 8.30 A. M.
SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 12, Noon.
Saloon passage $50 and upwards, according to location. Second cabin very superior accommodations, $42.50; round passage, $78.37. Steerage passage $25.50.
PORTLAND-LIVERPOOL Service
S. S. Labrador sails Wednesday, Feb. 2nd at 1 p. m. Vancouver sails Saturday, Feb. 12 at 1 p. m. Low passage rates. Saloon, $50, Second Cabin, $34. Steerage, $22.50. For passage, plans, etc., apply to company's office, 103 State St., Boston, or to local agents, Denis Murphy, 18 Appleton street, Lowell, F. B. Leeds, 5 Bridge street, Lowell.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MIDDLESEX, SS.

PROBATE COURT.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of George Broomhead, late of Lowell in said county, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for probate by John W. McEvoy, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Cambridge in said county of Middlesex, on the eighth day of February, A. D. 1898, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day, at least, before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-sixth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

S. H. FOLSOM, Register.

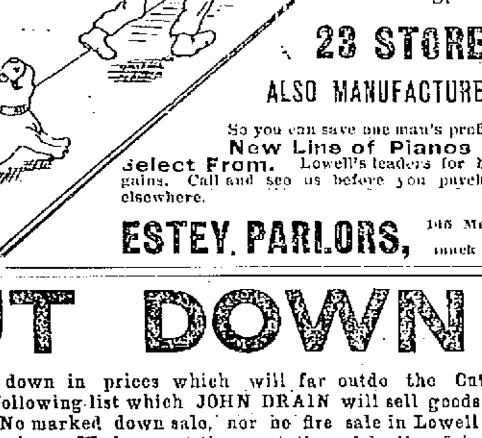
A Sponge Bath is most refreshing - does most good, when FAIRY SOAP is used. PURE-WHITE - FLOATING
THE SOAP OF THE CENTURY
Made in three convenient sizes.
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York.
FAIRY

Still Moving Towards the Top

While others follow. Such low prices as the

Estey Co.

are making and such liberal terms were never heard of in Lowell



OPERATORS OF 23 STORES
ALSO MANUFACTURERS

So you can save one man's profit. New Line of Pianos to Select From. Lowell's leaders for bargains. Call and see us before you purchase elsewhere.

ESTEY PARLORS, 146 Merrimack St.

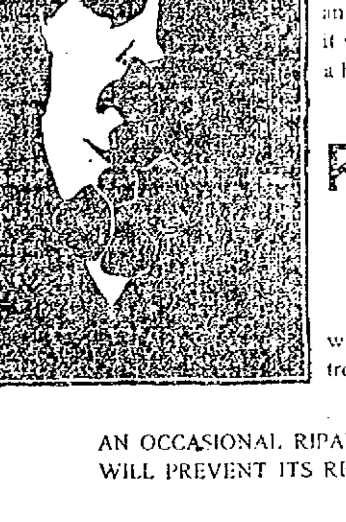
CUT DOWN

But this is a cut down in prices which will far outdo the Cut in wages. Read the following list which JOHN DRAIN will sell goods for the next 10 days. No marked down sale, nor no fire sale in Lowell can compare with our prices. We have got the reputation of dealing fair and square, and at any expense we will defend this reputation. Everything will be sacrificed for 10 days and for 10 days only.

1000 yards Crash, worth 6½c. for this sale, 3½c.
1000 yards Heavy Domets, worth 10c., for this sale, 6½c.
39c. Bleached Damask for this sale 25c.
39c. Red Damask for this sale 23c.
A good Red Damask for this sale 10c.
10c. Black Linen Thread for this sale 4c.
1500 yds. Cotton Thread for this sale 10c.
Clark Machine Cotton for this sale 3c. Only 1-2 dozen to customer.
Clark's Crochet Cotton, all colors, for this sale 4c. Only 1-2 dozen to customer.
10c. Machine Oil for this sale 5c.
15c. Vaseline for this sale 9c.
Bay Rum and Florida Water for this sale 10 and 15c.
Fancy Soap, 10c. quality, for this sale 3 for 5c.
Men's 38c. Heavy Woolen Hose for this sale 21c.
Men's 23c. Heavy Woolen Hose for this sale 12½c.
Men's 25 38, 50 and 75c. Heavy Gloves, now 12 1-2c., 19c., 25c., and 38c. Only one half price in every instance.
1 lot Children's Feather Caps, was 50c. for this sale 15c.
Children's Nice Astrachans, worth 75c., for this sale 35c.
Children's 25c. Colored Bonnets and Woolen Tabs, now 5c.
Children's Nice Silk and Woolen Hoods, worth 50c., 75c. and $1. for this sale 25c. and 38c. Handsome goods.
$1.75 Trimmed Hats and Turbans for this sale 75c.
$4.75 Trimmed Hats and Turbans for this sale $1.98. Only a few to sell.
25 dozen Ladies' extra large White Nurse Aprons, worth 38c., for this sale 21c.
Ladies' 38c. and 49c. extra size Vest and Pants for this sale 25c.
Men's Good Suspenders 10c. Good Pins 2c. paper. 10c. Pins 4c. Machine Cotton, 3 spools for 5c. only. 100 yds. spool.
1 lot 25c. Towels for this sale 15c.
1 lot $1 25 Nice Wrappers for this sale 75c.
Men, Ladies' and Children's Underwear at less than cost. Thousands of other bargains await you at

J. DRAIN'S, 111 GORHAM ST.
OPEN EVENINGS.

Black Spots BEFORE YOUR Eyes



BLACK SPOTS BEFORE YOUR EYES! You see half the picture on the page, while the other half is blurred. You have had such an experience. By and by it will pass away, and then a headache comes.

R·I·P·A·N·S Tabules

will drive away the whole trouble in twenty minutes.

AN OCCASIONAL RIPANS TABULE WILL PREVENT ITS RETURN.

TEETH No Charge For Extracting

Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $10 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial Teeth without plates; also Roofless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted—no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Not open Evenings

$5 to $10 a Set

DR. J. K. RICKELLSON, Painless Dentists, Rooms 24, 16, 57, Runels' Bl'g, cor. Merr'k & Bridge

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Golden Cream
India Pale Ale
And Porter.

OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE
JOHN LENNON & CO., AND
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.

They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.

Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.

The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:

JOHN LENNON & CO.
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It can also be found at the following places:

JNO. H. BURKE.
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FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
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M. STEINERT & Sons Co.
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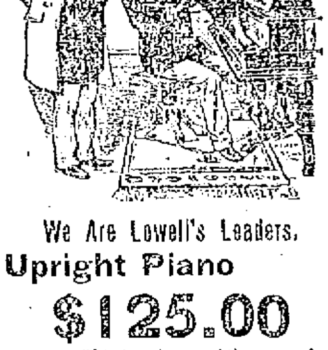


We Are Lowell's Leaders.
Upright Piano
$125.00

This is only one of the many bargains we are offering. Call and see our elegant line, PEASE, BRAUMULLER, GABLER AND HARDMAN.

STEINERT'S PIANOS

SAVOY THEATRE
WILL OPEN MONDAY, FEB. 7
Devoted to Vaudeville Exclusively.
Four shows a day will be given.
Matinee, 2.30, 4.00.
Evening, 7.45, 9.15.
Balcony, 10c.; Orchestra, 25c.; Ladies, afternoons, 10c. best seats; school children Saturday afternoons, 5c. D. R. TUCKER.

NEW MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.
Tonight at 8 O'clock,
and Tuesday and Wednesday,
I. D. F. RUSH'S
Bon Ton Burlesquers
Presenting two new satires, "The Matrimonial Bureau," and "Vassar Girls in Camp." Magnificent scenery. 20 lovely girls 20; 10 big specialty acts 10.
Thursday, Friday and Saturday Evenings and Saturday Matinee, Feb. 17, 18, 19.
THE SUCCESS OF THE SEASON,
A TRIP TO CONEY ISLAND
A comedy vaudeville introducing the Yellow Kid at Coney Island. Pretty girls, handsome costumes and elegant scenery. A show for fun and laughter.

END YOUR TROUBLES.
SCHOEFFLER'S DYSPEPSIA CURE.
Great food digester, quickly cures Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Gastritis and all stomach disorders. In female stomach troubles cause irregularities. Schoeffler's Dyspepsia Cure promptly relieves them. 25c. at druggists. Importers, Wholesale Schoeffler Phar. Co., Newark, N. J. Pamphlet free.

CITY'S EXPENSES

Estimates for the Various Departments

BY THE MAYOR AND THE COMMITTEE.

Where the Cut Down Takes Effect.

The committee on appropriations made another attempt Saturday to determine the amount needed by the different departments to meet current expenses. Those who attended the meeting besides the committee were Abel Wheeler, City Clerk Dadman, Supt. Cheney, J. W. W. Tilton and City Librarian Chase.

The committee will recommend $2000 for the city messenger's department. The expenses last year were $1733.22.

The Mayor's estimate of $2500 for Huntington hall will be recommended. The expenses last year were $5109.44.

For the heating of City Hall $5500 will be allowed. The Mayor estimated $6000 for that and the Memorial Building, the amount asked. Last year's expenses were $1510.93.

The sum of $7500 was asked for the care of City Hall. The Mayor's estimate was $7200 and it will be recommended.

The Mayor's own estimate of $5000 was taken for his department.

A recommendation of $9515.31 for the treasurer's department was allowed.

It is said that $10,000 will cover the incidental expenses, and the $1923 for the milk inspector is the amount asked by him.

The auditor's department cost $3459.15 last year, and $4019.47 was asked for 1898. The Mayor's recommendation of $3500 will be recommended.

The amount due the county on the Lowell and Tyngsboro highway is put at $2513.41. The engineer's department will have the $8000 recommended as asked. The expenses last year were $15,950.20.

A recommendation of $2500 will be made for the department of the purchasing agent.

The law department will be allowed the $7619.73 asked. The Mayor's estimate was $7500. His Honor recommended $16,000 for the library, but the committee believes that only $15,000 can be allowed. The commons must also take a recommendation of $9950 instead of $10,000 asked and recommended by the Mayor. The expense last year was $12,542.55. Other estimates were: City clerk, $5200; elections, $11,500; sewers, $14,000; streets, $130,000.

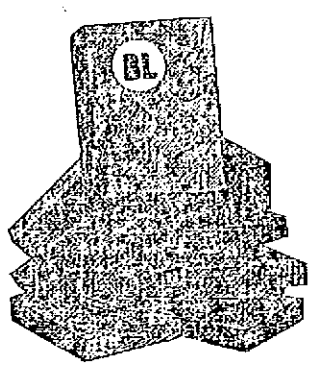
MUSIC HALL.

A company known as the "Bon-Ton Burlesquers," will appear at Music Hall this evening and Tuesday and Wednesday, giving a show of unusual diversification, viz—vaudeville, comic opera, farce and burlesque. The "Bon Tons" carry a splendid company of artists, who are thoroughly entertaining. A bevy of feminine beauty is an attraction with this company and a prettier lot of girls are seldom seen together. Good looks is not their only qualification; they can sing, dance, pose, help to drive dull care away. The first part of the show is a satire called "Matrimonial Bureau"; then comes an olio of superior strength and merit, and the performance is brought to a close with a rip-roaring burlesque, entitled "Vassar Girls in Camp." It satirizes, in a sportive way, the famous war drama, "Secret Service," and gives ample scope to produce mirth and merriment. The scenic and electrical effects are fine.

FOR THE STRIKERS.

Next Thursday evening at Music Hall half of the proceeds of "A Trip to Coney Island" will be contributed to the New Bedford strikers. "A Trip to Coney Island" will also play a comedy vaudeville and introduce the Yellow Kid at Coney Island.

The Captain John Ford society, Children of the American Revolution, held a memorial meeting Saturday afternoon. The exercises consisted of music, a paper on George Washington by Miss Lucy Hall, the secretary, and Miss Caroline Wright read an excellent paper on "Our Flag."



Top of the Heap
in popularity
and sales—

B-L

TOBACCO

in quality and flavor best suits the people. Every tobacco user should investigate what there is about B-L that so pleases the taste.

THE DAILY WORK.

Work Which Can Be Inspected Personally is Always Better Performed Than That Passed Upon From Reports.

It's the daily work of The Little Conqueror.

The workings right here in Lowell.
Lifting burdens from helpless backs.
Bringing sunshine to many a home.
It's deeds that count,
That bring the never-ceasing sounds of praise.

The public are learning fast.
Learning to appreciate merit.
Learning to distinguish between claims and proof.
Home proof is the best proof.
Doan's Kidney Pills are endorsed by Lowell people.

Read what a citizen says:

Mr. G. S. Emerson, of 52 Westford street, endorses Doan's Kidney Pills as follows: He says:

"I have been engaged in the grocery trade in Lowell for twenty years, and during that time I have done a lot of driving. This, if not the immediate cause of my trouble, certainly aggravated it. There was a very tender spot over the left kidney, too frequent action of the kidney secretions, dizziness, headache, and constant backache. I read what Doan's Kidney Pills were doing among sufferers in Lowell and resolved to try a box. I got it from Ellingwood & Co.'s, corner Merrimack and Central streets, and I was surprised with the immediate results. I felt better after only a few doses, and continuing them. I was soon perfectly free of all the aches and pains. The credit is due to Doan's Kidney Pills. You can use my name as much as you like. I have quite an extended acquaintance through driving through your city for twenty-six years, and I will vouch for what they have done for me."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

LOCAL NEWS.

Harris, 10 Appleton street, sells watches and always gives satisfaction.

Thomas J. Lynch, clerk for John H. Nolan is rejoicing over the birth of a daughter.

Rev. D. R. Evans of North Hampton, N. H., who preached at the High street church yesterday, was the guest of Major C. A. Stott.

William Drapeau, foreman for Hon. J. W. Bennett, had his family increased recently by the arrival of a boy and a girl. Mother and children are doing well.

Miss Blanche Baldwin entertained about 16 friends at her home in Nichols street, Saturday. Miss Cora Buckland had charge of the affair, which proved a very enjoyable one. Refreshments were served.

A meeting for teachers and all others interested in the subject discussed will be held in the High school hall, Friday afternoon, February 18, at 4.15 o'clock, and will be addressed by Mr. A. L. Bachelier, master of the Green school, upon the subject of "Local History."

Messrs. Ring & Co., are having a special marked down sale of sewing machines. They need the room for the 1898 line of bicycles and to move their large stock of Sewing Machines quick, have reduced every machine on their floor at cost price. They sell cash or installments, and take old machines in exchange.

PIANO RECITAL.

The pupils of Miss L. Ella Calderwood of 434 High street, gave a piano recital at her home on Saturday afternoon. The young people who took part in the program were:

Grace Griffin, Ethel Kenneston, Louise Diven, Ruth Bradley, Bertha Smith, Clara Flemings, Ruth Wilder, Stella Drury, Pearl Honey, Helen Barnes, Jessie Frost, Inez Turnbull, Arthur Barnes, Alvah Burrage, Herbert Whipple, and George Cochrane.

ST. PETER'S PARISH SOCIABLE.

"The Revel of the Naiads" new and artistic, will be presented for the first time in Lowell at the St. Peter's parish sociable next Thursday night at Associate Hall. The fair Naiads, appropriately costumed, will rival the Naiads of long ago in poetry of motion and beauty of expression. Calcium and electric lights will add to the general effect. A "Children's Garden Party," a lively little cantata, in which seventy-five of the younger children of the Sunday school will take part will be very attractive. A "Pop Corn" dance by tiny tots not more than five years of age, will be introduced; also a plantation dance. The Imperial Minstrel company will appear in their best specialties. After the entertainment, there will be the usual sociable.

MIKE MAHONEY IN THE FIELD.

Michael J. Mahoney, the well known umpire, writes that he has not retired but is ready to accept engagements for the coming season, college as well as professional.

CHADWICK A CANDIDATE.

Colonel Chadwick is reported to be a candidate for police commissioner.

Free vocal concerts daily.

A new and novel idea in the line of up-to-date retailing" at the Bon Marche. A free vocal concert daily by celebrated artists.

Miss Edith White, the celebrated contralto, will sing J. R. Stower's latest hits to the delight of hundreds of her admirers in this city. Words and music of the popular songs worth 50 cents, will be for this week, only 12½ cents per copy.

Hours of entertainment today 2 to 5, and 7 to 9 p. m. All other days, 9 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 5 p. m., except Saturday, when the hours will be 9 to a. m., 2 to 5, and 7 to 9 p. m.

HEART TERRORS vanish in thirty minutes under the magical wand of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. A heart specific, and no case too acute to be dispelled and absolute good health restored. Mrs. Roadhouse of Williscroft, O., writes:—"Cold sweat would stand out on me like beads, so intense were the attacks of heart disease. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart cured me, and today I know nothing of the terrors of this trouble."—53.

Sold by Ellingwood & Co., Central and Merrimack streets, and C. E. Carter, Branch and Smith streets.

Fine job printing done at this office.

LOST WATCH TRACER

HAPPY JACK NELLIGAN AND HIS PECULIAR FACULTY.

A Georgia Expert Who Records the Numbers In Watches With a View to Recovering Them if Lost—Carries the Numbers of 24,000 Watches In His Head.

Colonel J. P. Nelligan, better known as "Happy Jack, the honest man's friend and world's watch recorder and lost watch tracer," is the way one of the most peculiar characters now living in Columbus, Ga., subscribes himself. When it is known that this wonderful man has on his mind the numbers of nearly 24,000 watches, together with the names and addresses of their owners, and is ready at a moment's notice to give them, then it can be realized that he is entitled to the name given himself, and by which he is known by thousands of the most reputable citizens of Georgia and other states.

Happy Jack's peculiar gift of remembering the numbers of watches, names and addresses is remarkable, and he says that it is both natural and acquired. He is a man of medium height, dark hair and mustache, and is of a nervous, quick and excitable temperament, but apparently always in the best of humor except when tracing a lost or stolen watch, when he has little to say to any one and wears a worried look. When "chasing a ticker," as he calls hunting for a lost or stolen watch, he has the appearance of a hypnotist trying to find a hidden article, but this troubled look is gone when the watch is found and his face beams with joy. To use his own language, he "feels just like a fellow when his girl has told him that it is all right." This watch tracing profession occupies almost his entire time, and he is nearly always on the run—the very fastest walking, quickest talking and busiest man in the entire city of Columbus.

A few days ago Happy Jack was seen just after he had recovered a valuable watch for a gentleman living at Talbotton, Ga. This watch was stolen during court week more than two years ago and the gentleman to whom it belonged remembered that a few years ago he had given Mr. Nelligan the number of it. The theft was reported to him at Columbus, and in a few days the watch tracer had recovered the timepiece. Concerning the case Happy Jack said:

"I had a lively chase for the ticker, but I landed it all right. I don't think the owner ever expected to see it again, but he would have had it sooner had he reported the theft to me at the time."

He was asked the number of the watch which he had recovered, and taking out a pencil, he wrote the figures, 103,746, on a piece of paper, writing the last figures first. It is impossible, he claims, for him to call the figures. He can't pronounce them, and always writes them backward, or the last one first. By some strange power he associates the name of the owner with the figures representing the number, and in this way arrives at the proper figures to give. When Happy Jack records the number of a watch, he at the same time gives the owner a nickname, and if 15 ten years afterward before he meets the owner of the watch again he will address him by the nickname given and not by his right name. If asked to give the number of the watch of the gentleman addressed, he will take out his pencil and write it without a moment's hesitation.

While Mr. Nelligan says he has no fears of his memory playing him false, yet he takes the precaution to record on a book the name of the owner of a watch, his address and occupation, the number of watch, together with a description of case, make and movements. When asked why he did this, he replied:

"There's nothing sure in this world except death and taxes, and my memory might 'fluke' on me, and in case it did I'd have my record on my books to fall back on and could proceed with business without interruption. It's always best to stay on the safe side, and that's why people are willing to give me 25 cents to take the number of their watches and find them if lost or stolen. On my books I have the numbers of 23,987 watches recorded, together with the names, addresses and occupations of the owners. I have the numbers of watches from people from all over the world, but of course my largest business comes from among home folks—people who know me. When one wishes me to keep a record of his watch, he must send me the case and movement numbers, and also make of movements, and state whether hunting case or open face. When I do not personally take the number of a watch, I require the owner to have some reputable jeweler indorse his letter. If the watch is lost or stolen, I will try to find it, and I generally succeed. Of course my trade is off when the watch is traded, 'sent across' or the movements changed.

"How did I come to engage in this business? Well, I don't know. Like the fellow who went to preaching the gospel, I reckon I had a call. I've been at it nearly 20 years, and have recovered hundreds of watches, and manage to make a pretty comfortable living, as people generally reward me pretty liberally when I recover a watch. When only a boy, I could remember names and numbers when I'd forget almost everything else. Those just seemed to stick in my head, and I couldn't forget them if I tried. I was about 18 years old when the idea struck me to go into this business."

Any one can take Happy Jack's book and call off the numbers of watches, and he will tell you at once the name and address of owner, and then the owner's name could be called and the wonderful man would immediately write down the figures representing the number of the watch. It was found impossible to trip him. Mr. Nelligan is well thought of in Columbus and has an interesting family of several children, but none of them has so far developed the power possessed by the father.—Special Cor. Washington Post.

Gift of an Orange Orchard.

A lady who wishes to conceal her identity has decided to the Volunteers of America an orange orchard of 20 acres situated at Thermalito, Butte county, Cal. The land is valued at $10,000. Just what disposition will be made of it is unsettled.—New York World.

A Petrified Book.

J. A. Jackson recently found at Hawesville, Ky., what seems to be a petrified book 4 inches long and 2 inches thick. The fossil is of hard sandstone and opens in the center, which is of softer material than the back.—Hawesville (Ky.) Plain Dealer.

Plenty of Fun Anyway.

The European concert may as well be declared off, but the present situation nevertheless indicates that there will be plenty of entertainment.—Indianapolis News.

TALES OF THE TIMES.

How a Southern Congressman's Constituents Used the Government Seeds.

A southern congressman received a letter some time ago which, being like hundreds of other communications, did not attract attention. It read as follows:

BLANKVILLE, Jan. 4, 1898.

DEAR SIR—Will you please send me a parcel of cowpeas from the government distribution? Very truly yours, JAMES LANCASTER.

The package was duly sent. A week later there came another letter. It made the following request:

BLANKVILLE, Jan. 10, 1898.

DEAR SIR—Please send me some cowpeas. I only want one package. MARY LANCASTER.

The congressman promptly complied with the request and thought no more about it until five days later, when there came still another letter. It was postmarked at the same country town, and was evidently from a member of the same family as his two previous correspondents. The congressman rather smiled as he read:

BLANKVILLE, Jan. 15, 1898.

DEAR SIR—I should very much like to have one of the bags of cowpeas which you are sending free. I am your friend, and hope you will be re-elected. Yours truly, SAMUEL P. LANCASTER.

The letters did not stop coming. Three more arrived, one from the mother of the Lancaster family, one from a daughter and another one from a son. The congressman thought that his constituents intended to plant a ten acre lot with cowpeas. Nothing of the kind. A few days ago he received a letter which told of the use to which the government seeds had been put. It said:

BLANKVILLE, Jan. 29, 1898.

DEAR MR. CONGRESSMAN—We got all the packages of cowpeas and thank you very much. We put all the peas together and boiled them for dinner. It was the best meal we have had for a long time. With many thanks, yours truly, JAMES LANCASTER.

It is reported that recently a delegation of ardent Mississippians, anxious to have a bill providing for the construction of a national park at Vicksburg, the place of the famous siege, brought up in the house, called upon Speaker Reed and submitted the case in detail. The spokesman of the party after a very able speech in favor of the project, during which he submitted the reasons why he thought the bill ought to come up in the house, wound up his peroration by saying:

"Mr. Speaker, if you permit this bill to come up you will endear yourself to all the citizens of Mississippi and the country."

"Perhaps so," drawled Mr. Reed in his inimitable manner, "but I am not in the endearing business this year."

A western member whose daughter was recently married is in a peak of trouble. It so happened that to the wedding only a very few relatives could be invited. The member, anxious to observe all social requirements, had a large number of finely engraved announcements addressed to his constituents, who reside, it might be added, in a very rural state. These cards were mailed, as usual, just after the ceremony.

But now the trouble has begun. The congressman's mail is being burdened with inquiries as to how he came to send out invitations so late that the recipients could not have attended the wedding if they had wanted to. His rural friends seem to think that he deliberately played a low down game on them, and they are very mad.

Explanations are going out in every mail. When the congressman has another wedding in his family, he will not attempt formality with his uneducated farmers.

A prominent New York publisher recently decided to make a venture with a new political magazine and contracted with a correspondent in the press gallery of the house to furnish him with sketches of distinguished senators. The sketches were written, the three subjects being Senators Gorman, Hanna and Stewart of Nevada.

The other day the correspondent received the sketches back from the publisher, who said in a well worded letter that, while they were well written and all that, they were not just the subjects that he desired, because, he wrote, he did not regard Senator Stewart as a distinguished man, and Mr. Gorman and Mr. Hanna had only been elected to the senate, without yet having taken their seats.

Representative James Hamilton Lewis of Washington state is a peaceful man, but in his boyhood days he engaged in what is frequently termed "an affair of honor," for which he bears a scar on his person at the present time. Many people know that Mr. Lewis was born down at Danville, Va., and that he was educated at the University of Virginia. The exact details of the affair have never been made public, but Mr. Lewis became involved, through the rashness of one of his college friends, not as a principal, but as a second. A sequestered spot was selected, the weapons were decided upon, and the valorous youths set out for the field of honor to seek each other's blood.

While it is uncertain how much the principals bled to avenge supposed insults, it is known that Mr. Lewis in some unexplained manner, was mixed up in the encounter so that he withdrew, after the action with a badly wounded hand. So the Washington state lawmaker bears the scars of battle not upon his face, as German students are proud to do, but upon one of those soft, velvety hands with which he makes graceful gestures when charming the house with his oratory.—Washington Post.

Mr. Leiter's Wheat Profits.

Leiter's wheat has cost him not more than an average of 91 cents a bushel, and a profit of 15 cents a bushel may be easily figured up for him. As he holds something like 15,000,000 bushels, it is estimated that his profits now figure $2,250,000. On the 9,000,000 bushels in store here he has a clear gain of $1,350,000.

Leiter has determined that there will be a sufficient demand at home for all the wheat he has, and has, it is said, been retelling the ocean tonnage he had contracted for. Should he want any tonnage later he will be able, it is thought, to get even better terms than he has yet made.—New York Sun.

The Island Is Disappearing.

American island, in the Missouri river, granted to Chamberlain, S. D., by the government for park purposes, is in large part disappearing in a very peculiar manner. For a space of about 75 feet in diameter the earth has dropped down to such an extent that the tops of some of the largest trees which were carried away are just visible, while others have untidily disappeared in the huge opening, which is slowly filling with water. A roadway which passes near the spot and has been traveled for years has been partially carried away.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Quietude.

A quiet life is the p'liceman's plea,
A fact there's no contesting,
For every cop would sooner be
A-resting than arresting.
—New York Sunday Journal.

LAXITY OF LEGISLATORS.

Boston, Feb. 14.—The legislative committee of the Massachusetts Federation of Labor considered yesterday a number of labor difficulties throughout the state. In the matter of the strike at the Apsley rubber factory at Hudson it was voted to request the executive officers to prepare a plan for securing financial aid for the strikers. A resolution was also adopted commending the working girls of the Hudson factory for the "magnificent spirit they have shown in their fight for a principle."

Complaint was made that legislators elected by the votes of trade union people were not attending to their duties, several Boston Democrats being severely criticised for being absent when labor bills were being considered. The chairman desired to prepare a report of all representatives and senators who appeared lax in their duties so that it might be submitted to their constituents.

ATTACKED THE BANDITS.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 14.—Two road agents, armed with revolvers, attempted to hold up the passengers on the Iron Mountain south-bound fast mail train near Bismarck, Mo. They succeeded in robbing one man. The remaining passengers, some with pistols and others only with their doubled fists, rushed toward the robbers, who first leveled their revolvers toward the crowd and then leaped from the train.

KILLED IN A MINE EXPLOSION.

Ironwood, Mich., Feb. 14.—Three men were killed at the Newport mine in this city by an explosion of giant powder. The men were R. Peter Biazza, Samuel Naimo and Mike Zadia. They were working on the ninth level, Biazza and Naimo went to the powder chests at the end of the drift to prepare two charges for a blast. They had just reached the chests when the explosion occurred. It is thought that there was about 150 pounds of powder in the two chests. The cause of the explosion is not known.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

CARD

FROM

O'Hearn & Dowd

TO THE PUBLIC:

Within the past few weeks we have offered for sale a case of Hosiery (seconds) which we understand are not giving general satisfaction. "Your money's worth or your money back" is our motto, and we stand ready to make good every pair of these hose which will be returned to us. The tan shades are withdrawn from the sale. Respectfully

O'Hearn & Dowd

THE CLOTHIERS,
OLD POST OFFICE.

MALTOX

will put new life into your veins.
At all druggists. 50c.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

Old and Reliable
Cures Colds Quick

For over forty years it has been used and proved to cure the most stubborn lung or bronchial colds. It soothes and heals quickly, preventing serious development. It does not upset the stomach.

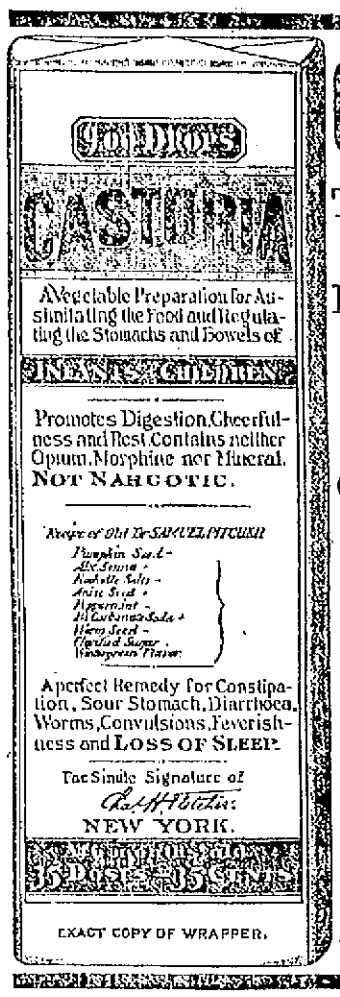
MASTA'S
PULMONIC
BALSAM.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

MALTOX

a genuine food for the nerve tissue.
At all druggists. 50c.

MALTOX

will do you worlds of good if you are run down.
At all druggists. 50c.



CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, Bears the Fac-simile Signature

—OF—

Chas. H. Fletcher.

ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE.

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

CUT DOWN

IN PRICES

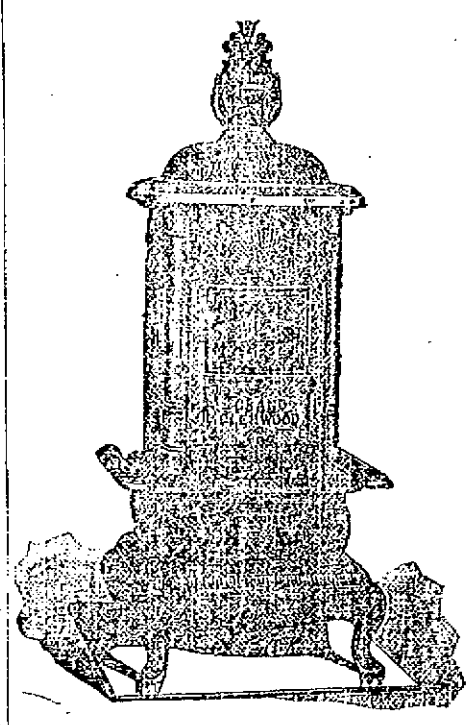
TO SUIT THE TIMES

Children's Wednesdays Arctics, sizes 8 to 10½, 29c.
Ladies' Rubbers 15c.
Men's Plain Rubbers 25c.
Ladies' Storm Rubbers 35c.
Youths' Storm King Rubber Boots, 11 to 13, $1.39.
Boys' Storm King Rubber Boots, 3 to 5, $2.40.
Men's Boston Rubber Boots, warranted first quality, $1.79.
Children's Kid Boots, lace or button, sizes 3 to 6, 25c.
Children's Kid Spring Heel, sizes 6 to 8, 39c.

We Have the Bargains.

THOMAS P. BOULGER

115 Central Street.



THIS

Parlor Stove

Its Name

Glenwood

Greatest in heating power, most beautiful in design, highest in grade.

As with the heaters so with the ranges, no terms are too profuse. Don't fail to examine the Glenwoods before you purchase a Range or Parlor Stove. For sale in Lowell only at

GOOKIN BROS.

66 Prescott Street.

Headquarters for First Class House Furnishings of Every Description.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of The Associated Press.
Per Year, $3.00. Per Month, 25c.

Wise Merchants

The merchants of Lowell are not fools. Of course they were not as wise once as they are now, but their wisdom came through experience.

While they always bought their merchandise by measure and weight, they used to buy advertising space in the local papers by sympathy and guess-work. They don't buy it that way now. They buy space on the basis of circulation, estimating the price per inch per thousand papers circulated.

On this basis, they know what they get and they know that THE SUN is by far the cheapest medium in the city. THE SUN has a larger circulation than any two papers in Lowell.

The monetary convention recently held at Indianapolis did little more than express its adherence to the gold standard and the plans of currency reform advanced by Secretary Gage. The convention, it appears, attracted very little attention throughout the country and its deliberations and its platform will receive but little consideration tion with the republican party in 1900.

The passage of the Teller resolution in congress gives assurance to the country that the plans of Secretary Gage cannot be embodied in legislation this year or next year. The resolution lays down the rule that the government will have the option of paying its obligations in coin, either gold or silver, and that such a course is not in violation of the public faith nor in derogation of the rights of the public creditor. Only one democrat, Caffrey of Louisiana, voted against the measure, and seven McKinley republicans, namely, Wolcott of Colorado, Shoup of Idaho, Carter of Montana, Clark and Warren of Wyoming, Pritchard of North Carolina, and Chandler of New Hampshire voted for it. Several of those who voted in the affirmative claim that they did so in order that the government might retain its option to pay in either metal as an insurance against undue damage during times of peculiar or temporary dangers, rather than as a step in favor of free silver at any particular ratio.

In 1878, the Matthews resolution, which was practically the same as the Teller resolution, was passed by the senate by a vote of 42 to 20, and in the house by a vote of 175 to 79. It was a departure from the policy that led the government into its ruinous subserviency to the gold standard, and having unnecessarily relinquished its option to pay its obligations in coin of either metal, the republicans stand upon the claim that it would be repudiation and dishonor to pay in silver coin. The government is free to pay in either gold or silver without repudiating or scaling down its debts.

President McKinley, in his speech before the Manufacturers' association, recently, seemed to make an advance upon his former policy towards the gold standard. He reiterated what the party had done to secure international bimetallism and the result. While he recalled the fact that the republican party in its platform placed itself squarely in favor of maintaining silver at a parity with gold, he further stated that the party is under an obligation to maintain the gold standard supreme in this country. This would indicate that the question of international bimetallism is to be abandoned altogether by the republican party unless they change their attitude at the approach of the next election, which is not improbable. One thing certain is, that the farce of international bimetallism will no longer be used to delude the country and the republican party must either come out squarely for the maintenance and permanency of the gold standard or for bimetallism at some particular ratio.

In regard to the difference of opinion upon the proper ratio to adopt, there is very wide discussion at the present time. Even with some democrats including ex-Gov. Boies of Iowa, there is a tendency to depart from the fixed ratio of 16 to 1. Some propose a ratio of 20 to 1, holding that were that adopted, the commercial value of silver would rise to that point in a very short time. Mr. Boies has another proposition before the country at present, calling for the issuance of silver certificates in lieu of silver bullion at the market value. If the government adopted this plan, it would serve as a gradual method of restoring silver to its proper place as a standard of value. The whole subject seems to be unsettled, although were free silver coinage adopted in this country, there can be very little doubt that the value of silver would soon be greatly increased, and that, after all, the ratio of 16 to 1 would eventually be reached, but the government cannot experiment with shifting standards.

The individual or the paper that says The Sun is endeavoring to put a man at the head of the labor organizations who will turn over the labor vote to any candidate for office, states what is groundless, a pure fabrication evidently made for a purpose. The Sun has suggested no leader, nor does it believe that any leader can control the votes of the labor unions. The Sun stands as it always has done for the people, whether they are in the unions, or out, and it stands especially in this crisis for the mill operatives whose wages have been reduced. It also favors harmony and condemns the paper or the leader who shows any jealousy in this important crisis or who is unwilling to work hand in hand with other leaders, all seeking the same end, and that a victory for labor the defeat of the Arkwright club and restoration of the old scale of wages. The Sun is not seeking votes nor notoriety, nor is it attacking everybody who endeavors to lend a hand in the battle for the rights of labor.

It is doing every thing possible to unite all the forces of labor against the first step towards reducing the operatives of the North to the slavish condition of those in the South. This is not a fight for "glory" or notoriety. It is a fight for justice, and if it is lost there will come the darkest days for mill operatives that have ever threatened New England. Thus we appeal to every man and woman interested in the cause of labor to stand together in this noble fight for victory, for the New Bedford strikers, for their victory will be Lowell's victory, as their defeat would also be our defeat. They are fighting a noble battle, in which every operative of Lowell can help by contributing to their support while idle.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Boston Globe—Christian science will always work a cure when there is nothing the matter with you.

Lawrence American—The home made biscuit will keep up the fight against the biscuit trust, anyway, and the home made article is often quite a dangerous weapon.

Providence News—About the only member of the average "Klondike party" who is pretty sure of coming home alive and happy is the willy promoter.

Boston Advertiser—A Boston fortune teller advertises to "tell your name and the object of your visit without a question." That is easy. Your name is Dennis Mudd and the object of your visit is to prove that not all the fools are dead yet.

Portland Argus—T. Jefferson Coolidge, the treasurer of the Amoskeag cotton mills, insists that it is the lower wages paid in the South that gives the southern spinners their chief advantage over northern competitors. And how about the higher salaries paid in the North, Mr. Coolidge, we believe, gets $25,000 as treasurer; or is it $50,000?

Manchester Union—It is announced that a movement is on to reorganize the republican party in Nebraska, and purge it of "the elements which have brought it into disrepute." If this plan should be adopted everywhere, the party might be made respectable in appearance, though it would be hopelessly weak, numerically.

Boston Beacon—Commendation is due to Representative Bennett of Saugus, for his firmness as chairman of the committee on agriculture, in withstanding the exorbitant demands of the gypsy moth commission. The commissioners are on record, it is said, with the declaration that they would take $200,000 this year or nothing. Let it be nothing, and let the gypsy moth farce be brought to an end. There is no more reason why the state should fight gypsy moths than why it should fight cancer worms, potato bugs, and tent caterpillars.

Chicago Chronicle—Odd, isn't it, the difference between New York and Chicago bankers? In New York a cashier who in forty years of service makes an error of judgment whereby his employer may lose half a million, is kicked into the street. In Chicago the manager who makes similar mistakes to the tune of more than a million, is picked into the national treasury and eats his way through the country, telling the people how to manage their finances. The New Yorker sinks into oblivion, while the Chicago man rises like a whale to the surface and spouts.

Hartford Courant—We are still of the opinion that all those newspaper obituaries of the Hon. Arthur P. Gorman should have been pigeon-holed a while longer. We recall again the Scotch shoemaker's remark to Alton Locke about premature interment. We observe that the one thing certain in democratic politics today is the absolute uncertainty as to what the morrow will bring forth but having watched the Hon. Arthur Gorman and the Hon. David B. Hill for a good many years past, we think that their reappearance in the near vicinity of the band wagon is one of the things to be expected.

MORTALITY OF LOWELL.

The mortality of Lowell for the week ending February 12, 1898:

Population, 87,000; total deaths, 39; deaths under five, 10; acute lung diseases, 9.

Death rate 17.9 against 13.7 and 14.9 for the previous two weeks.

Infectious diseases reported—Typhoid fever, 1; scarlet fever, 6; diphtheria, 1;

BE SURE you get what you want when you ask for Hood's Sarsaparilla. Unequalled in Merit, Sales, Cures. There's no substitute for HOOD'S.

THE STRIKE FUND

The Grand Total Now Nearly $800.

THE SPINNERS' COMMITTEE DOING GOOD WORK.

Hamilton Weavers Out Doing All Other Mills.

The strikers' fund has now reached close to $800, and starts on the down grade to the $1000 mark. It is but a few days since a Fall River labor man was delegated to carry $1000 from Fall River to the strikers at New Bedford.

Already the people of Lowell have contributed over $1099, including the $100 sent by the Brussels Weavers and the $100 voted by the Weavers' union of this city.

The Sun has already sent $100 and another remittance will soon be sent, but this fund alone must reach the $1000 mark right away.

The Hamilton operatives have sent two large contributions. Why do not those of the Massachusetts, the Boott, Tremont & Suffolk, and Lawrence follow their example?

In the contributions for the New Bedford strikers F. G. Mitchell of the Bon Marche heads the list with $10, and he invited the committee to see him again, as he would contribute more if necessary.

The collectors appointed by the spinners' union are doing good work all around. Their list in today's Sun as well as their previous lists, tells the story.

The Hamilton operatives are also contributing liberally and deserve the greatest credit for sending as a second contribution the sum of $62 for the New Bedford strikers. Owing to the late hour at which the returns came in on Saturday, it was found impossible to publish them as the list was quite long.

THE FUND.

Previously acknowledged	$625.71
Forwarded to New Bedford	400.00
Balance	$226.74
A Friend	1.00
George Fairburn	1.00
Annie Connors	.50
John Hanley	.25

SPINNERS' LIST.

Friend	.25
K. Gray	.50
W. S. Grady, The Crystal	5.00
J. H. Clark, The Emblem	2.00
Thomas Allshaw	.50
Noel Goudreau	1.00
James Donnelly	1.00
A Friend	5.00
Mrs. M. M.	.50
F. M.	.25
M. C.	.75
Owen M. Donohue, Gorham St.	5.00
Friend	.50
J. H. K.	.50
J. H. Hawthorne	.25
James H. Buckley	.50
Bon Marche Dry Goods Co.	10.00
J. F.	.25
W. P.	.25
E. H. Molloy, undertaker	2.00
A Friend	1.00
John F. Collins, Fayette St.	1.00
Friend	.50
Walter Booth	.50
Friend	1.00
E. Provost	.50
E. H.	.50
W. P. Sullivan	1.00
John Fitzpatrick	1.00
Friend	.50
Charles Riley, E. Mer'k St.	.50
John Gallagher	.50
A Friend	.50
A Friend	.50
A Friend	.50
Mrs. Lawson	.50
James Dwyer	2.00
Friend	.10
A Friend	.25
A Woman	.25
Consumers	.50
J. "A Consecrated Purse"	.50
A Friend	.50
J. F. Saunders	1.00
Ed. Gallagher, Gorham St.	1.00
J. McGillicuddy, Gorham St.	1.00
A Boleghan	.10
F. O'Brien, 23 Rogers St.	.25
Annie Conroy, 411 Lawrence St.	.50
A Friend, 472 Lawrence St.	.20
James O'Brien, 450 Lawrence St.	.10
A Friend	.65
Mrs. Quinn, 58 Church St.	.10
Wigginville, A Friend, 4, Burton St.	.25
William Dickson, 13 Rogers St	.25
Lizzie Keogh, 5 Mission Place	.25
Mrs. T. Walsh, 5 Watson St.	1.00
Maria Walsh, 5 Watson St.	.50
Patrick Reedy, 15 Watson St.	1.00
Mary McQuade, 84 Whipple St.	.50
J. H. Birdwell, 62 Whipple St.	2.00
A Friend	.10
Farrell & Creevin, 810 Central St.	1.00
James P. Sheridan, 74 Whipple	2.00
A Friend, 806 Central St.	.50
Stephen O'Hare, 24 Crosby St.	1.00
Philip Farley, 44 Crosby St.	1.00
John J. Barrows, 738 Gorham St.	5.00
John J. O'Connell, 58 Kinsman St.	1.00
John J. Lynch, 50 Agawam St.	.50
Annie Kinnan, 85 Kinsman street	.25
Mrs. J. B. England, 726 Gorham	.25
A Friend in Dracut	.25
T. E. O'Donoghue, 725 Central St.	.50
Friend	.10
Centreville	.25
Friend No. 1	.25
Friend No. 2	.25
Friend, L. C.	1.00
Total	$76.13

HAMILTON WEAVERS.

Maggie Moynihan	1.00
Nora Cullinan	1.00
Jennie Hennessey	1.00
Maggie McAfee	1.00
Della Honan	1.00
Della Rourke	.50
Sarah E. Quinn	.50
A Friend	.50
Maggie Regan	.50
Jennie McAfee	.50
Bridget Morris	.50
A Friend	.50
Old Sport	.50
Hannah McMahon	.50
Annie McCabe	.50
Jennie Guthrie	.50
Bridget Lynch	.25
Sunshine	.25
Dew Drops	.25
A Friend	.25
A Weaver	.25
A Weaver	.25
Maria Reynolds	.25
Adolphus Billingsworth	.25
Slippery Back	.25
A Weaver	.25
Annie Mullane	.25
Mary O'Donnell	.25
A Funeral of Arkwright Club	.25
A Friend	.25
A Weaver	.25
Total	$11.25

HAMILTON WEAVE ROOM.
For the Brave Soldiers of New Bedford Who are Fighting the Battle of Right:

Jennie Parsons	.50
Jennie A. Martin	.50
Katie Murphy	.50
Bridget Charles	.50
Maggie Rogers	.50
Della Guthrie	.50
Mary Quinn	.50
A Friend	.50
A. A. H.	.25
L. A. D.	.25
A. McG.	.25
S. T. R.	.25
Flossie Brown	.25
Rose Bemilo	.25
Total	$5.50

HAMILTON WEAVERS.

Annie Dempsey	1.00
A Friend	1.00
A Friend	.50
A Friend	.50
J. S.	.50
W. Finnigan	.50
Maggie, Kerrigan	.25
R. A.	.25
Lizzie Lally	.25
Tassie Adams	.25
Sophia Christenson	.25
Julia Carter	.25
Nellie Handley	.25
Celia Casey	.25
Anna McTeague	.25
Jessie Lynch	.50
Maggie White	.25
Lizzie Waite	.25
Sarah Shannon	.25
Lula Johnson	.25
A Weaver	.25
Yours Truly	.25
B. A. Gilbride	.25
Amanda Erickson	.25
Nellie Caldwell	.25
Maggie Brady	.25
Annie Lyons	.25
Lizzie Duffy	.25
Annie Campbell	.25
Emelia Wagandce	.25
Josephine Andreson	.25
Thomas Hunt	.25
Maria McCabe	.25
Maria Quinn	.25
Nellie Quinn	.25
Mary McNulty	.25
Nellie Cleary	.25
Mike	.25
A Friend	.25
A Friend	.25
A Weaver	.25
A Weaver	.25
M. E. Mc.	.25
J. M.	.25
W. D.	.25
Lizzie Breen	.25
A Friend	.25

HAMILTON WEAVERS.

Minnie Snow	.15
Pauline Schutz	.15
L. Lynch	.15
M. L.	.15
Annie Kain	.10
B. S.	.10
A Weaver	.10
A Friend	.10
A Weaver	.10
A Weaver	.10
Jenny Anderson	.10
Total	$15.60

MERRIMACK TWISTERS.

H. Shaw	.50
J. Clayton	.25
J. Barker	.25
W. Riley	.25
R. Barton	.25
W. Ellison	.25
A. Barker	.25
M. Mooney	.25
J. McNaughton	.25
J. Spain	.25
W. Nell	.25
A. Keefe	.25
Total	$3.05

HAMILTON WEAVERS.

Editor of The Sun—Let us hope that the New Bedford operatives will receive what they justly demand. Let the public come to their relief in their hour of their need, and victory will crown their efforts. Respectfully yours,

Mary Bourke	1.00
Mary Kane	1.00
Susie Kane	1.00
Maria Cullinan	1.00
Susie Kelley	1.00
Sarah Riley	1.00
Mary A. Ball	1.00
Bridget Horgan	1.00
Laura Palmer	.50
Katie McGarhan	.50
Alice McGarhan	.50
Alice Curtin	.50
Bridget O'Connell	.50
Maggie Kearns	.50
Nellie Tiernan	.50
A Friend	.50
A Friend	.50
Mary Lenox	.50
Mrs. McCall	.50
Katie Mullane	.50
Bridget Leane	.50
Georgie Lavigne	.50
Mamie Quinn	.50
Nellie Keenan	.50
Mary McGarrell	.50
Mary McNally	.50
A Friend	.50
Katie Carolin	.50
Katie Carr	.50
A Friend	.25
Lizzie Williams	.25
Delia Doherty	.25
A Friend	.25
A Friend	.25
Katie Burns	.25
Katie Manor	.25
Lena Richards	.25
Katie Nolan	.25
Alice Ryan	.25
A Friend	.25
N. M.	.25
Delima Pelletier	.25
Katie Rourke	.25
E. T. Kelley	.25
Bridget O'Donaghue	.25
Annie McKeon	.25
Mary McKeon	.25
Maria Cooney	.25
Katie Riley	.25
Nellie Purcell	.25
Mary Cullen	.25
Maggie Cruthely	.25
Mary Hickey	.25
Mary Harrington	.25
Annie Emo	.25
Lea Bromley	.25
A Friend	.25
Clinton E. Forrest	.25
Cesarie St. Pierere	.10
Edoardine St. Pierere	.10
Mary Damont	.10
Regina Thifutt	.10
Annie Pillett	.10
Delisse Pillett	.10
Mrs. C. Stoudre	.10
Annie Baldwin	.10
Mrs. Branconille	.10
Dinase Dipot	.10
Philiaeine Depot	.10
Helen Terrent	.10
Annie Terrent	.10
Celonie Lecuyer	.10
Louise Blu	.10
Total	$27.20
Total	$371.52

SETTLES NERVOUS BANKRUPTCY

Investigation shows that men who succeed are men of brains—strong nerves—great will power. Ordinary food cannot supply the vital forces which people with active brains and bodies require. Bicola Pills feed the nerves—make the mind bright, muscles strong—make flesh and blood and give perfect health to men and women. The Turners of Philadelphia make Bicola Pills.

J. E. Hucker, Chief Clerk National Hotel, Washington, D. C., testifies that he was all run down—was a shadow of his former self—Bicola Pills gave him wonderful relief—he gained over twenty pounds after using them.

Special Agents in Lowell—F. H. Butler & Co., Charles F. Blanchard, G. C. Brock & Co., Carleton & Hovey, Carter & Sherburne, Ellingwood & Co., G. L. Fleitt, F. S. Boodale, Delisle, Beaulieu & Rochette, R. J. Lang & Co., F. P. Moody, James O'Brien, S. C. Shirley, Anders Thomasson, J. S. Westwood, George A. Wilson & Co.

Turners' Little Liver Turners—A very small pill. Turns your liver. Cure sick headache—biliousness—indigestion.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
STATE HOUSE, BOSTON, FEBRUARY 11, 1898.
The committee on banks and banking will give a hearing to parties interested in so much of Part 1 of the report of the Board of Commissioners of Savings Banks as relates: 1st to the holding and sale of securities taken to secure indebtedness, 2nd to investments in railroad bonds, 3rd to loans connected with other institutions, at Room No. 448, State House, on Wednesday, Feb. 9, at 11 30 o'clock a. m.
—W. Whitlesey, Chairman.
Carleton P. Howe, Clerk of the Committee

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
STATE HOUSE, BOSTON, FEB. 10, 1898.
The Committee on Banks and Banking will give a hearing to parties interested in Senate bill No. 49, to prohibit officers of a savings bank, or members of its board of investment, from holding certain offices in national banks or trust companies, at room No. 448, State House, on Wednesday, February 16, at 10 30 o'clock a. m.
Wm. A. Whitlesey, Chairman.
Carleton P. Howe, Clerk of the Com.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 Gorham Street.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices
TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

JOHN W. McEVOY,
127 Central St., opp. American House,
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY,
Mansur Block,
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.
W. E. F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
182 Merrimack Street.
PHOTOGRAPHERS.
Crayons, Pastels, and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW,
40 John Street.
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.
Orders received for cleaning, dyeing, and pressing, promptly and neatly executed.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE,
Room 16 Hildreth Building.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

J. M. KINGSBURY,
No. 373 Bridge Street.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.
(Successor to Stront & Kingsbury.)

Stock Reducing Sale
Ladies' Rubbers 25c. a pair.
1 lot Ladies' Kangola Shoes, in button or lace, a preventive of damp feet and a great wearing shoe. Former price $1.50, sale price $1.25.
Ladies' Storm Rubbers 35c.
J. J. Lonergan
215 DUTTON ST.

PETER H. SAVAGE,
Undertaker and Funeral Director
169 WORTHEN ST.
Telephone connection 614-4. Calls night or day, promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

CATELY & PEARSON,
SOLICITORS OF PATENTS
Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty.
44 HILDRETH BUILDING.

IF YOU WANT A CASE
Of the Leading Brands of
LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER
TELEPHONE.
J. H. RILEY,
Bottler, Nos. 96 and 102 Lakeview Avenue.
Telephone Number 474-4.

Mild And Delicate
Ind. Coope & Co.'s Scaled Bottled Brand and Allsop's Red Hand brand of ale.
To close, we offer either brand in cases of quarts at $3.40 per case, or 35 cents per quart bottle.
JOHN M. PEVEY,
35-37 MIDDLE STREET.
Tel. 452-3.

Change in Business
Will Sell all my PIANOS at wholesale price for cash.
Sheet Music 15 pieces $1.00.
GREEN'S, 223 Central St.

WANT COLUMN.

MADAME OLENDENING, FROM PARIS—The celebrated palmist. Correct readings on all affairs of life. will be here until the 26th of February, 241 Appleton street.

WANTED—DRESSMAKERS AND OTHERS to know that Prof. L. F. Wise, 115 Merrimac street, room 20, city, will teach his $20 system "King of Squares" for $15 this month only.

FOR SALE—LOT OF BOOKS, HISTORIES, encyclopedias, Thackeray, Scott & Bulwer's works, Tuesday evening February 15th, at 7 p. m., at 110 Middlesex street.

AGENTS—$7 DAILY TO SELL SPECIALTY Soaps and give customers double their value in handsome presents; exclusive territory; sample outfit free. Modoc Soap Co., Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—A KITCHEN GIRL AT 10 JOHN street.

WORK FOR US AT YOUR HOME; DAY or evening, $6 to $12 weekly; no canvassing or experience required; particulars and work mailed to address on application. Columbian Manufacturing company, 303 North 6th street, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—MAN TO MANAGE STORE, ordinary ability required; must furnish five hundred dollars bond. Apply Merchants' Coupon Co., 5 Merrimack Square.

WANTED—THE PEOPLE OF LOWELL TO know that J. Scratskin of the Co-Operative Company has removed from 39 Merrimac street to 26 Central street, where he sells Ladies' and Gents' Clothing, Household Goods on credit as cheap as for cash elsewhere. Agents wanted.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HOUSEkeeper by a woman of experience. Address Mrs. Germaine, 30 Smith street.

FOR SALE—5 PIECE PARLOR SET AND Carpet. Some histories and encyclopedias at low figures. 110 Middlesex street.

A YOUNG WOMAN WOULD LIKE WORK, office cleaning or washing by the day or hour. Apply 17 Varnum Block, 631 Bridge street.

$2.40 WILL PAPER YOUR ROOM WITH gilt paper border, hanging included. Different papers affect prices. Painting done very reasonable. New York Wall Paper Co., 338 Middlesex street.

NEITHER—ALL GOODS IN OUR POSSESsion belonging to P. V. Allen, will be sold to storage if not called for within three days.
—J. W. MacDonald.

A MIDDLE AGED WOMAN WOULD LIKE a situation as housekeeper, or at cleaning or washing by the day or hour. Apply at 53 Merrimac street.

STORE TO LET—ON OR AFTER MAY 1st, store at corner of Coburn street and Laxeview avenue at present occupied by Peter L. Furlong. For full particulars apply to Thomas Scully, 9 Coburn street.

GOOD OPENING FOR A MAN, WITH small capital. No competition, a monopoly, large profits. No. 110 Middlesex street.

TO LET—A NICE LARGE BASEMENT, well lighted, can be used for sewing or brilliantine printing rooms. Apply at Legault & Co., One Price Jewelers, 31 Central street.

LADIES—CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe reliable. Take no other. Send 4 cents in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—500 YOUNG AND OLD MEN TO bring their old clothes to Fred C. Lew's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

MENTHOL CREAM SHAMPOO IS USED in all the leading hair dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25 cents per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

ROOMS TO LET—IN THE SUN BUILDING. Inquire at The Sun office.

FOR SALE—IN CENTRALVILLE—CORNER of Reed and Fifth street, two story house, large barn, 500 feet of land, lots of fruit. This is a nice place. Price $1000. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

FOR SALE—BOARDING AND LODGING house of 27 rooms. Price $900. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED — HOUSEHOLDS AT THE Lowell Employment office, 252 Merrimack street, opposite City Hall.

FOR SALE—ON BRANCH STREET, GOOD house and barn, large lot of land. This can be bought at a bargain and on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

FOR SALE—NEAR BROADWAY AND Phillips street, good cottage house, large lot of land on easy terms. Price $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK AT A hotel. Can speak French or English and furnish the best of references. Address T., Sun Office.

WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN TO BUY their Clothing on credit. Custom made and ready to wear. Empire Clothing Co, Over 97 Central St. Open evenings.

FOR SALE—NEAR SARGENT STREET, new two tenement house, 7 rooms to each. All modern improvements. On easy terms. $4500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

FOR SALE—IN PAWTUCKVILLE, NEW cottage house of 7 rooms on easy terms. Price $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

TO LET—TWO PLEASANT FRONT ROOMS, furnished or unfurnished, with gas, bath room, hot and cold water, etc. Rent low; call or address Bells2 13 Stackpole St.

LADIES, MY MONTHLY REGULATOR has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other device can say this. Longest cases relieved in 24 to 48 hours without fail, no pain; no danger; no interference with work; price $2.00; by mail or at office; consultation free; all letters truthfully answered. DR. TOLMAN CO., 177 Tremont street, Boston.

TO LET—ROOMS TO LET WITH OR WITHout board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 262 Fayette street.

$15 A MONTH
Will buy this splendid new 2½ story hip roof house of 8 rooms, attic, pantry and bath room with tub, marble wash bowls, etc., hot and cold water, maple floors in dining room, kitchen, pantry and bath room; piazza and balcony; nice lot of land, high and dry; city water, near cars and schools, will sell for $1300. Small payment down secures this bargain. Quick or you lose it. A. J. RYAN, 3 Hildreth Bldg., Old Post Office.

WANTED LADY READERS TO TELL US what is the longest verse in the Bible. If you can tell us it, what chapter it is, we will give you a series of $100. If more than one person answers correctly, we will divide cash equally. With your answer send 10 cents for our new library of 12 complete books, a grand prize in themselves. Address Keystone Book Co., 1111 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING.
House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 6645 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy. Wm. H. Emery.
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, (Old P. O. office.

DERBY & MORSE
ELECTRICIANS.
72 MIDDLE STREET.

You Have Struck the Right Place
When you have found
PETER WATSON'S
Celebrated Bakeries
For if you are looking for the best quality of bakers' supplies, you are always sure to get the best when trading at either of his stores, which are located at
52 TO 60 CHARLES STREET AND 165 LAWRENCE STREET.
If you desire he will supply your wants by calling at your house. Parties and weddings a specialty.

SKATES
The Famous
Long Reach Skate
25c. Per Pair and up.
MORE THAN
5000 Pairs in Stock.
BARTLETT & DOW
216 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 9th, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck Street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing from flat copy and models, Water and Oil Colors, and China Decoration.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE
Henry W. Garrity, Prop.
CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.
OPPOSITE OLD B. AND M. DEPOT.
The house is now under a new management thoroughly refitted and refurnished with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in smoking room. Special rates to the Profession.
M. H. Carey. {Clerks} H. Garrity.

TORCHES
For Thawing Out
Frozen Pipes
Protect your Water and Steam Pipes with
MINERAL WOOL HAIR FELT.
C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 TO 67 MARKET STREET.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock
and deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz' Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught at the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.
GEORGE W. ENRIGHT'S
11 Middlesex Street.

OLD WASHINGTON TAVERN
This old hostelry has been refitted and furnished and is up-to-date in every particular. The best menu of any hotel in the city. Special rates to theatrical and commercial men. Best wines and liquors, everything first class. Our 50c. Dinner Dinner a specialty.
Washington Tavern
Cor. Central and Church St.
F. H. Harris, Prop. J. J. Regan, Ass't

The Lowell Gas Light Co.
Office, 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle
SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. F. RAYMOND, Clerk.
Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Leo Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.
PRICE OF GAS
WITH THE DISCOUNT OFF FOR PROMPT PAYMENT IS
$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET
FIRST CLASS COOKING STOVE SET UP AND RENTED AT A LOW RATE PER YEAR. PIPING INCLUDED. COKE, BROKEN, SCREENED AND DELIVERED AT $1.50 PER CHALDRON; $2.25 PER HALF CHALDRON, CASH.
NO CHARGE MADE FOR THE USE OF METERS.
NO CHARGE MADE FOR RUNNING SUPPLY PIPES FROM STREET MAINS TO CONSUMERS' CELLAR.
ORDERS WHEN LEFT AT OFFICE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

THE KLONDIKE CAFE,
120 Middle Street, under new management. Meals served at all hours. Boarders by day or week. Our 20c. Dinners specialty. Gent's board per week, $3.; Ladies', $2.25 for 21 meals, also a special dinner ticket, 7 dinners for $1.25. Call and give us a trial, at Leclair's, 120 Middle street, Cor. of Palmer Street.

MORE OF DE LOME'S LETTER

How the Letter Was Discovered and Secured to the United States.

De Lome Betrayed by an Embassy Employe—Contents of Missive Inparted to the Cuban Junta—Supplies for Cuba.

Philadelphia, Feb. 14. — The Press prints what it asserts to be the true version of the acquisition and publication of the letter from Minister De Lome to Mr. Canalejas. The authority cited for its authenticity is a "Cuban of the highest standing in the councils of his party," who receives his information "from headquarters in New York."

The story goes on to say: "The letter was not stolen from the United States mails, but was secured by an agent of the Cuban junta in the postoffice at Havana. Joseph Canalejas, to whom the letter was addressed, never saw the original. He did not know until eight days after the letter reached Havana that such a letter from Spain's representative in Washington had been written him.

"De Lome wrote the letter in his private residence in Washington instead of at the Spanish legation. The paper, however, was marked with the official type and read in the corner, 'Legation De Espana.' The same inscription was upon the left hand upper corner of the envelope. Mr. De Lome did not mail the letter from his house. In fact he had not quite completed it upon the morning it was written and carried it to the legation, where is was first seen and noticed by a person who is in the employ of the embassy, acting in a substitute official capacity. The letter lay upon the desk of the minister in his inner office, the outer office being his place of reception to visitors. During his absence of half an hour from the inner office, the clerk in question saw the open letter and read some of it.

"The next day the same person sent word to his Cuban associates in Washington to the effect that he had seen a letter from De Lome to Canalejas, in which President McKinley was villified and autonomy called a scheme. Several of the Cuban leaders got together and asked the employe of the embassy to secure the letter. They did not believe implicitly in his story, although he urged them to come into the public print and make charges against De Lome. Because they did not have the letter in their possession the leaders refused to say anything about it. The employe of the legation was urged to use all means in his power to secure the letter, although it was considered probable that the letter was already in the mails when the Cubans at the Hotel Raleigh were informed of its existence.

"The clerk in the employ of Minister De Lome saw no more of the letter. His memory written abstracts were forwarded to New York, and it was quickly agreed that could possession of the letter be obtained and his statements proven to be true the letter would be of incalculable value to the Cuban cause as substantiating what Cuban leaders had maintained regarding autonomy and the general Spanish policy in official circles toward this country and its officers. Immediately words of warning and urging to be on the lookout were sent to every Cuban who might be in a position to obtain track of or intercept the much sought for missive.

"The letter reached Havana five days after its postmark in Washington. An agent of the Cuban party, who is an employe of the Spanish postoffice, knew that the letter was on the way, and when it came into his hands it was carried from the postoffice and a copy was made of it. Word to this effect was sent to the Cuban leaders in Jacksonville, Fla., who at once asked the secret Cuban junta in Havana to secure the original letter—that a copy was not what was desired. The Havana postoffice clerk was not willing to do this at first, but afterward consented, as he was obliged to account for a certain number of letters to other employes of the department.

"The original was then taken, several blank sheets were substituted in place of the paper upon which De Lome had written, and the letter finally postmarked in the Havana office and sent on its routine way. Eight days from its arrival in the Havana office the sealed envelope, properly addressed to Mr. Canalejas, was delivered at the Inglaterra hotel. Mr. Canalejas did not regard the matter seriously at the time, although the hotel boy who brought him the letter and the postoffice employe who had last charge of it were arrested. So, also, was the hotel employe who went several times daily to the postoffice for the mails. All three were discharged after an examination. Mr. Canalejas communicated almost immediately with Minister De Lome and, for several weeks letters and cablegrams passed between the two, but no trace of the letter could be obtained. Canalejas shortly thereafter left Havana, going to Madrid.

"It is not explained why the letter was kept by the Cubans for several weeks before it was given out for publication. An informant, other than the person who gave the foregoing, but who is on the inside in Cuban official circles, declared that the delay was occasioned by a desire on the part of the junta to be assured absolutely that the writing was that of the Spanish minister, that he might not have any chance to deny its authorship and thus cause a reaction which undoubtedly would have been the result of the propagation of a fake."

MR. WOODFORD'S DISPATCH.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The 300-word cipher dispatch received from Minister Woodford Saturday night was translated at the state department Sunday, but no intimation of its import could be secured from official sources. Assistant Secretary of State Day, who has been entrusted with the whole correspondence by the president, refused to discuss the message. He said merely that there was no development in the case which properly could be made public at this time. In one instance he supplemented this statement by the remark that the mere fact of information being

ORIENTAL ADVICES.

San Francisco, Feb. 14.—The Gaelic arrived Sunday from Hong Kong, Yokohama and Honolulu, bringing the following advices: Three Chinese were hanged simultaneously in the Victoria jail at Hong Kong on Jan. 12, the drop being made to accommodate all three, and the trio falling together. The executed members were members of an armed gang of shop thieves and in raiding a store killed a Chinese employe. The criminals were disbanded soldiers.

The annual cotton report from Shanghai states that the year of 1897 was one of extraordinary vicissitudes to those in this trade. The year began with an enormous stock of unsold goods on hand. Prices declined steadily until the end of August. Then came a stringency in the money market, the result being widespread disaster among the cotton dealers, very few importers escaping heavy losses. The turning point is believed to have been reached, however, 1898 opening with an improved demand and an increased number of transactions.

During the trip of a passenger steamer from Hong Kong to England, the Japanese crew, armed with knives, crowbars and belaying pins, brutally beat the chief engineer and his assistant and attacked a passenger in his berth, cutting his head open with a marlin spike. The officers and most of the passengers were driven to the bridge, where, unarmed, 40 Englishmen kept 100 drink-maddened Japanese at bay during the entire night by, brandishing their walking sticks.

LAXITY OF LEGISLATORS.

Boston, Feb. 14.—The legislative committee of the Massachusetts Federation of Labor considered yesterday a number of labor difficulties through the state. In the matter of the strike at the Apsley rubber factory at Hudson it was voted to request the executive officers to prepare a plan for securing financial aid for the strikers. A resolution was also adopted commending the working girls of the Hudson factory for the "magnificent spirit they have shown in their fight for a principle."

Complaint was made that legislators elected by the votes of trade union people were not attending to their duties, several Boston Democrats being severely criticised for being absent when labor bills were being considered. The chairman desired to prepare a report of all representatives and senators who appeared lax in their duties so that it might be submitted to their constituents.

STONY CREEK MURDER.

Branford, Conn., Feb. 14.—Coroner Mix of New Haven held an examination today into the murder at Stony Creek, Saturday afternoon, when Peter Cognilo was stabbed and almost instantly killed by Guiseppe Gandino in a quarrel about money. Medical Examiner C. W. Gaylord performed a postmortem examination on the remains of the murdered man. It was found that the weapon cut the lower end of the heart and penetrated the lung, passing between two ribs. Inasmuch as the murdered man had on a coat, a vest, two shirts and a chest pad, the knife must have been driven with great force.

Gandino, who is locked up at the county jail, New Haven, will be given a preliminary hearing before Judge Zacher Tuesday morning.

CAUGHT A THIEF.

Pawtucket, R. I., Feb. 14.—In Central Falls yesterday Francis Kerwin, 17, was arrested charged with robbing the store of J. Rosenbaum. Mr. Rosenbaum had been missing money from his till for several Sundays, and he set a trap to catch the thief, the arrest being the result. Kerwin obtained an entrance to the store by means of a false key.

ATTACKED THE BANDITS.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 14.—Two road agents, armed with revolvers, attempted to hold up the passengers on the Iron Mountain south-bound fast mail train near Bismarck, Mo. They succeeded in robbing one man. The remaining passengers, some with pistols and others only with their doubled fists, rushed toward the robbers, who first leveled their revolvers toward the crowd and then leaped from the train.

TRAGEDY IN LODGING HOUSE.

Marion, O., Feb. 14.—Winfield Lewis stole up behind James Woods in his lodging house and shot him in the back of the head, killing him. He then shot at every colored person in sight, wounding two slightly and one, Lizzie Johnson, fatally. All were colored.

Avoid An Early Grave.

How often do we hear, that the avenue to an early grave was opened by neglecting a slight cough and cold. Profit by this truth, and provide yourself with Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, which instantly cures all throat and lung affections. Mr. W. H. Mahoney, Lowell, Mass., writes: "I was taken sick with a bad cold. The doctors did not seem to help me, and everybody said I was getting consumption, when a relative recommended Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. I got a bottle and it helped me, and after taking two bottles I was cured, to the surprise of everybody. I shall always recommend it to my friends, as I know it to be a sure cure." Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is sold everywhere for 25 cents. Don't accept a substitute.

A DIETARY STUDY

Facts Gleaned From an Investigation.

DIET OF SOME FAMILIES VERY MEAGRE

And Sufficient to Drive Them to Drink.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The result of investigations into the food habits of a number of families in the congested districts of New York city in 1895 and 1896 has been made public by the agricultural department in a report entitled "Dietary studies in New York city." The general plan of the work consisted in visiting a number of typical families in the worst portions of the city, observing the kinds and amounts of food which they bought and the prices which they paid, noting whether they obtained good weight and measure, and subjecting specimens of the materials to analysis for the purpose of learning their nutritive values.

The people in whose families the studies were made represented a large number of occupations. In some instances they were slovenly and shiftless, and took little interest in the appearance of their homes and tables. Other families, though ignorant, were willing and anxious to learn how they might improve their habits of living. The main results of each study are given with a brief discussion of the chief features.

In many of the families there was no attempt to spread an attractive table. One of the most common observations among those who are familiar with the habits of the poorer classes of wage workers, the report continues, is to the effect that a not inconsiderable amount of the prevalence of intemperance can be traced to poor food and unattractive tables. Throughout all these dietaries there was shown very little comprehension of the actual nutritive value of the food purchased, the selection apparently being made according to some whim or taste, the presence of certain food materials in the market, or because the housekeeper had become accustomed to purchasing certain kinds of food.

The larger number of families spent more than they really could afford for food, and yet frequently received insufficient nourishment. The question how these people could have obtained more nutriment for the money expenditure is answered only in the most general terms. It is suggested that one of the best and surest ways to improve the condition of the poor is to give them practical instructions and object lessons in the preparation of attractive yet simple and cheap foods. The subjects upon which the women should be instructed include lessons upon the best and most nutritious food materials, and those best adapted in point of cost and ease of preparation to the needs and circumstances of the family, and instruction such as shall enable the housekeeper to prepare simple, wholesome and palatable dishes from such food.

NATIONAL GAME GOSSIP.

The Louisville club would like to add Ganzel to its roster.

George Moore, with Taunton last season, has an offer from Lancaster.

John O'Brien, with Washington last season, has signed with Kansas City.

Worcester has a hope that the Eastern league will increase its circuit to 10 clubs.

Pittsburg has had a second thought about Outfielder Lippert, and will not use him.

"Bobby" Lowe was booked to coach the Princeton university team players this spring, but somehow that deal fell through.

Dorsey of Amesbury is said to be a second edition of Catcher Crisham, who was drafted by Brooklyn from Newport.

Infielder McKinney of Grand Rapids has been signed by New Bedford. That club has also signed Third Baseman Joseph Martin of Altoona.

Manager Buckenberger of Syracuse has three recalcitrants with whom to deal—Canavan, Lake and Burrill—and all swear they will not go to Syracuse.

The returns made by the Boston Baseball association show real estate holdings of $214,800; buildings, $15,300; miscellaneous, $2700; capital stock, $7500; debts, $30,000.

Catcher Clarke of the Baltimores will come to Princeton in May and again in June, while Bradley and Janey will be on hand most of the time to give their attention.

Tucker's contract with Omaha will give him charge of the team, and his salary as a manager and player will equal his contract with the Washingtons last season.

REMARKABLE POWER OF MUSIC.

Music hath power to charm the savage breast, but not any more potent is it over the feelings than Cleveland's Lung Healer is over diseases of the throat and lungs. It has proven to be a sovereign remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, and Consumption. Call on F. H. Butler & Co., 265 Central street and 391 Middlesex street for a trial bottle free. Large size, 25 cents.

Fine job printing done at this office

the ghastly terror of consumption stares a man in the face who neglects a cold.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

It's so simple to get rid of a cough or throat trouble by Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Acts like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

THE GREAT ZOLA TRIAL

Will Probably Result in His Conviction on the Charges.

The Charges as to Dreyfus Proven—Picture of the Suffering in Ireland—Pope Leo XIII Celebrated Anniversary of His Election and Coronation.

Paris, Feb. 14.—It is generally admitted that Zola has proven his case, yet he will probably be condemned. Even a majority of his enemies have been convinced, as much by the silence of the army authorities when questioned as by the direct testimony of other witnesses, that Dreyfus was found guilty upon evidence secretly submitted to his judges. It is admitted that this is utterly illegal, yet public opinion is still so strongly perverted that the gross outrage upon the first principles of justice is openly excused and defended, and the resentment against Zola for denouncing the authorities who are guilty is scarcely lessened.

The incidents of the trial should not distract attention from the astounding crisis which has seized the public mind of France and which portends evils and calamities that none can estimate. The bald truth is this: It is openly admitted today that the prisoner on Devil island was illegally condemned, and that the government had full knowledge of the fact. The people now believe it, yet the French government and a majority of the French people are opposing every obstacle in their power to righting that great wrong.

DISTRESS IN IRELAND.

Dublin, Feb. 14.—Statements as to distress in this country are not made by alarmists, with a tendency to exaggerate. It exists in a serious form that admits of no denial. William Phillips, an Englishman owning large estates in west Ireland, where he is a magistrate for several counties and is a political supporter of the present government, gives the following appalling description of the condition of affairs there: "Knowing probably better than any other Englishman the people of west Ireland, I am deeply disappointed to find Gerald Balfour's answer to the Irish members so very unsatisfactory. From my own personal knowledge I can say that no words I could use would adequately describe the fearful state of misery and destitution in which, from no fault of their own, they are now placed. Unless many are to die of starvation immediate relief is imperatively needed."

OBSERVED AN ANNIVERSARY.

Rome, Feb. 14.—The pope celebrated mass Sunday in the presence of a congregation of pilgrims from all parts of the country in honor of past and coming anniversaries jointly of his first mass, his election and coronation. His holiness was borne to the church, and an elaborate ceremony was observed. The pope knelt while his chaplain celebrated the second thanksgiving mass and then, seated on the throne, received the leaders of the pilgrims. At the conclusion he pronounced the apostolic benediction in a strong voice, after which he was carried from the church with the same ceremony. His holiness appeared to be in excellent health.

ARRESTED IN SCOTLAND.

Edinburg, Scotland, Feb. 14.—In the police court Saturday Joseph Slattery and his wife, the lecturing ex-priest and former sister of charity, were charged with selling indecent books, purporting to be an "exposure" of catholicism. The court was crowded with Catholics and Protestants. Slattery promised to destroy the books, and the case was adjourned in order to enable him to fulfill his promise.

TORTURE OF ANARCHISTS.

Barcelona, Feb. 14.—Thirty thousand people, mostly workmen and orderly, demonstrated here Sunday against the torture of the anarchists at Monjuich fortress. Resolutions of protest and demanding the punishment of the torturers and a revision of the trial were adopted, and will be forwarded to the government.

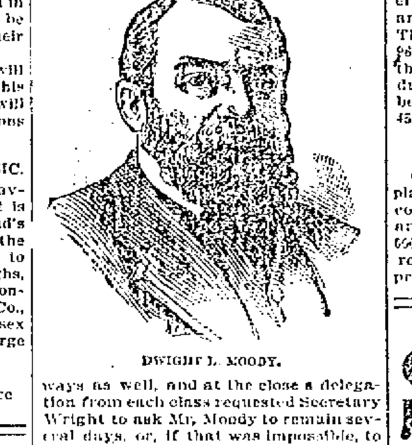
MR. MOODY HEARD

By the Students of Yale Yesterday.

HE SPEAKS HIGHLY OF THE SEVERE CRITICISMS.

Apropos of the Severe Criticisms.

New Haven, Feb. 14.—D. L. Moody, the noted evangelist, addressed the students of Yale Sunday morning and evening, and several hundred of them also attended the monster meeting in the Hyperion theatre, where 2000 were turned away for lack of room. In all the services unprecedented interest was taken by the students. The optional meeting under the Y. M. C. A. auspices was so largely attended that the students not only crowded the big hall to suffocation almost, but filled the stairways as well, and at the close a delegation from each class requested Secretary Wright to ask Mr. Moody to remain several days, or, if that was impossible, to return to Yale again in the near future.



DWIGHT L. MOODY.

In an interview last night Mr. Moody expressed himself as follows with regard to Yale, apropos of the agitation now being waged against the university by a certain class of reformers: "I have been pretty well acquainted with Yale for 20 years, and I have never seen the university in as good condition religiously as now. My oldest son graduated here, and if my other son, who is now in the freshman class, gets as much out of Yale as his brother did, I shall have reason to thank God through time and eternity. I can honestly say that I have never spent so good a day at Yale as today has been. I never saw so earnest and inquiring a crowd of young men as that which attended the optional service this evening. As to the liquor question, I believe in local option. If satisfactory, strong, moral sentiments can be secured to keep it from becoming a dead letter, I am in favor of prohibition; but in states where there is a large city you can't enforce statutory prohibition because of lack of moral sentiment. If it could be enforced I wish New Haven would vote so."

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The assignment of one of the most enterprising and largest firms in Nashua, N. H., Jackman & Sexton, furniture dealers, is announced.

The collector of customs in Bridgeport, Conn., was warned to be on the lookout for a filibustering expedition supposed to be fitting out at that port.

The money for the widows and children of the fire victims in Boston now amounts to $3323 held by The Post and $22,852.71 held by Kidder, Peabody & Co.

The steamer, Veendham, from Rotterdam for New York, with 127 passengers and crew of 85, struck a wreck Feb. 6 and began to sink. The St. Louis appeared on the scene and took all on board.

The Chester, Vt., hotel and stable adjoining were burned. The loss is $10,000. Members of a traveling dramatic company had rooms in the hotel, and several had narrow escapes from suffocation.

Several members of the Spanish cabinet favor the nomination of the Duke of Arcos, Spanish minister to Mexico, as De Lome's successor, because he could take charge of the Spanish legation at Washington this week.

The acting president of the St. Louis board of police issued a fiat to the chief of police, stating that public sparring or boxing exhibitions are a violation of the laws of Missouri. He directed that hereafter the law be enforced in such cases.

Gloucester's annual tribute to the fishermen who go down to the sea in ships and never return was observed Sunday. The memorial list as read shows that 96 hardy men lost their lives while in the pursuit of their dangerous calling during the year 1897, their average age being 31 years. Seventeen widows and 45 children are left to mourn their loss.

CEMENT PLANT BURNED.

Chicago, Feb. 14.—Fire destroyed the plant of the Chicago Portland Cement company at Hawthorne. The loss amounts to $100,000; insurance, $50,000. The fire originated in the drying rooms and consumed everything on the premises.

PLEASANT TO TAKE DROPPED ON SUGAR.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT CURES COLDS CROUP COUGH COLIC CRAMPS

All who use it are amazed at its wonderful power and are loud in its praise ever after. For Internal as much as External Use. Originated in 1810 by an old Family Physician. Be not afraid to trust what time has endorsed.

Every Mother should have it in the house for the many common ailments which will occur in every family as long as life has woes. Dropped on sugar suffering children love it. Do not forget the very important and useful fact, that Johnson's Anodyne Liniment cures every form of inflammation, internal or external. It is a fact, proven by the investigations of medical science, that the real danger from disease is caused by inflammation; cure the inflammation and you conquer the disease.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Could a remedy have existed for over eighty years except for the fact that it does possess extraordinary merit for very many Family Ills? There is not a medicine in use today which has the confidence of the public to so great an extent as this wonderful Anodyne. It has stood upon its own intrinsic merit, while generation after generation have used it with entire satisfaction, and handed down to their children a knowledge of its worth, as a Universal Household Remedy, from infancy to good old age.

Our Book "Treatment for Diseases" Mailed Free. Doctor's Signature and Directions on every bottle. At all Druggists. I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

STRONG AGAIN! WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY Sexine Pills

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

A BIG SACRIFICE

Regular $65 Sewing Machine Marked Down to $23.50.

We need the room for our 1898 line of Bicycles, which will be here soon, and will sell any Sewing Machine on our floor at exactly cost price. Cash or instalments. Old Machines taken in exchange.

RING'S BICYCLE STORE, 221-231 DUTTON STREET

Notice of Importance

We are overstocked with Butter, and with the decided decline in price, we will offer this week several hundred tubs of Elgin Creameries and Vermont Dairies at the low price of

18c. and 20c. per lb.

These goods are sold everywhere today at 22 and 25c. We will also offer 120 five pound boxes and 130 10 pound tubs of Creamery at 20c. per pound, which we believe cannot be duplicated elsewhere at 25c. It is unnecessary to say anything of the value of these goods, for by testing you will find them just as stated. We wish to say, however, that at these prices they will not last long.

Public Market and Packing Co.

60-70-72 Prescott Street, Opposite Market. Tel. 20-3.

Carriages Not Needed Now—But Later On

Are the ones we work on during the winter season—The gain is on your side—Paint and Varnish has plenty of time to harden—and at a time when the carriage will not be wanted.

What carriages can you spare? Talk with us about repairing them.

THE SAWYER CARRIAGE CO. WORTHEN ST.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

This Affects Your Pocketbook

Catch On.

ROAST PORK	7c. lb
SMOKED SHOULDERS	8c. lb.
2 lbs. SLICED HAM	25c.
FIRST CUT ROAST BEEF	10c. lb.
LEGS, LAMB	10c. lb.
LEGS, VEAL	10c. lb.
5-LB. BOX BUTTER (Prime)	95c. box

CENTRAL Cash Market

Cor. Central and Charles Sts.

PIANOS If you are thinking of buying a Piano call on

Joseph J. Johnson,

238 SUFFOLK STREET,

Agent for the McPhail and other first class pianos. Lowest prices. Easy terms.

Notice. For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor will make his $22 Suits for $16, his $28 Suits for $20, his $30 Suits for $22. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.

A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.

Few doors from the corner of Central St.

W. F. TRUMBELL

Has fixed it so that every body can have a Piano. Read this offer. I will sell two fine

UPRIGHT PIANOS

with Stool, Cover and Book for

$185.00.

The one that gets here first will be more than lucky.

101 Westford Street

IS THE PLACE.

Incandescent Gas Lamp

95c.

The same lamp I have been selling for $2.00. The best mantle on the market. Cut this out and bring it in and get a '98 calendar for it.

Geo. H. Bachelder,

SOLE AGENT,

23 P. O. Ave. beside new P. O.

Telephone 307-3.

R. J. MOWER,

PRACTICAL

WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN

285 CENTRAL ST.

THEY WONDER WHY

Jacob Doll is selling so many PIANOS. The reason why is plain. The quality is up, the price is down, the touch is wonderful, the tone is powerful, the scale is perfect, the cases are up to date and forty other reasons. Jacob Doll High Grade Pianos, 3 2 Merrimack street, Associate Building, opp. City Hall, Sam L. Orr, Manager.

Lowell High Grade FERTILIZERS

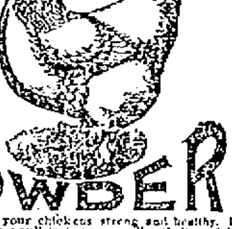
Lowest in Price, Highest in Standard.

FOR SALE BY

E. N. Wood & Co.,

79-83 Market St., Lowell, Mass.

SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER



It will keep your chickens strong and healthy. It will make young pullets lay early. Worth its weight in gold for moulting hens, and prevents all diseases. It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity costs only a tenth of a cent a day. No other kind like it.

NOTHING ON EARTH WILL MAKE HENS LAY LIKE SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

Therefore, no matter what kind of food you use, mix with it daily Sheridan's Powder. Otherwise, your profit this fall and winter will be lost when the price for eggs is very high. It assures perfect assimilation of the food elements needed to produce health and form eggs. It is sold by druggists, grocers, feed dealers or by mail.

If you can't get it send to us. Ask first. One pack. 25 cts. five $1. Large 2-lb can $1.20. Six cans Exp. paid, $5. Sample of Best Poultry Paper sent free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

IBSEN'S 70TH BIRTHDAY.

The Great Disciple of Realism As He Is To-Day.

SOME IDIOSYNCRACIES.

Still Active and Quietly Working Away On His New Plays.

On the writing table of Henrik Ibsen there may be seen a little tray, and on the tray a small carved wooden elephant. By the side of this tray there always stands a little black devil, holding a match, and two or three diminutive copper cats and rabbits. One of the cats is playing a violin.

"What are these funny little things?" an inquisitive caller once asked the famous dramatist.

This was Mr. Ibsen's reply: "I never write a single line of any of my dramas without having that tray and its occupants before me on the table. I could not write without them. It may seem strange—perhaps it is strange—I cannot write without them. But why I use them is my own secret," and he laughed quietly.

This incident, in a way, is a key to the unique personality of this remarkable man, whose 70th birthday will occur on March 20th. The mystery, gloom, the black devil holding the match, the weird fascination of the little toys show the somber cast of the mind of the great dramatist, whose dramas have in them the sternness, harshness, narrowness and wild storminess of his own native mountains.

Henrik Ibsen was born on March 20th, 1828. At the time of Ibsen's birth his father was wealthy; but soon after lost nearly all of his property, and was compelled to move into a small house in the country. When sixteen years old Henrik was told that thereafter he must earn his own living. He began work in an apothecary's shop, and continued there for five years, learning all he could and hoping to become a doctor of medicine. During his spare time he read queer books and wrote weird verses. But the apothecary's shop was to him like a cage to an eagle; and, when he could stand it no longer, he went to Christiania. He published his first book when only twenty-one years old. It was a failure; and Ibsen was nearly heartbroken. Only about thirty copies were purchased; and so hard up was he at this time that he sold the remainder of the edition for waste paper to buy his dinner and pay for his room. But soon the clouds lifted; and he was made stage manager of the Bergen Theater, with a salary of $335 a year. He remained at Bergen for seven years; and it was during this period that he acquired his wonderful knowledge of stage situations. He now began to write dramas. Success clasped him by the hand. Fame bore his name to all nations. And now he has great wealth, every cent of which he earned with his pen.

Henrik Ibsen is old—seventy years old. The storms are passed, and he lives a very quiet life in his Christiania home.

He is extremely methodical in his work and habits; and one day is very much like every other day in its strict regularity. He does much of his work in the morning, and always takes a short walk before dinner, which is eaten about three o'clock. After dinner he strolls down University street to the hotel, sits himself down at one of the tables, calls for coffee or beer, and reads the newspapers for an hour or two. On returning home he entertains visitors, if there be any, or resumes his work, if the opportunity is given him. "I do not read a great deal," he says of himself. "I am getting lazy; but I look over the papers every day, and I read a book now and then. Sometimes I have to dive deeply into a scientific work to collect psychological and physiological facts for my plays; but I seldom read books nowadays without some such object. I attend to all my correspondence and business. Sometimes, indeed, I forget which books are translated and into what language; then I have to appeal to a friend, who remembers all these things and never makes a mistake."

Henrik Ibsen is a shy, quiet, reserved man. He talks quietly and deliberately, and walks and moves slowly. He never does anything in a hurry. Especially is this true of his work. It requires at least two years for him to think out and write a play. He writes and re-writes, destroying to-morrow what he has built to-day; and sometimes has even burned the entire work of many months, because the result did not please this critical self-critic. He never talks about his present or future work; and no one, save his publishers, ever know what he is doing until his book is printed.

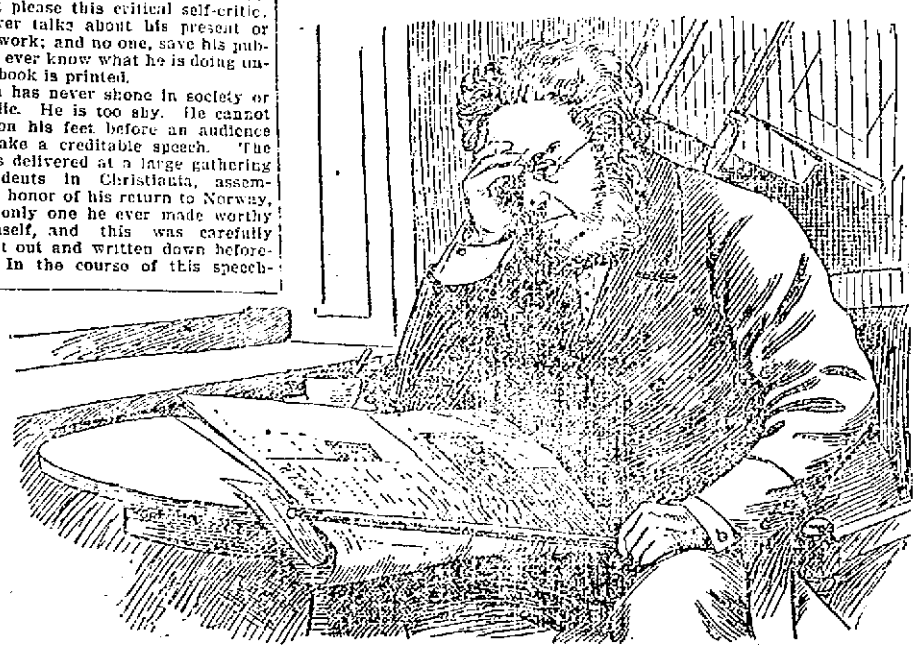
Ibsen has never shone in society or in public. He is too shy. He cannot stand on his feet before an audience and make a creditable speech. The address delivered at a large gathering of students in Christiania, assembled in honor of his return to Norway, is the only one he ever made worthy of himself, and this was carefully thought out and written down beforehand. In the course of this speech, which was somewhat autobiographical, he said: "Poetry has come to me as a flash in my best hours, as being great and beautiful, and has stirred me as with living power. Poetry, too, has served me for a bath, from which I have emerged cleaner, healthier, freer." Like our Hawthorne he has a horror of public speaking, and seldom can be induced to utter a word when on the platform.

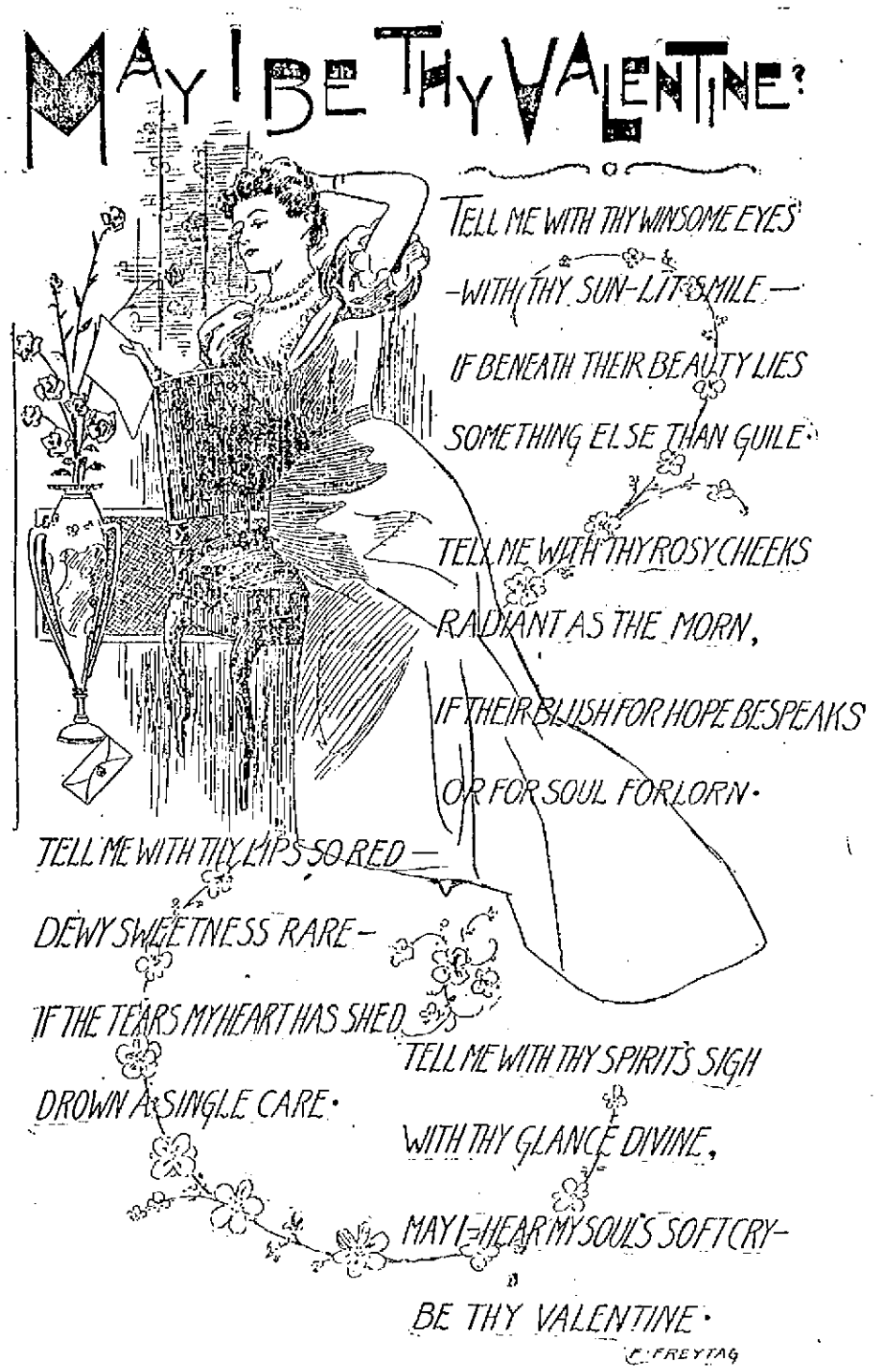
In stature Ibsen is a small man, thick set and a little stout in build. His face is like a Norway mountain, rugged, shaggy-browed, harsh, grand; and is framed with a tangled mass of glistening white hair. In manner he is exceedingly retiring; and, when he speaks at all he speaks very slowly and deliberately, as though he weighed every word he uttered in a mental balance. He is never rude, or unkind, or inconsiderate; but treats everybody with kindness and courtesy.

"Rude features, piercing eyes, a firm mouth, a shock of tumbled hair, a mass of white beard at the throat, and the air of an old Norse salt," this is Ibsen as pictured by the Journal des Debats. A strong, grand man; wrong, it may be, in many of his views of life; dwelling too much in the shadowy places; without enough of God's sunshine in his heart to thoroughly warm it; and yet, he is a strong, grand man, one of the greatest personalities of the dying century.

Whether or not we agree with his religion and philosophy, or accept his views of the end and purpose of life, we must acknowledge his sincerity, and can rejoice heartily that Henrik Ibsen has been spared to live so long and fruitful a life.

HENRIK IBSEN AS HE IS TO-DAY.





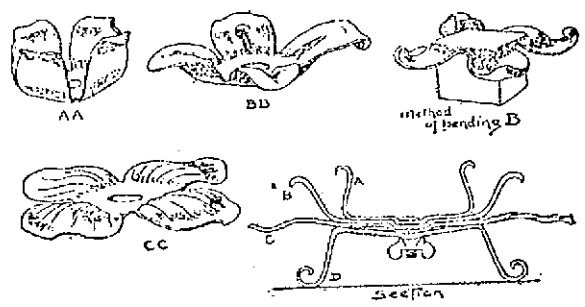
AMATEUR METAL WORK.

How to Make a Pretty Inkstand For Yourself.

Since the rage for fancy articles made from iron began, many amateurs have perfected themselves in this art and the result has been an array of exquisitely-carved chandeliers, candelabra and numerous other dainty and useful ornaments. In consequence it has been discovered that other common metals can be made up into unique and novel gifts, and brass, block tin and copper are brought in to play.

It is well for the beginner to commence on something simple and as an ink stand is one of the most useful articles we possess, and certainly from the decorative point of view of greater importance than even the pen, as lending itself more readily and with more apparent result to the artistic finger, it would form an excellent piece of work to start with.

To make this article for one's self, one does not need to be a skilled repousse worker. First of all, procure the inkwell, preferably of glass, of square form, not too large. If not too costly, have a hinged silver top, otherwise a glass inserted stopper. Do not choose a hinged glass top, as these are very liable to come loose, being too heavy for the small hinges which hold them.



PARTS OF THE INKSTAND.

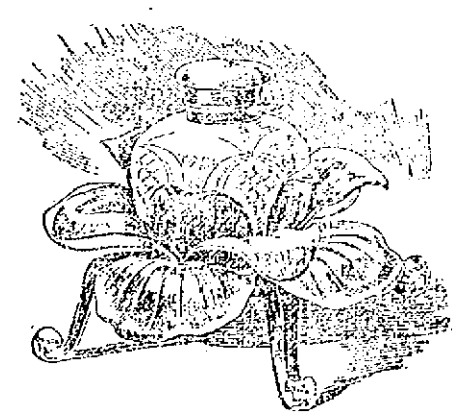
The next thing is to make the petals of the flower of which the inkwell forms the centre. The inner cluster is of brass, cut to the shape on the full-size diagram overleaf. This should be bent to the shaps shown at A A, with the edges curled over and so far inward that they will clip the glass inkwell.

The next layer is of block tin, which is to be bent to the shape required, as shown at B B. Although at first sight this appears rather difficult, like many other things, it is easy enough if you hit upon the right way. Cut a square piece of wood a little larger than the inkwell, as indicated by the dotted line and placing the pattern face downwards on it, beat down the overhanging parts with a round-ended mallet or hammer. In fact, it may be almost bent to shape with the fingers, as tin is very soft. It must be pure tin-sheet, not tinned iron.

The lowest petals are of copper, and should be laid face down on sheet lead, and the lines of the curved veins should be worked on the back with a blunt tracer or a small chisel. This will, if the blows of the hammer are pretty heavy, raise the front correspondingly and form raised ribs. The centre part of each petal should now be "bumped up," and the outer edge curled, all of which may be done on the end grain of a piece of wood, slightly hollowed. The petal should resemble, when finished, C C.

Now for the legs, which are made of two long pieces of sheet brass, D bent down as shown in cut, so as to make the leg V-shaped. The ends are curled up to form feet. The whole of the parts are now ready for putting together, and, as an article of this kind requires cleaning, it should be made up in such a way that it can be easily taken to pieces. Drill a hole in the center of the pieces A, B, C and D as shown, and pass a small bolt and wing nut through. The nut will not show from above. The leg pieces D, will be crosswise, and in order to keep them at right angles small corners may be turned down on the upper one at the points F F, so as to catch the sides of the cross-piece.

It is unnecessary to mention that the whole may be made in one metal if desired, and it may also be fixed on a tray of similar metal to hold pens, for the more elaborate an article of this kind, the better, for this is what gives the real finishing touch to the writing desk or library table.



THE INKSTAND COMPLETE.

POPE'S NOTABLE ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION.

The Head of the Catholic Church Preparing for the March Jubilee.—His Daily Labors and His Pleasures.

As Abstemious As Ever.—He Spends His Time on Church Literature and on Church Propaganda.

The greatest religious event of 1898 will be the celebrating of the Pope's jubilee at Rome. This august ovation will be the occasion of great rejoicing to the Roman Catholics everywhere; and of much interest to all, regardless of religious beliefs.

Leo XIII. will be just eighty-eight years old on the 2nd day of March; and the following day will be the twentieth anniversary of his elevation to the Apostolic chair. These events are to be celebrated, with beautiful and impressive services and all the magnificent pomp and pageantry befitting a Pope, in St. Peter's Cathedral at Rome; and, with appropriate ceremonies, by the Roman Catholics throughout the world.

THE POPE'S SEDAN CHAIR

Not often has it been possible for a Supreme Pontiff to celebrate the twentieth anniversary of his coronation; and only one, among the 258 Popes who have been crowned, reached the "years of St. Peter." Pope Leo XIII. is now within five years of that proverbial period; for, according to the Catholic Church, St. Peter served his flock exactly one-quarter of a century.

The long life of this remarkable man and his excellent health are due mainly to his careful manner of living and frugal edict. "I eat more in one meal than the Holy Father does in a week," is a remark made by his physician. In view of these facts it will be interesting to note the general routine of the Pope's life during one day.

He arises every morning at about 6 o'clock, and is assisted in dressing by his old and faithful valet. After mass he partakes of coffee and goat's milk with a little bread. At 10 o'clock the Secretary of State arrives to consult with him regarding the affairs of the Church. When the morning is about half way through a small bowl of broth is brought to him. The midday meal is eaten about 1:30 p. m.; and usually consists of soup, boiled meat, roast lamb and vegetables with claret or chianti. His Holiness now takes a short siesta. This over, he resumes his work; and later in the day takes a drive through the beautiful gardens of the Vatican. While driving he can be seen easily from the dome of St. Peter's; and frequently his every movement is watched through field-glasses by tourists. In the early evening he eats a light supper; and then studies or reads till late in the night.

A simple, wholesome life; and yet, the man who lives it is more powerful than any monarch on earth to-day.

Leo XIII is the oldest living man in active public life. Bismarck is but eighty-two; Gladstone is eighty-eight; but both of these great men have laid down the burden of active public life and retired to the quiet of their homes.

Leo XIII. is one of the most accomplished Popes that ever wore the papal crown. He has shown his scholarship and genius, not only in Church polity, but also in poetry and philosophy. His recent poems are remarkable examples of the vigor and breadth of his intellect. He has helped to make a part of the history of his time; and will always be kindly remembered in the literary world for having made the archives of the Vatican accessible to scholars.

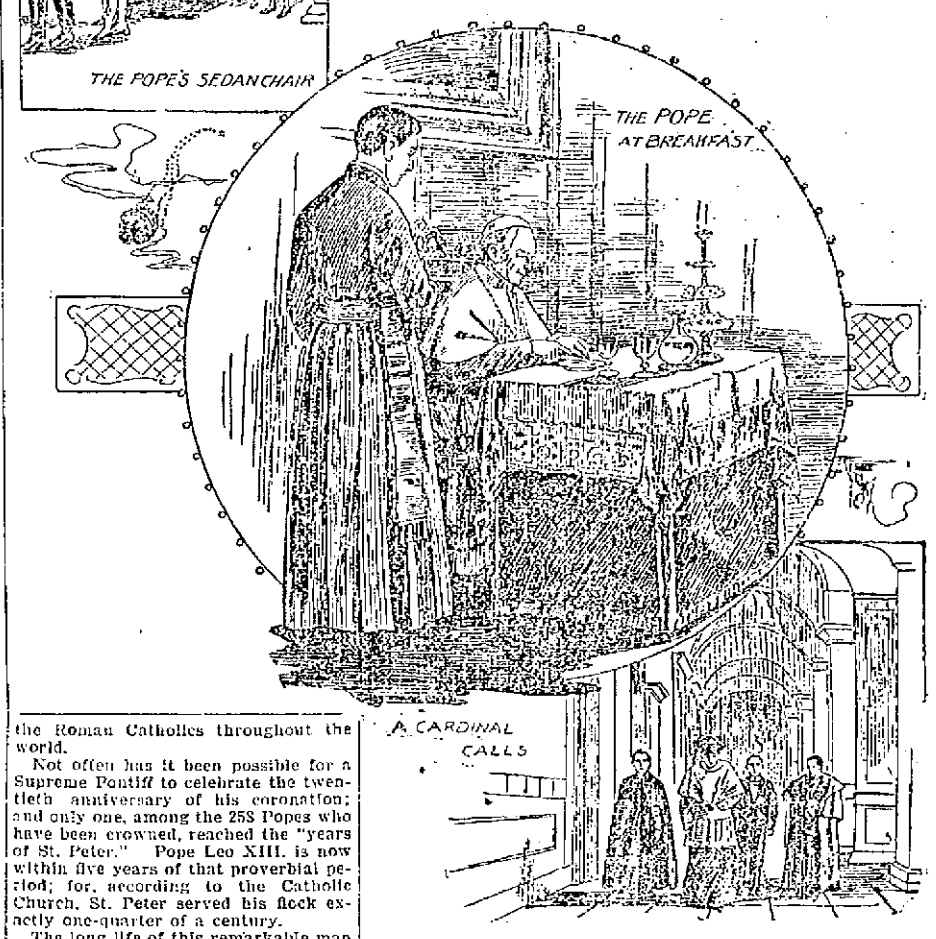
The life of Leo XIII. has been a valuable one to the Church and to the world. He has had great powers, and he has used them wisely. In matters of Church policy and procedure his enlightened views have won the approbation of the wise of all religions. For many years he has labored for the unity of all Christendom, and firmly believes that the day will yet come when this beautiful dream will be a reality. Of late years he has taken an active interest in the socialistic problems, which have thrust themselves up so often and so imperatively. He steadily maintains that the Church alone can solve these problems; and, to illustrate his views, a typical establishment showing the true relations between capital and labor is now in active operation near Rheims.

Since the establishment at Rome of the Government of Italy the Popes have considered themselves prisoners within their palace. The Government of Italy now recognizes the independent sovereignty of the Pope only within the vatican and its gardens and within the Papal villa and its grounds some miles beyond Rome. In his own palace the Pope is paramount; but once outside and he is a subject of the King of Italy. When the Lateran and the Papal villa was granted to the Vatican by the Italian Government it was very careful to exclude the Cathedral of St. Peter's from the privilege of extra territoriality. And yet, St. Peter's and the Vatican do not merely stand side by side, but they are joined to one another—they belong to each other. There are passages which connect St. Peter's and the Vatican; but these passages have been closed since 1879, except on the few occasions when the Pope has appeared in the grand old Cathedral. So, when Leo XIII. at his coming jubilee celebration, passes from the doors of the Vatican into the porch of St. Peter's he will become a subject of the King of Italy.

The Holy Father is now an old, a very old man; and he looks weirdly frail and pale, but every inch a Pope. His form is straight and erect; his wonderful luminous brown eyes are as piercing as ever, and the alabaster whiteness and purity of his countenance gives him a benign and saintly appearance. He is old and physically weak; but there is not a suggestion of mental or spiritual decay in the kindly masterful face. He thinks clearly, decides promptly, and appears to have all the faculties of his great mind under complete control. Old age is dealing very kindly by him.

And yet, Pope Leo knows that he is nearing his end, that at most he has only a few short years to live. "Bussiamo alla porta dell' eternita" (We are knocking at the door of eternity), is one of his favorite expressions.

Small wonder then that the faithful in every clime are preparing to celebrate the coming jubilee with great pomp and rejoicings; for all must feel that this may be the last jubilee of one of the greatest and noblest of men who have adorned the throne of the Church of Rome.



POPE LEO AT HIS DAILY TASKS.

School Training.

The practice in some public schools of requiring the children, when moving in a body, to observe more than the military rigidity of line, with penalties for looking in other than a prescribed direction, or for lifting the hand to allay a facial irritation, reaches a climax in the San Francisco schools. There, the boys, when lined up in front of the school, awaiting the tap of the bell, are required to stand with their arms folded across their chests, exactly in the prison attitude. When they move it is with the prison lockstep, and between rows of nails driven into the sidewalk, and woe be to the unlucky youth who steps over the line. The criticism of the method comes from a detective. The boys, he claims, are acquiring a habit which in later years will be a source of annoyance and a cause of suspicion. Discharged convicts, the detective asserts, frequently resume the prison habit of the lockstep and the folded arms when their minds are preoccupied, and to the veteran police officer the motion and the attitude are as distinctive as the striped suit.—New York Post.

A German thus discoursed learnedly upon the business situation recently:

"If business is no better next week dan it was yesterday two weeks ago, den I'm a son of a gun, dat's vat I hopes."—Philadelphia North American.

NOTES OF INTEREST.

It is not generally known in latter-day Minnesota history that the state treasury once paid out cash as bounties for Sioux Indian scalps, just as this and many other states are now paying for wolf scalps. State Treasurer Koerner, in looking over the 1826 report of State Treasurer Charles Schaff, discovered the following item among the disbursements of that year: "J. C. Davis, Sioux scalp, $25." This item occurs in the list of disbursements amounting to $7,870.66, under the head "Suppressing Indian War." The $25 paid to J. C. Davis for the Indian scalp in question, therefore, had its niche in the cause of suppressing, or spreading the Sioux outbreak. It doubtless strikes the general reader that $25 is rather small inducement for securing Sioux scalps. Few hunters to-day would care to contract for pelts of that kind for that figure.

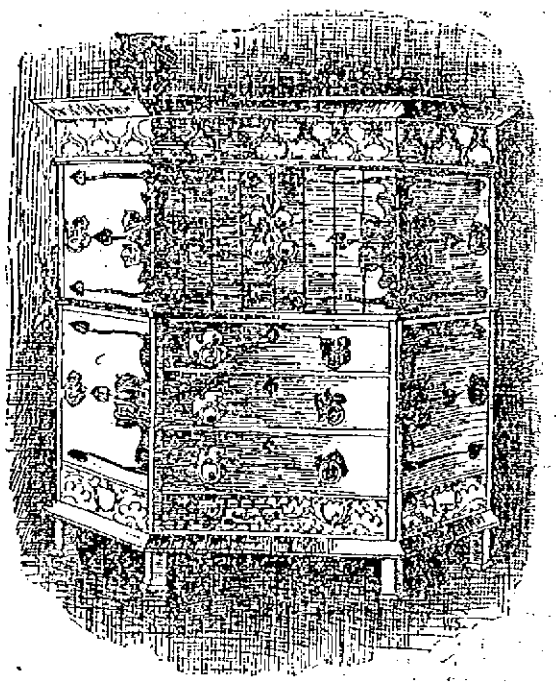
One day a mother who had been to a country house near Marseilles was returning at twilight to the city with her son, a child of eight years, who had been put in a peach basket borne by a donkey, and the mother, fearing the child might catch cold (it was in November), had covered him with a thick brown shawl. Tired with running around the country all day, cosey and warm under the thick shawl, the child was soon asleep and hidden by the sides of the basket. There is a local custom-house at the gates of Marseilles, and when the inspector surmises that any package contains contraband articles he thrusts a sharp steep pick through it. He was preparing to do this with the basket when the mother, some distance behind, saw his intention and shrieked out that her son was in the basket. It was Adolphe Thiers.

In the formation of a single locomotive engine there are nearly 6,000 pieces to be put together, and these require to be as accurately adjusted as the works of a watch.

THE HOME CIRCLE

A Unique Picture Cabinet.

One of the necessary furnishings of a room for those who desire to be neat is a place to store away pictures, engravings or treasures collected in one's rambles. These cabinets are as ornamental as they are handy, and are an additional grace to the library. A very unique design is a cabinet intended to be placed against the wall. A very imposing piece of furniture may be made from this design, either in oak or mahogany, with copper or pewter hinges. On the central drawers there is a novelty in the treatment of handles. In these days of cultivation of artistic metal embossing, a great deal of skill and beauty may be shown on a single



handle if it can be afforded, and one may have the advantage of variety, which on its own account, is said to be charming.

Breakfast.—Oatmeal. Baked Apples. Mutton Chops. Rolls. Coffee.

Luncheon.—Cold Roast Beef. Thin Sliced Bread. Stewed Prunes. Gingerbread. Tea.

Dinner.—Potato Soup. Roast Mutton. Sweet Potatoes, Browned Turnips. Fried Parsnips. Brown Betty Pudding. Coffee.

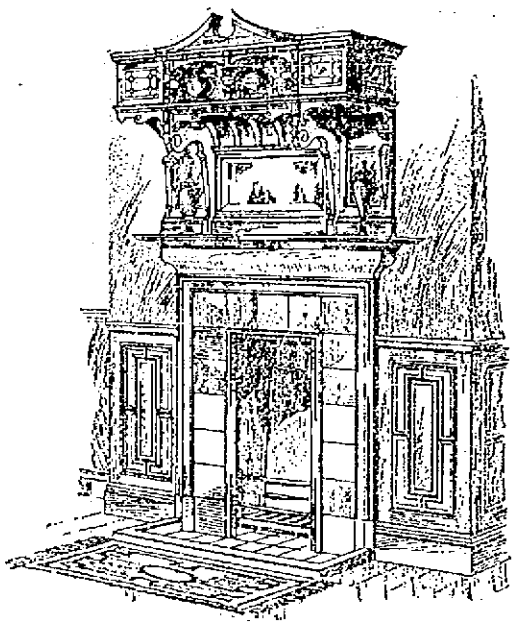
Wanted Only His Head.

After Frederick the Great ascended the throne he paid very little attention either to the adorning of his own person or to that of the individuals honored with his conversation. As to himself, he had only one pair of silk stockings, which he wore once a year, on the occasion of the Queen's birthday, when an entertainment was given at her palace. M. Thiebault, one of the professors of the Royal Academy, who has left behind him several interesting accounts of his conversations with the King, relates that, having once waited on Frederick, when summoned in a hurry, in his travelling dress, he offered an humble apology for the negligence of his attire.

"On hearing my excuses," says Thiebault, "he turned his eyes towards me with a look of disdain, and said, 'You know well enough I never attend to such miserable considerations as these. Observe me: when I send for you you may be as neglectful as you please about your dress, and I shall give myself little concern; but do not forget to bring your head, and I shall be satisfied. I want only your head.'"

Simple Cabinet Mantel.

Unless the mantel is a very handsome one drape it in some way, and above it place a small picture, at one side, not in the center. Above this drape some harmonious material, and on the other side arrange some pretty fans, or anything else that taste may suggest. Avoid anything like a stiff arrangement, and do not put a pair of anything on the mantel shelf. If there



are two vases let one be tall and slender and the other short and stout, and place them with other bric-a-brac on either side of them. A dainty design for a cabinet mantelpiece is shown in the illustration, and would look very pretty carried out in rosewood or stained white wood. A mantel of this description does not need any drapery, as the fine carving is beautiful in itself.

Turkey Stuffed with Chestnuts.

To dress a turkey with chestnuts lard the breast of the turkey with strips of lard bacon in regular lines, then cover it with thin slices of lemon; butter a sheet of paper and wrap the bird in it, roasting it for an hour, and basting it carefully. After this remove the paper and lemon and roast again for half an hour or longer, according to size; allow it to brown nicely, and at last baste it with butter.

To make chestnut forcemeat, peel two dozen chestnuts, throw them into boiling water, boil for ten minutes, after which drain them, and take off the under skin. Return them to the pan with sufficient milk, or milk and water, to cover, and simmer them till tender. Have ready a medium-sized onion boiled soft, a tablespoonful of chopped parsley, and two ounces of fresh butter, slightly warmed. Drain and mash the chestnuts, mix with other ingredients, and a plentiful seasoning of salt and pepper. The onion should be chopped. Many people prefer the chestnut forcemeat mixed with pork sausage meat, as being more tasty. When this is the case take equal quantities of each.

Pretty Pinafore.

A dainty pinafore for a child of eight can be made of muslin or cambric. Hem lower edge quite narrow, and to the hem sew on the insertion, to lower edge of which gather the lace frill. Hem armholes and stitch up shoulder, then gather neck back and front and draw

up fulness to fit the neck band, which cut in material and in insertion, so that the neck can be placed between and stitched, and under the insertion is stitched to the lace frill. The upper edge of insertion is finished with a narrow edging, and the insertion interlaced with ribbon finished with a ribbon bow. Fasten neck of pinafore at back with a pearl button and loop. The insertion for the neck would require to be mitred back and front, also on the shoulders to shape it like the pattern.

TUESDAY.

Breakfast.—Bananas. Oatmeal. Sugar and Cream. Boiled Eggs. Brown Bread. Coffee.

Luncheon. — Creamed Corn Beef. Pickles. Brown Bread. Rice Pudding. Chocolate.

Dinner.—Tomato Soup. Broiled Sirloin Steak. Mashed Potatoes. Spinach. Celery Salad. Crackers. Cheese. Home Made Apple Pie. Coffee.

Blouse Bodice.

This bodice is suitable either to be made up of the same material as the

skirt, or some contrasting material. The model is of dark red cashmere, made with a yoke of velvet of a darker shade; the front is trimmed with straps of fancy galloons, rising in points in the center; the sleeves are puffed at the top, and have three tucks between the puff and the elbow; the short basque is machine-stitched round; pointed band of velvet.

Old-Line Lead Pencils.

We call certain useful implements for writing by the name of lead-pencils, and then we have to explain to children that lead-pencils are not what they seem—that in reality they are not lead at all. The material employed in our cedar-wood pencils and our pencil-cases—whether of gold, silver, or caoutchouc—is graphite or plumbago, not lead or any other metal, but a substance which is almost pure carbon, like the diamond and charcoal. It is very difficult to turn, and at one time only large pieces could be used for pencils; then small pieces and dust were cemented together with sulphur, though the result was unsatisfactory. Now, by great pressure, these are made into cakes for the immense demand. From its use for pencils, plumbago got the name of blacklead. All this points to a time when lead was really used for the purpose of making marks on paper. What the lead-pencil was when it was in fact, as well as in name, a pencil made of lead, may be seen in one dating back to the fourteenth century, and preserved in a museum in France. It is a stalk of solid lead filed to a point, and having a large circular head or handle. This head is highly ornamental and shows a religious use. On one side is a Madonna and Child, and on the other what is apparently a monk, outlining with his pencil the designs he is to illuminate in a book. Our modern artists would find the pencil cumbrous, unhandy, and unsuitable, but with nothing better, the old illuminators traced the beautiful works which are so much admired.

WEDNESDAY.

Breakfast.—Quaker Oats, with Milk drawn tightly around.
and Sugar. Bacon and Eggs. Toast. Coffee.

Luncheon.—Baked Beans. Brown Bread. Cake. Raspberry Jam. Cocoa.

Dinner. — Cream of Celery Soup. Corned Beef. Boiled Potatoes. Onions, with Cream Sauce. Cold Slaw. Lima Beans. Wafers. Rebecca Pudding. Coffee.

Palmistry.

The palmistry fad seems to be on the increase, although it has had a longer run than most of the fashionable fads. The reason is easily seen. All the world and his wife likes to hear himself discussed and dissected. And then, too, it is such a delightful opportunity for the ladies to show a pretty hand. The newspapers give from time to time diagrams of hands of famous people, with certain traits revealed. To those who know the individual and the real character these revealed traits are sometimes unintentionally very funny. —Woman's World.

A teaspoonful of turpentine put into the tub in which clothes are soaking will aid greatly in making them brilliantly white.

FOR THE FEMININE

The New Walk.

Society has adopted a new walk for men and women. They stand erect, inclined slightly forward, their arms and hands hanging limply at their sides, while their correctly shod feet strike the pavement with a motion between a bound and a hop. They are walking on the balls of their feet, and the fashionable new gait for both sexes has not a little to commend it.—Woman's World.

Emollient for Chapped Hands.

A home-made emollient for chapped hands is compounded from an ounce of white wax and an ounce of spermaceti. Cut into shreds and melt together in an earthenware jar; then add an ounce of camphorized oil, stir the ingredients until they are well mixed, place the jar in a basin of cold water, stir until the cream is cold, then pack in little jars for the dressing table. If this is rubbed on the hands and a pair of wash-leather gloves worn at night the relief will be prompt.

Evening Smocked Bodice.

A decidedly chic bodice for theater or reception wear is carried out in rose colored silk. Soft silk is draped over the bodice lining and smocked to fit the neck. The epaulettes over the shoulders are made in one piece, lined

with muslin and trimmed with sequin embroidery, the same trimming being used on the belt. The short coat sleeve is covered with a silk puff, smocked to fit the lining, and ending in a hemmed frill. This waist would look well worn with a skirt of the same material or a black silk or velvet skirt.

THURSDAY.

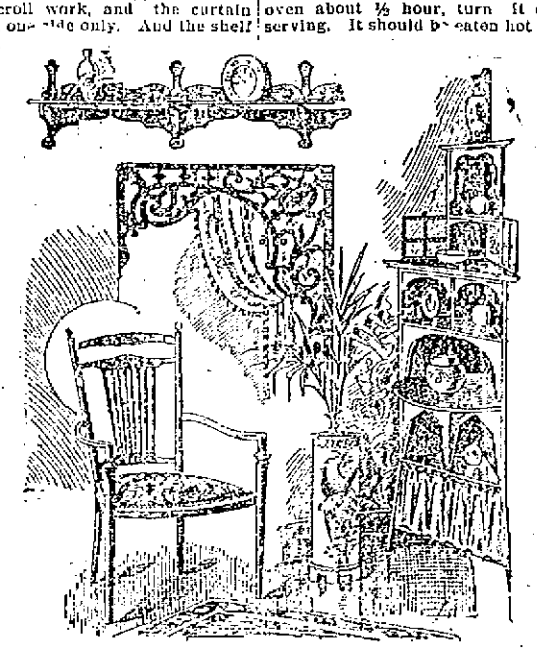
Breakfast.—Whole Wheat Biscuit and Cream. Sausages. Apple Sauce. Rolls. Coffee.

Luncheon.—Scrambled Eggs. Tomato Sauce. Bread and Butter. Cookies. Preserved Peaches. Tea.

Dinner. — Noodle Soup. Chicken Fricassee, with Dumplings. Mashed Potatoes. Sweet Potatoes. Celery. Wafers. Nuts and Apples. Custard. Coffee.

A Few Decorative Suggestions.

Nearly every home can find room for a useful and pretty little corner of some description, and for the woman with a little ability there are many dainty designs. The illustration shows four different ideas for home decoration. The three-cornered cabinet, which somewhat resembles the old-fashioned "what-not" would look very pretty made of stained white wood and would be quite an addition to an otherwise bare corner. Then there is an elaborate design for a doorway, with ornamental scroll work, and the curtain draped on one side only. And the shelf



over the door on which are placed a few bits of old china gives a very artistic air to any room. These and many other items are the things that help to make the home beautiful.

Drape for Piano Back.

This is a very effective arrangement for ornamenting the back of a piano that stands out in a room. The drapery is Japanese printed silk, or Oriental embroidery may be used lined with plain silk; it should measure about two-thirds longer than the piano, and should be more than half as deep again to allow for the draping; the left top end is pleated so that the superfluous length falls in waterfall down the side; the material is drawn tightly across the top, and is pleated up to the other top corner, and the end is left to hang down; this corner is ornamented with two Indian kus-kus, and the opposite corner with four leaf-shaped Japanese fans. A music-rack with painted panels is placed at the right-hand side, the drapery being drawn over one corner. On the top of the piano is a screen for photographs and a statuette. A bamboo stand for a vase of flowers is placed near the piano.

Fancies in Tulle.

Tulle will prove a strong rival of straw during the early part of the coming season. The most novel ways of using it are not in quillings of puffs, as last year, but in layers, one over the other, until it is quite opaque, and then it is either stretched smoothly over a firm shape, or arranged in the form of a beret, with the loose edges of the tulle separate, like the leaves of a bonnet, and each one bordered with extremely narrow satin ribbon or a row of spangles.

Tulles and gauzes woven with filigree gold, silver or steel are used for making toques. Plain tulle and gauze will be used for trimming all sorts of spring and summer hats, and closely spangled tulle will be used more for the puffed borderings of straw toques.

Chocolate Cream.

To make chocolate cream take ½ oz. of gelatine, put it into a basin and just cover with cold milk; let it stand 2 or 3 hours. Boil ½ pint of cream, and ½ pint of milk, pour it quite hot over the gelatine, stir till it dissolves. Scrape 2 ozs. of chocolate from a cake of it, put it with 1 oz. of loaf sugar into a pan, add the cream, &c., by degrees, mixing the chocolate in quite smooth; stir over the fire until it thickens a little; take it off, leave to cool, then add the whites of 2 eggs beaten to a froth, continue to whisk until it begins to get stiff, then cut it into a mould that has been in cold water.

Breakfast. — Hominy and Milk. Bread Omelet. Toast. Coffee.

Luncheon.—Creamed Codfish. Neufchatel Cheese. Apple Pie. Cocoa.

Dinner.—Oyster Soup. Baked Haddock. Potato Balls, with Parsley. Cauliflower, with Cream Sauce. Spinach Salad. Orange Float. Coffee.

Baked Mincemeat Pudding.

For mincemeat pudding grease a pie dish thickly with lard, then put a thick layer of mincemeat at the bottom. Cut some very thin slices of bread and butter and lay over this without interlapping them. Now put another thin layer of mincemeat, with bread and butter on top. Beat up 2 eggs with a pint of milk, 2 tablespoonfuls of castor sugar, and flavoring of vanilla; pour this into the dish, and allow it to soak for ½ hour. Bake the pudding in a moderate oven about ½ hour, turn it out for serving. It should be eaten hot and requires no salt. Cost, 7d. without mince meat.

Pope and Lord Halifax.

Lord Halifax set himself up as a man of great critical taste in literature and art; and when Pope had completed his translation of the Iliad, he invited him to his mansion to read it. Addison, Congreve, and Garth were present. His lordship, looking solemn and preternaturally wise, every now and then interrupted the reading, and always with the same politely-uttered words.

"I beg your pardon, Mr. Pope," he said, very politely and gently, "but there is something in that passage which does not quite please me; be so good as to mark the place, and consider it at your leisure."

Some time after, Pope, meeting Garth, said:

"I wish his lordship were less loose and general in his remarks; I have been studying those passages he desired me to note over since the reading, and can't for the life of me, guess what he meant."

Garth laughed heartily; he knew his lordship better than Pope did.

"All you need do," said he, "is to leave them exactly as they are, and three months hence show them to his lordship as if they had been altered."

Pope did so; Lord Halifax was greatly pleased and gratified, and, after hearing them re-read, exclaimed:

"Ay, now indeed they are perfect; nothing could be better!"

Dainty Felt Hat.

The model here pictured is a pretty felt hat with the new rolled tartan ribbon round the edge. This is done

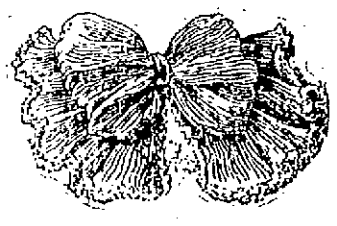
by rolling the ribbon along and catching it with fine gold, silver, or colored silk cord on to the hat at regular intervals. You need a very large-eyed needle specially prepared to take fine cord. Be careful not to make too large holes in the felt. The ribbon roll should be put rather on the top of the felt, and will so hide any needle marks.

Wine Jelly.

The recipe for wine jelly is one ounce of gelatine, put in a basin, add ½ pint of cold water, let it stand 3 hours; when quite soaked add a large teaspoonful of citric acid (Nelson's is best) and ½ pound of loaf sugar; pour on to this a pint of boiling water, and stir till the gelatine and sugar are dissolved, then add ½ pint of sherry (rather common sweet sherry is best), leave it to get nearly cold, put it into moulds which have been in cold water. This jelly can be made with sweet wine, claret, or any other that is liked. If carefully made, it will be quite clear enough without being strained. It has the properties of being very strengthening, easily made, and not expensive, and is very good tasting.

Cravat Bow.

A pretty cravat is a very useful addition to a walking costume; winter materials and fur being rather dark, a bright or light colored cravat bow



gives the smart appearance that is desirable. This bow is of orange-colored accordion-pleated chiffon, edged with Valenciennes lace.

SATURDAY.

Breakfast.—Oatmeal, with Sugar and Cream. Liver and Bacon. Rolls. Coffee.

Luncheon. — Corn Beef Hash on Toats. Thin Sliced Bread. Cake. Prunes. Tea.

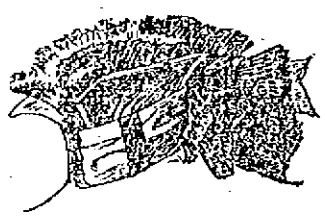
Dinner.—Roast Pork, with Apple Sauce. Mashed Potatoes Browned Sweet Potatoes. Baked Squash. Cheese. Wafers. Cocoanut Pie. Coffee.

Victoria Pudding.

Victoria pudding is a dish very common at English tables, and is made from boiled potatoes. Pass them, while hot and in the mealy stage, through a sieve, and mix with them a little butter, sugar, two eggs to six medium-sized potatoes, three tablespoonfuls of cream, and the grated rind of a lemon. A pudding-dish is buttered and preserved plums or peaches spread on the bottom. The potato pudding is poured over and baked in a moderate oven. Serve hot with powdered sugar sprinkled over the top.

Fashionable Collar.

The lace and chiffon collar forms an admirable adjunct to the plain or dark waist. A decidedly dainty affair is of mauve silk, crossed by straps of black



lace insertion; at each side a wide piece of silk, edged with lace, stands up; inside this is a pleated ruffle of black chiffon, which is continued in a full cravat bow in front.

A tired or nervous headache can be helped, if not entirely cured, by gently combing the hair.

Five drops of tincture of myrrh dropped into half a tumbler of water is a pleasant wash for the mouth.

FASHION FANCIES

For Morning Wear.

Blouses and shirt waists still hold their own, and will continue doing so for a long time to come. Here is

shown a comfortable blouse for morning, or to wear under a jacket for cycling. It is of blue viyella, made with tucks from the shoulders to the waist the box-pleat down the center is edged both sides with a narrow kilting finished with torchon lace; the narrow turn-over collar and cuffs are of linen; the cravat of white ribbon.

Gastronomic Chips.

Life is the queerest of conundrums. We spend one-half of it in guessing what it is, and the other half in regretting that we didn't guess it sooner.

An empty stomach at bedtime may wreck your slumber as surely as an overloaded one. It is a case of Scylla and Charybdis—steer wisely between them.

A man may have the wisdom of Solomon in other matters, and yet be fool enough to forget that his stomach is his best friend.

They say that "Poverty is the mother of health"; perhaps she is, but she sometimes squeezes our diet so tightly that she becomes "the mother of wrinkles."

Let our stock of wisdom be ever so scanty, there is no better place to spread what we have of it than over the table. "Oh!" you say, "I pay my cook to spread his own there." Doubtless you do; but if your cook's wisdom be of the average cook's quality, you pay and look for something which you do not get. A wise cook is one of the blessings that heaven is chary in sending us. Those we get, and get in abundance, come from the other place. —Table Talk.

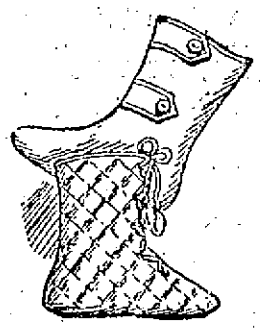
SUNDAY.

Dinner.—Consomme. Roast Turkey, with Cranberry Sauce. Mashed Potatoes. Baked Sweet Potatoes. Celery Salad. Crackers. Cheese. Olives. Fruit. Nuts. Vanilla Ice Cream. Coffee.

Boots for Infants.

The boot with the strap can be made in cloth, silk, satin or kid, the sole being cut out in cardboard, covered with the material or kid while the inside can be lined with quilted silk, satin or sateen. Tack the parts for the inside and outside together, then bind the edge all around with narrow ribbon. Stitch the two parts together down the back seam, the lining and material being sewed up separately. The front seam is then stitched to toe, then linings and material placed together with turnings inside. The top edges are machine stitched while the front straps and lower parts are bound with ribbon. Turn boot wrong side out and sew on the sole.

The quilted boot is made of silk or



satin. The sole is of the quilted material lined inside with silk. The seams are joined as in the other boot and then all bound with ribbon. Just beyond the front binding work eyelet holes on each side to correspond, which permit of lacing up the boot when worn.

Among the novelty waists is one of white taffeta, with a faintly traced black design running over it. This can be worn with any skirt and brightened with different collars and sashes, belts or girdles.

White grosgrain, satin repp crystal silk and glace taffeta are equally dainty in blouse waists for theater wear. They sometimes have no other trimming than a silk gauze scarf tied in a huge bow under the chin.

White watered silk daintily figured in mauve is artistically combined with other fabrics in a dainty corsage. It is made with a yoke of mauve mousseline de soie. The yoke is outlined with a band of deep violet velvet, beneath an insertion the same width of mellow guipure lace. The tight-fitting sleeves have a small crescent-shaped puff at the top and are banded all the way down with clusters of tucks and rows of insertion. A sash of mauve liberty satin finishes the waist, fastening behind in a rosette and long ends.

A marked characteristic of some of the finest evening toilets is the abundant use of transparent fabrics in all of the new shades, over watered silk, moire antique, failles, shot silk and taffeta. A corsage of coral pink crepe de chine over a deeper shade of satin the same color has a choker vest and girdle of satin covered with old Venice lace.

IN GENERAL.

The Providence Telegram says that many agricultural colleges, especially in New-England, show a disposition to conceal their special function as schools of agriculture. "The college in Maine," it declares, "has had its name changed to 'the University of Maine,' omitting any allusion to farming, and will add a school for the production of lawyers to its equipment. The State continues to be taxed for its support. The professors of the Massachusetts Agricultural College are ashamed of the name, and want it called the Massachusetts College. Professors in our Rhode Island College of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts have not waited for legislation, but quietly talk about the Rhode Island College, a title which would belong to Brown if it was to be assigned to any institution. How can these men be expected to accomplish much for the elevation of farming and the farmer when they sail under false colors and do not like to have it known that they are connected with an institution where farming is taught?"

Not long ago President Diaz of Mexico received a letter from a little girl of Puebla, in which she said: "Mamma locked up my doll, and I wasn't naughty. Please make her let me have it again." A day or two later the child got by post from the genial President a handsome doll, with a note stating his belief, should she remain good, her mother would never have occasion to lock it away. By that time the girl's parents had got wind of the message to Diaz, and they wrote to him expressing regret that their wilful child had taken it into her head to communicate with him. A note was received in reply from the President's secretary assuring the worthy people that his exalted superior had quite enjoyed the experience, and was pleased to have the worry of holding office relieved occasionally by such a quaint episode. —New York Tribune.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Eastern Division. To Boston.	From Boston.	Western Division. To Boston.	From Boston.
Lvc. Arr.	Lvc. Arr.	Lvc. Arr.	Lvc. Arr.
6 25 8 00	6 00 8 10	6 30 8 15	6 30 8 30
6 42 8 17	6 25 8 35	7 45 9 10	7 15 9 30
7 15 8 50	7 00 8 10	9 10 10 50	8 00 9 15
7 30 9 05	7 45 9 00	10 00 12 02	9 10 10 30
8 00 9 35	8 00 9 15	12 05 1 37	9 30 10 45
8 30 10 05	8 30 9 45	12 45 3 10	10 00 11 40
9 00 10 35	9 00 10 15	1 45 3 40	12 05 1 40
9 30 11 05	9 30 10 45	3 30 5 05	1 45 3 15
10 00 11 35	10 00 11 15	4 05 5 40	3 30 5 05
10 30 12 05	10 30 11 45	4 10 5 42	4 05 5 40
11 00 12 35	11 00 12 15	5 30 7 05	5 30 7 05
11 42 12 29	11 42 12 01	6 45 8 20	6 45 8 20
12 00 1 40	12 00 1 20	7 30 9 00	7 30 9 00
1 15 2 50	1 15 2 35	9 30 11 05	9 30 11 05
2 30 4 05	2 30 4 15	11 45 1 20	11 45 1 20
3 30 5 05	3 45 5 20		
4 45 6 20	4 45 6 01		
5 30 7 05	5 30 7 05		
6 45 8 20	6 45 8 20		
7 30 9 00	7 30 9 00		
9 30 11 05	9 30 11 05		
11 45 1 20	11 45 1 20		

Sundays Trains.

To Boston.	From Boston.	To Boston.	From Boston.
Lvc. Arr.	Lvc. Arr.	Lvc. Arr.	Lvc. Arr.
8 30 9 45	8 00 9 15	9 20 11 00	8 30 9 45
10 30 12 00	9 30 10 45	11 30 1 10	10 30 12 00
12 30 1 45	11 30 1 05	3 30 5 05	12 30 1 45
3 30 5 05	3 30 5 05	6 30 8 05	3 30 5 05
6 30 8 05	6 30 8 05	9 30 11 05	6 30 8 05
9 30 11 05	9 30 11 05		

Leave Boston from the new Union Station.
Leave Boston from Maverick Square.
Leave Boston from Lowell depot.
Leave Lowell from Middlesex street depot.
Leave Boston from the old Union Station.
Leave Boston from Maverick Square.
Leave Lowell from Middlesex St.
Express.
Express.
Express

THEY GIVE IT UP.

RIVAL NEWSPAPERS LOOK AT THE SUN AND TRY TO FOLLOW IT, BUT ITS BRILLIANCY DAZZLES THEM ALL AND THEY HAVE TO GIVE IT UP.

THE LOWELL SUN

THE PACE THAT KILLS.

THE SUN SETS THE PACE IN LOCAL JOURNALISM AND THE PACE THAT KILLED THREE IMITATORS. IT'S TOO FAST FOR THEM TO FOLLOW.

21ST YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1898. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

SECOND EDITION

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

The weather indications for the ensuing twenty-four hours are as follows: Unsettled; probably continued fair tonight and Tuesday; west winds.

Almanac, Tuesday, Feb. 15.
Sun rises—6:41; sets, 5:17.
Moon rises—2:36 a. m.
High water—6:30 a. m.; 6:45 p. m.

A HOUSE THIEF

Caught by Inspectors Allen and Donaldson.

WANTED FOR ROBBERY COMMITTED LAST MAY.

Greeks Had a Bloody Fight Saturday.

There was money around Saturday. Everyone who knew it was around or about either, will answer, and the police on the night shifts Saturday went out prepared for bother, for without attempting to discuss the whys and wherefores or assign any cause for the fact, it is nevertheless a fact that when money is free, drunks are numerous and arrests are frequent, whether or not the city is under a license or no-license regime.

When the drinking population have money, they 'll drink, and nothing in the line of moral suasion can stop them.

There wre 24 drunks in, which is quite a large number and almost equal to that of the old times, when from 30 to 60 was the usual run in court on Monday. One of them, it is said, was a woman whose condition when discovered necessitated covering her with a horse blanket.

GREEKS MET GREEKS.

All the excitement of Saturday night fed to the lot of Officers Dan Cogger and John O'Connell, who ran up against a bloody Greek row on Jefferson street.

It seems that five of them jointly own furniture in one room. On Saturday three of them wanted to move, while two didn't. In a very few moments a couple of knives and a hatchet were in evidence and four Greeks were covered with blood, one of them receiving a hatchet cut across the back of his head, that was several inches in length. Officers Cogger and O'Connell landed the fighting four.

ARRESTED IN SALEM.

The police received a telephone message from Salem Saturday night that a man apparently from Lowell, was taken from the 6.05 train from Boston the night before and lodged at the station. He is 5 feet, 8 inches high, with dark clothes bought in Lowell, with had a ticket from Boston to Lowell in his pocket. He seemed to see and hear everything all right but had no speech.

Back in May, 1897, a man and woman giving their names as Rowell and Mary Armstrong hired rooms at the old Wellman block on Bridge street, with the family of Charles A. Foye, who conduct a boarding house. One morning shortly after their arrival, Mrs. Foye went out, leaving no one in the house but the Armstrongs. When she returned she found the rooms ransacked and property taken to the amount of $200. The Armstrongs were not located until last Fall.

At that time Inspector Allen of this city found that the woman was living with Armstrong's mother in Roxbury Going there he received some of the property and Mrs. Armstrong received four years in Sherborn.

This morning Inspectors Allen and Donaldson arrested Armstrong and Patrick Loftus, claiming to reside in Waltham, on Middlesex street, the latter for being a suspicious person.

Armstrong admits the theft but will not say anything about the stolen property. He had a pawn ticket for a watch in a Boston store in his possession. Armstrong is quite well known as a short distance runner.

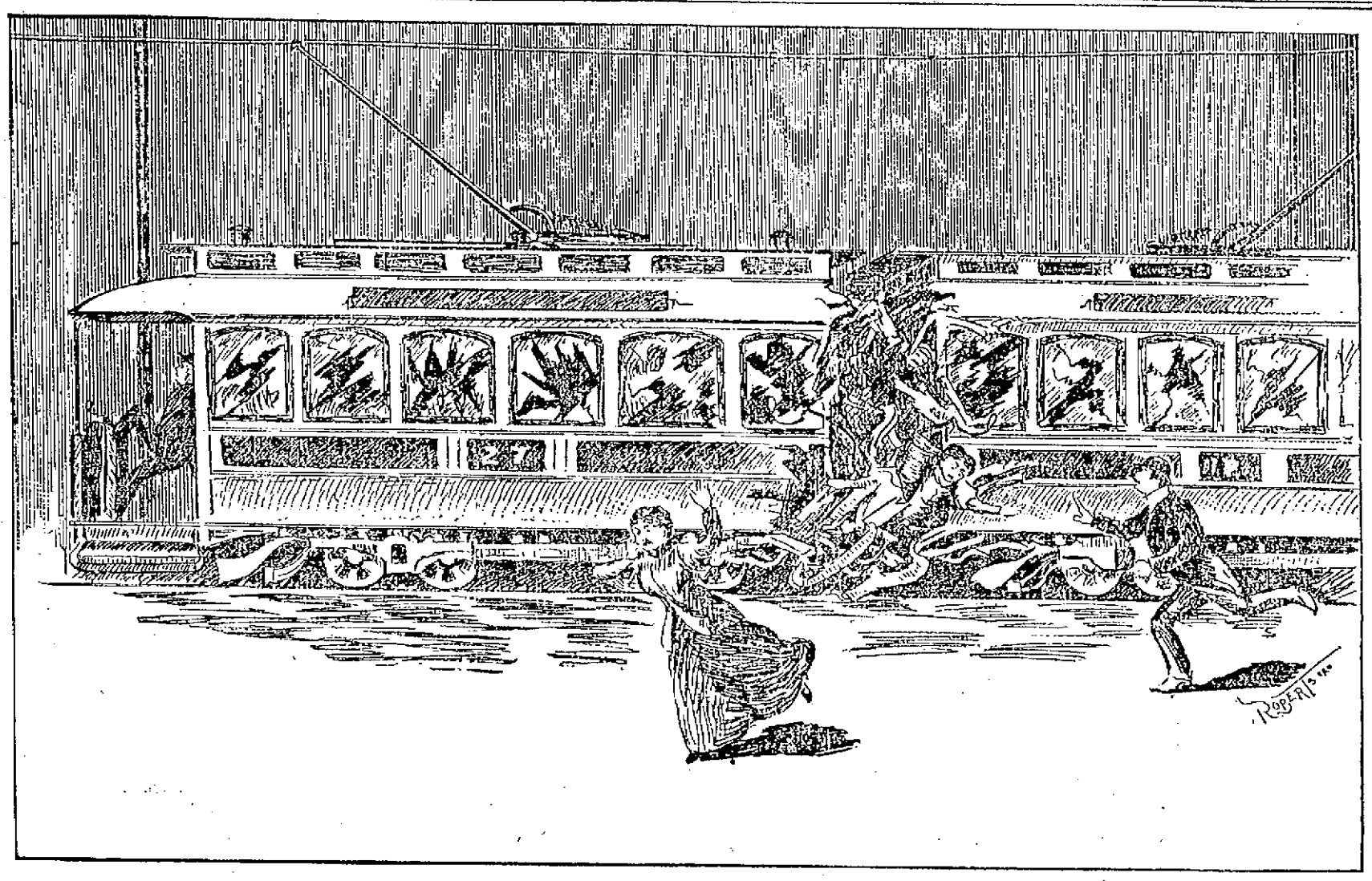
Armstrong wore a "heart" pin which it is thought he stole. It was learned this noon that Loftus is wanted in Waltham for non-support.

LOWELL REFORM CLUB.

The meeting of the Lowell Reform club last evening was addressed by Rev. Dr. Dick. The speaker drew some very vivid word pictures and showed how the saloon was driving 100,000 men yearly to fill drunkards' graves. President Stott also made a short address, in which he cautioned the young men against the evils of intemperance and implored them to be fortified against temptation by signing the pledge and joining an organization such as the Lowell Reform club. John Kenney also made a few timely remarks.

James F. O'Donnell
UNDERTAKER.
Telephone at Residence, Office and Stables.
Market St., Cor. Worthen.

A Clothes Horse Free—A nice folding Clothes Horse with one pound of our fine tea. O'BRIEN BROS. Tea Dealers 77 East Merrimack street. Telephone 69-3.



Sketch of the Accident on the Electric R. R., Near North Chelmsford, as Seen by an Eye Witness.

OF THE ACCIDENT

The Injured are All Recovering.

NO CAUSE AS YET ASSIGNED FOR IT.

Lawyer O'Hern's Version of the Accident.

The serious head-on collision near North Chelmsford Saturday afternoon, is yet without an assigned cause, except the fog, and the investigation of the matter has been postponed until Manager Sullivan returns from New York.

As stated in Saturday's Sun, the injured are as follows:

Motorman D. W. Morgan, right arm broken below the elbow and otherwise bruised.

Conductor J. J. Sullivan, forehead bruised.

Annie Picard, aged 14, 6 South street, one tooth knocked out of upper jaw, three lower teeth loosened and a scalp wound.

Maude Thompson, aged 16, Fremont street, Lowell, small bone in ankle broken and otherwise bruised.

Charles Fish, a blacksmith, South Chelmsford, injured in the back. Taken in the ambulance to St. John's hospital.

All are resting comfortably today, Miss Thompson being the most severely injured.

Car No. 12, Motorman Morgan and Conductor R. J. Hodges, was a special and was inward bound from Moore's mills with 58 passengers. This car was due to leave the mill at 12 o'clock. It arrived at 12 and left at 12.05, five minutes behind time.

Car 27, Motorman T. J. Whalen and Conductor J. J. Sullivan, was a regular Tyngsboro car. It left the square at 11.42 and was running on time. It had only four or five passengers, one of whom, Lawyer O'Hearn, was standing on the rear platform.

The Tyngsboro car had just taken the single rail and was booming along the down grade toward the hollow. The other car was coming down the hill at good speed, according to the testimony of several of the passengers.

At that time the hollow was filled with a dense fog and before anyone on either car knew it, the cars were within a few feet of each other. In a second there was a crash, followed by the shrieks of the wounded.

Motorman Morgan, after reversing the power jumped from his car, it is said, and broke his arm, while Motorman Whalen stuck to his motor, and by some lucky chance escaped serious injury. His face was swollen, however, and he was unable to be out yesterday.

James T. O'Hearn tells the following story concerning the affair:

"I was on the rear platform of car No. 27. I stood back to the car and facing the dashboard. Conductor Sullivan faced the front. We had gone about 400 yards over the city line when all of a sudden the conductor exclaimed 'Oh, God! A head-on collision!' I turned quickly. The cars were then right together. I braced my back against the car and put both feet against the dashboard. Just as I did, the crash came. The conductor was thrown against the car with terrible force and he began to bleed, but he was conscious so jump off to assist those who were shrieking. One little girl who was on the front platform of car No. 12 was pinned in back of the controller box and she was bleeding from the head and mouth. We shoved the cars apart a little and got her out. I saw another man pinned down and I helped pull him out of a window. I then ran and pulled the trolleys off the wire for fear some one would get shocked. I then ran to North Chelmsford to call a doctor and telephone to Lowell for the ambulance, but I had been delayed at the wreck in relieving the injured and already someone was ahead of me, calling for aid. Most of the people in the mill special were girls and women. We were running at an ordinary rate of speed, but the other car must have been going fast, for it was an awful collision. Everyone was thrown in a heap."

The wounded were all properly cared for by Dr. Meigs, Dr. Ricker and Dr. Varney.

Supt. Warren of the Truant school was also on hand and rendered assistance.

The street railway people did all they could to relieve the injured and soon cleared the wreck away.

It took the power of another car to pull the cars apart, so tightly were they dovetailed into each other. Neither car left the rails. The cars were running their regular Saturday trips without any difference excepting the important consideration that they were using a single track beyond the city line.

Conductors Sullivan and Hodges and Motorman Whalen were before the street railway officials Saturday night and an investigation was begun.

What came out during the investigation has not been made public, but it is understood that Conductor Hodges testified that the first thing he knew in connection with the affair, was when he felt the reverse put on his car by Motorman Morgan. It was only a second after that the crash came.

He was in the car at the time and escaped unhurt.

Although Motorman Morgan was not present, it was said by others that he had made the statement that he put on the reverse, but that it did not work well, owing to the slippery condition of the rail, the heavy freight and the headway of the car.

One of the street railway men who assisted in clearing away the wreck stated that he found the reverse on on No. 12, because he tried to shift it and couldn't.

Motorman Whalen had also reversed the power on his car, but the momentum of the car, as in the case of the other, was too great to be overcome, before the crash came.

OLD FOLKS' CONCERT

GIVEN IN ASSOCIATE HALL LAST EVENING.

The Old Folks' Concert, given in Associate hall last night, was attended by a large audience who were well pleased with the various numbers and applauded every selection. The chorus numbers, given under the direction of T. F. Molloy were finely rendered. Mrs. John McNabb sang "The Pretty Girl Milking Her Cow," and "Grandmother's Advice," and so delighted the audience that she was encored. Miss Louise McLaughlin sang, "O Happy Young Heart," and her sweet soprano voice was charming. Miss Nano Gallagher, whose delightful contralto voice appeals to all, sang a pretty lullaby, and for an encore gave a "Bird Song." The reader was Miss Mary Joyce, whose two selections merited the great applause. C. F. Calnan opened the program with "Cousin Jedediah," and his number in the second part, "Uncle Joe" called forth applause. J. J. Hanlon's two selections, both well given, were "Palm Branches," and "Then You'll Remember Me." William F. Thornton was greeted with applause when he sang, "Jeremiah, Blow the Fire."

Fine job printing done at this office.

SUN EXTRA

5 O'CLOCK.

DE LOME AFFAIR

St. James Gazette Makes Important Comment.

UNITED STATES HAD JUSTIFICATION FOR INTERVENTION

In the Present Affairs in Cuba.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Feb. 14.—The St. James Gazette, this afternoon, referring to the De Lome incident, says: "It appears that President McKinley is really making a serious incident out of the affair. He is not content with the prompt resignation of De Lome. A disavowal from Spain and an apology are now demanded from Madrid and this is a little too much for Spanish pride. Is the American government, which has had for some time, ample justification for intervention in Cuba, going to pick a quarrel over this paltry affair? Those interested in the matter of history parallels will recall that Napoleon III in 1870 refused to be satisfied with King William's disavowal of his kinsman's candidacy for the Spanish throne and war followed immediately."

PROPOSED TRUST FAILED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Akron, O., Feb. 14.—The sewer-pipe combination by which it was planned to organize an $11,000,000 corporation out of companies doing business in this section, seems to have gone the way of all previous attempts at similar combinations. The large plants refused to join and as a consequence the formation is declared off.

GRAIN ELEVATORS BUSY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Philadelphia, Feb. 14.—Fifteen steamships are now in port loading or waiting their turn to load grain that is coming here from the West in great quantities. The aggregate carrying capacity amounts to over three million bushels. All the grain elevators are busy in meeting the heavy rush.

STEVENSON DEAD.

BOSTON' REAL ESTATE MILLIONAIRE AND FATHER OF GRACE STEVENSON.

Boston, Feb. 14.—James Stevenson, died at Old Point Comfort, Va., yesterday morning, at 5.30. Mrs. Stevenson received a dispatch from her eldest son, Benjamin, during the forenoon, communicating the news. Benjamin Stevenson was the only member of the family at the bedside, and he had spent the last three weeks with his father. Mr. Stevenson controlled $500,000 worth of real estate. He was the father of the missing Grace Stevenson.

RECOGNIZE CUBA

As a Belligerent Nation Immediately

IS THE FORM OF A SENATE BILL

That was Introduced in Congress Today.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Feb. 14.—Senator Morgan reported today from the committee on foreign relations an amendment offered by Senator Allen, recognizing the belligerency of Cuba. The report was against making it a part of the diplomatic and consular bill, but stated that the senate had already acted on the matter and was still of the same opinion and hoped the house would co-operate in securing the recognition of belligerents.

TROOPS IN PARIS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Feb. 14.—The garrison of Paris has been re-inforced by troops from Versailles.

TIRED OF LIFE.

YOUNG MAN OUT OF WORK SUICIDES.

Boston, Feb. 14.—Seventeen-year-old Benjamin Friede, as he gives his name, but Freedlander it more probably is, of 652 Harrison avenue, made a determined and probably successful attempt at suicide last night by drinking a mixture of paris green and whisky. Despondency due to inability to obtain work is assigned as the cause.

LOCKED GIRLS IN.

HENRY MARTINDALE ARRESTED WITH TWO MISSING GIRLS.

Manchester, N. H., Feb. 13—In response to the urgent pleading of a frenzied and anxious mother, who was in search of a handsome young daughter of 15, Sergeant Magoon and Policemen Butler and Connor broke into a room on the third floor of the building, 1107 Elm street, shortly after midnight.

They found the lost girl, and they placed under arrrest a man of about 27 years of age, who gives his name as Henry Martindale, and who claims Fitchburg, Mass., as his home.

With him in the same room, was the girl for whom the police were searching, and locked in an adjoining room was a woman of about 24, who is believed from documents found on Martindale, to be Bertha Edna Getchell, missing from Topsfield, Me.

Martindale was not surprised by the sudden advent of the police, but coolly placing his fingers to his mouth, he warned both girls not to say a word to the officers until they had consulted counsel.

SEWER GAS

CAUSED THE TROUBLE BECAUSE MANHOLES WERE SEALED BY STORM.

Supt. Farnham and Foreman Campbell of the Lowell Gas Light company called at The Sun office today to say that the trouble by gas along several streets in the vicinity of Cabot and Merrimack streets, as reported in Saturday's Sun, was caused by sewer gas and not by illuminating gas. On the first sign of trouble they took the precaution of opening all the manholes which had been sealed up by the great storm. This prevented a vent and the gas backed up into the houses. There was no leak in the gas pipes, the trouble disappearing when the manholes were opened. Mr. Farnham says he knows that some of the houses had no traps in their sinks and therefore, no protection against sewer gas.

CITY HALL NEWS.

The hearing on the Locks and Canals company's petition relative to the city's relinquishing any claim to the Pawtucket free landing will be held in the common council chambers tomorrow evening.

The hearing will be before both branches of the City Council and Mayor Bennett has issued a call for a special meeting of the aldermen.

Tonight at eight o'clock the committee on appropriations will hold another meeting. Mayor Bennett went to Boston today to attend the legislative hearing on the Firemen's Civil Service bill.

PAPERS CALLED FOR.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

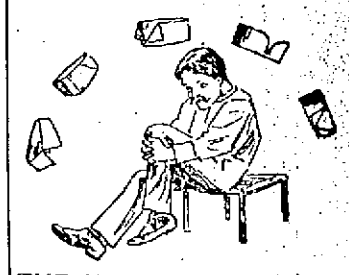
Washington, Feb. 14—The House has adopted a resolution calling for correspondence between Germany and the United States relative to the exclusion of American fruits and horses, also the Williams resolution calling for information regarding the situation in Cuba.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS.

Boston, Feb. 14.—The postponed annual convention of the Massachusetts state council of the Order of the Knights of Columbus was held yesterday afternoon at Columbus hall, Washington street.

There were 91 councils represented by 156 delegates. All of the state officers were present, as well as several district deputies.

America's Greatest
Medicine is
Hood's Sarsaparilla,
Which absolutely
Cures every form of
Impure blood, from
The pimple on your
Face to the great
Scrofula sore which
Drains your system.
Thousands of people
Testify that Hood's
Sarsaparilla cures
Scrofula, Salt Rheum,
Dyspepsia, Malaria
Catarrh, Rheumatism
And That Tired
Feeling. Remember this
And get Hood's
And only Hood's.



THE NEW COLLARS
and cuffs for spring are going like the wind.

Six shapes in standing and turn-over collars—new spring styles, including the high turn-over: all sizes: warranted 4 ply.

Collars, 4 for 25 cents, or 75 cents a dozen.

Cuffs, 3 pairs for 25 cents, or $1.00 a dozen.

See them, wear them, find out how good they are. There's a surprise for you.

PUTNAM & SON,
No. 166 CENTRAL STREET.

LATEST

JAPS ARE COLONIZING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Feb. 14.—Two Japanese have arrived here en route to Mexico to further the interests of a colony in the Japanese colonization project near the Guatemalan boundary. The enterprise is receiving the support of the Japanese government.

ST. JOHN DENOUNCED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Olathe, Kan., Feb. 14.—At a mass meeting of his fellow citizens last night John P. St. John, ex-Prohibition governor, was roundly denounced for signing a petition for three druggists for a license to sell whiskey. He was questioned so sharply that he was compelled to retreat before the fire. The demonstration that followed was one of the liveliest ever witnessed.

TRAIN MEN ARRESTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Feb. 14.—With the arrest of W. L. Coyle, time clerk on the New England railroad charged with falsifying pay rolls, an investigation was started which has resulted in the arrest of eleven other employes, all brakemen or conductors, charged with obtaining money on false pretences. It has been going on a year.

NOT GENERALLY FAVORED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Feb. 14.—The decision of the Textile unions in favor of a general strike in favor of New Bedford is not generally approved.

FUNERALS.

SPILLAINE—The funeral of Hannah Spillaine took place yesterday afternoon from her late home in Marion street. The pall bearers were Messrs. Michael Spillaine, James Spillaine, James Liston, John Robbins, Patrick Skillington and John Mahoney. At the grave in the Catholic cemetery Rev. Frs. Leonard and Boland officiated.

DEAN—The funeral of Nellie Dean occurred yesterday afternoon from her late home on Railroad street and was well attended. At St. Peter's church service was held. Rev. Fr. Mullen officiated. The bearers were Messrs. William Butler, John F. Saunders, Edward Farrell and John Saunders. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

CASEY—The funeral of Patrick Casey took place from Undertaker O'Donnell's warerooms yesterday afternoon and burial was in the Catholic cemetery, Rev. Fr. Leonard officiating at the grave.

NOONAN—The funeral of Mary Noonan took place yesterday and was well attended. The bearers were John Tobin, William Ashworth, John Maguire, Patrick Maguire, John Gormley, and Richard Cuff. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

O'BRIEN—James Leo O'Brien, aged seven months, beloved son of James and Katie O'Brien, died today at his parents' home, 450 Lawrence street. The funeral will occur this afternoon.

Interest will commence March 1st on deposits made on or before Thursday March 3d, in the

Savings Department
OF THE
Traders' National Bank
At the rate per annum of..... **4 per cent.** Compounded Semi-Annually.
HOURS { Daily 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. / Saturdays { 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. / 7 to 9 p. m.
30 Middlesex street, 11 Post Office Avenue.
Chas. J. Glidden, Pres.
Wm. F. Hills, Cashier.

$7 TO $15
GOOD ORGANS for above prices. Call at once. Must have the room.
GEORGE A. GARDNER,
20 Prescott Street.

FOR A GENERAL STRIKE

Extraordinary Scheme for Aiding New Bedford Strikers Adopted.

Decided at a Conference at Boston Yesterday—To Ask All Cotton Operatives to Stop Work—The Plan Not Popular in New Bedford.

Boston, Feb. 14.—At a meeting in this city of 65 representatives of textile unions in New England, it was unanimously voted to recommend to all unions to call out the operatives in every mill in New England.

The meeting was practically the outcome of the recommendation which President Gompers made to the Federation of Labor last Sunday, in which he urged the different unions to unite on a settled policy regarding the mill situation in New England. At that meeting a committee of three was appointed to take charge of the matter, and after a conference this committee recommended that a general meeting be held to take definite action.

Sunday the representatives of the various textile unions assembled in the Wells Memorial hall and for four hours discussed the situation from every standpoint. The primary object of the meeting was to devise some method of rendering assistance to the New Bedford strikers. It was pointed out that if the strikers could hold out for four weeks without receiving more than 20 cents per operative per week in the way of outside assistance, other operatives could stand a similar strain, and that if all went out it would precipitate a crisis which would have to be met within a short time by the manufacturers. It was also shown that the mule spinners were in most excellent shape as regards funds, that the United Textile Workers, and the New England Federation of Weavers were also in good shape, but that the rest were short of funds.

Other questions were also discussed and at length the matter was put to a vote, and no one was registered as against the motion that the different unions should order a general strike in every cotton mill in New England until a satisfactory adjustment of wages could be arranged.

It now remains for the various national unions to take action on the recommendation, but just what this action will be is a matter of conjecture. If all should acquiesce and vote to strike, 147,000 operatives would undoubtedly cease work, and the manufacture of cotton goods throughout New England would be at a standstill. If, on the other hand, only a few unions vote to strike, the refusal of the others may still keep a larger portion of the mills in operation. Inasmuch, however, as the meeting was the outcome of President Gompers' suggestions and as he admonished the members of the Federation of Labor to join hands and assist the New Bedford strikers, it seems probable that nearly every union will carry out the recommendations, and that one of the greatest strikes ever seen in this country is impending.

Both of the Biddeford delegates believed that all of the mills in New England should be closed as soon as possible, as this would lead to an earlier settlement in the cities where strikes were in operation. They said they went into the fight against the reduction because the wages paid were lower than self-respecting men or women should be compelled to work for. They also stated that the storerooms in their city were nearly empty, and that if a general strike were ordered the manufacturers would be forced to give in.

NOT A POPULAR PLAN.

New Bedford, Mass., Feb. 14.—From the point of view of the New Bedford strikers the action taken by the conference in Boston is scarcely calculated to be received with joy, inasmuch as it is against the policy adopted at the meetings of the executive committee of the National Spinners' union—to wit, that New Bedford should be made the battleground, and until the conclusion of the strike here the other textile centers should remain at work, thereby acquiring the means to assist the New Bedford operatives in their struggle. Then, at the conclusion of New Bedford's fight, the plan was, whether New Bedford won or lost, the strike against the general reduction should be extended, in one district at a time, until the whole of New England had been covered. In view of this plan, which, at the time of its adoption, seemed to meet with general acquiescence, the action of the conference is a direct shift of tactics.

Secretary Cunnane, of the general strike council reports on the collections received up to 9 p. m. Saturday. The total amount for the week was $1,475.40, as against $1,345.64 for the previous week, or an increase of $130.31.

Daniel De Leon, the exponent of the principles of the socialist labor party, Sunday afternoon closed the series of meetings which he has addressed in the interest of his party. The meetings held in Howland chapel Saturday afternoon and Sunday were not so largely attended as was the city hall meeting Friday night, and they were attended, for the most part, by those who profess the socialist faith. As a result of these meetings a branch of the Socialist Trade and Labor alliance has been formed. This is the new movement vouched for by the socialists, and its fundamental principle is the wiping out of the capitalist class at the ballot box rather than the settlement of the differences between capital and labor by strikes. Notwithstanding the attitude of the socialists generally toward strikes, they declare that they wish to do nothing to injure the present strike, but after it is over, then they want the socialists to exert their influence at the polls.

AN AWFUL DEATH

Mrs. Levy Killed in an Elevator

IN A MOST REMARKABLE MANNER.

Fell Out of the Door While Dizzy.

New York, Feb. 14.—Mrs. Arthur Levy, wife of a member of the wholesale clothing firm of Hays, Goldberg & Co., was killed in the elevator at the Holland hotel Sunday. The accident was most extraordinary, and is probably without a parallel in the long list of elevator casualties that have occurred since the invention of that vehicle.

A party of ladies, of which Mrs. Levy was one, had accepted an invitation of H. C. Marks, a St. Louis merchant, to go to the Holland House, where he was a guest, and look at a display of photographs which he had gathered. Mr. Marks escorted the ladies to the elevator and gave orders to have them shown to the parlor.

On entering the elevator Mrs. Levy placed her hand upon her forehead and complained of dizziness to her companions. Before they could reply the elevator boy had closed the door of the shaft, gripped his lever and the car shot up with a bound. Almost at the same instant Mrs. Levy reeled and fell with her head out of the door. The elevator was about an inch and a half from the walls of the shaft and as far as the solid walls would permit her head extended out.

There was a quick, sickening crash, and the boy with a dexterous move brought his car to a stop at the first floor. It was too late. Mrs. Levy lay lifeless on the bottom of the elevator, her head crushed in as if by a heavy bludgeon. It had been struck by the slight projection of the first floor into the elevator shaft.

THIS WEEK IN CONGRESS.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The greater share of the senate's attention this week will be given to the annexation treaty. Its friends have succeeded in securing quite general assent from senators in charge of other measures that the treaty shall be given practical right of way until the senators who want to speak upon it can be heard, and until a vote can be secured which practically will decide its fate.

Wednesday the house will enter upon the consideration of the bankruptcy bill which the majority of the judiciary committee has reported as a substitute for the Nelson bill, passed by the senate at the extra session last summer. Under the order made the bill is to be debated on Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday of this week and voted on Monday of next week at 4 o'clock. The substitute, which the minority contends is practically the old Torey bill, including both the voluntary and involuntary features, will be opposed by the united Democrats and Populist opposition, but if there shall not be appreciable defection from the ranks of the majority, the measure will pass. The Democrats and Populists are both favorable to the passage of a bill for voluntary bankruptcy, but have always vigorously opposed the Torrey and other bills including an involuntary feature, claiming that its purpose is practically to create a law for the collection of debts.

NO EVIDENCE OF NEGLIGENCE.

Boston, Feb. 14.—The report of Buildings Commissioner John S. Damrell on the Merrimac street fire which resulted in the death of six firemen was submitted to the mayor Saturday. A fire in October, 1893, partially destroyed the roof, and repairs were made under the supervision of the building department. It cannot be questioned that the floor timbers on the fourth and fifth floors were charred to some extent, but it is equally clear these floors did not collapse. As the girders were reinforced, the commissioner finds no reason to charge the local man who inspected the work of having been negligent.

The heavy snow on the roof, together with the enormous amount of water which the merchandise absorbed, made a weight of 160 tons. The momentum of the fall of the roof with its sudden shock broke the girders and floor timbers, which were subjected to a weight beyond the factor of safety. This in turn carried down the fourth, third and other floors.

Beware of Substitutes

Because of their incomparable curative powers and their great celebrity, there are sold under cover of the high reputation

Of BENSON'S Porous Plaster,

plasters which some unscrupulous druggists offer as being "the same" or "just as good as" the genuine. Do not be deceived. These worthless substitutes are totally unlike the genuine and will disappoint all who are betrayed into buying and using them. BENSON'S is the only strictly medicinal article and never fails to relieve Muscular, Neuralgic, Lung and Chest Pains and Aches, Sprains, Joint and Kidney Affections, etc.

Look for the Three Seals Trademark across face-cloth of the genuine Benson. Price 25 cts.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY

No Parade Will be Held This Year.

THE CONVENTION SO DECIDED YESTERDAY AFTERNOON

But June 21 Will be Observed.

St. Patrick's Day this year will be observed by the Irish societies, but not by a public parade, while arrangements will be made for the elaborate celebration of the memorable battle of Vinegar Hill, when the gallant boys of '98 made their bold stroke of history.

Such decision was arrived at at the well attended and enthusiastic St. Patrick's Day convention held in response to the call of James O'Sullivan and Joseph H. Dallagher in Hibernians' hall. The meeting was long drawn out owing to the instructive but rather tiresome preponderance of parliamentary usage let loose. Mr. O'Sullivan called the meeting to order and expressed pleasure at seeing such a large and representative convention for the old-time convention men were all out in force. The societies invited to attend were: L.I.B.S., Divisions 1, 2, 8, 11, and 23, A. O. H., St. Patrick's Temperance, Mathews, Burkes, Holy Name societies of St. Patrick's, St. Michael's, Immaculate Conception and St. Peter's churches, Y.M.C.I., Y.M.C.L.S., Y.M.C.L., Holy Rosary society of the Sacred Heart church, Wolf Tone Guards, the Celtic Associates, and Irish National Alliance. Those represented and the number of their delegates were: L.I.B.S., 5 delegates; Division 1, A.O.H., 7; Division 2, 7; 8, 7; 11, 7; 28, 5; Mathews, 7; Holy Name, St. Peter's, 7; Immaculate Conception, 8; St. Michael's, 6; Young Men's of St. Michael's, 7; Y.M.C.L., 7; Wolf Tone Guards, 7. Thirteen societies and 84 delegates were present.

The nominations were made of permanent chairman and John J. Mullany of the Mathews was elected. He spoke briefly and then the convention elected Joseph H. Dallagher secretary. On motion of Mr. McGovern, the following committee on resolutions was appointed: John A. O'Hearn, Michael J. Bruin, Walter V. Hickey.

Charles Callahan then, to start the discussion, made a motion that the day be celebrated by a public parade. The motion was discussed and it was decided to defer action until after the committee had reported its resolutions. A recess was taken, after which John A. O'Hearn of the committee reported the resolutions given below. His reading was received with applause and the resolutions were unanimously accepted and adopted.

Then the matter of a parade was taken up again and a motion was made by Mr. O'Sullivan that a parade be held on March 17. John J. Lonergan wished to amend the motion to read that the celebration be had in June. Several members discussed these points and finally Mr. O'Sullivan's motion to parade was defeated by a vote of 21 ayes to 49 nays.

An attempt was made to adjourn without making any arrangements for a '98 celebration, but James O'Sullivan stopped the proceedings by suggesting that a committee of 25 be appointed to consider a form of celebration. Jas. Flood of the Y.M.C.I. suggested that the committee adjourn to a later date in order that all delegates may have time to receive instruction on the matter from their respective societies.

It was finally voted to adjourn to the first Sunday in March when the matter will be acted upon. A rising vote of thanks was then tendered Messrs. O'Sullivan and Dallagher for having called the convention, after which the convention dissolved.

THE RESOLUTION.

Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the convention:—This is the centennial of the men of '98. It is meet, therefore, that we, the representatives of the Irish societies of the city of Lowell, in convention, assembled, while again pledging ourselves to this, our adopted country, its constitution, laws and customs, should honor those martyred heroes.

One hundred years ago, the cruelty and injustice of English government in Ireland brought into public life that purely brave and spotless hero, that brilliant student and orator, Robert Emmett. His name and the glorious heroism of his career has served as an inspiration to the Irish race the world over. Let us hope that the day is not far distant when the freedom of our fatherland, the Emerald Isle, will enable us to unite with our fellow-countrymen in erecting a proud monument to his sacred memory. Glancing over the history of that troubled period, made doubly memorable by the crimsoned battlefields we look with pride to the tried and true records of our forefathers and with hate and bitterness at the murder, rapine and plunder of the minions of the government under the direction of the infamous Castlereigh. The blood of Ireland, even though generations removed from a birthright in the dear old land must thrill with enthusiasm in reading of the battles which crimsoned the soil of Ireland with the blood of a nation's heroes. No wonder the poet queried when he wrote the lines:

"Who fears to speak of '98?
Who blushes at the name?
When cowards mocked at patriots' fate
Who hangs his head for shame?"

The lives of heroes like Wolf Tone, Robert Emmett, the brothers John and Henry Shears, General Holt, Napper Tandy, Michael Durgin, Henry Joy McCracken, Lord Edward Fitzgerald, Thomas Addis Emmett, William Sampson, A. H. Ronan, Arthur O'Connor, and thousands of others less prominent but not less brave or determined in the cause of freedom, are a glorious heritage for us. Well may we repeat the lines of the Rev. M. Torrey, who wrote:

"Though Tudor's kings have passed away,
Though Stuart's reign has passed;
We're Irish still, as ere their sway,
And will be to the last."

No wonder the blood of Irishmen would boil over and that the land produces men whose lives are devoted to keeping alive that desire for freedom among the Irish race and hating England as intensely as did the heroes of '98. The history of the time is overflowing with the treachery of those who pretended to be our sponsors or protectors.

The following extract from an account of the trial of Peter Finnerty, editor of the Press, is significant in this connection:

"The death of Mr. Orr, the nation has pronounced one of the most sanguinary and savage acts that has disgraced the laws. In perjury did you not hear my lord was given? Perjury, accompanied with terror as terror has marked every step of our government. Vengeance and desolation were to fall on those who would not plunge themselves in blood. These were not strong enough. Against the express law of the land, not only was drink introduced to the jury, but drunkenness itself, beastly and criminal drunkenness, was employed to procure the murder of a better man than any that now surrounds you."

The above extract is from a letter published in the press of that time, dealing with the cold, though outrageous facts in the trial of William Orr. For its publication, Finnerty was imprisoned for two years and compelled to stand in the pillory for one hour.

Such facts as the foregoing, coupled with the floggings, the walking gallows, the murders and assassinations, the pillage, robbery, and the desecration of homes by the brutal hirelings acting in the name of the government, served to kindle in the breasts of Irishmen a feeling which burns today as keenly as it did one hundred years ago. No wonder, then, that we honor, revere and will ever cherish the memory of our fellow countrymen who opposed oppression with voice and sword and pen. No wonder, then, that we Irishmen, in convention assembled, should desire to go in spirit to Santry, Vinegar Hall, The Scalp, Bodinstown, Cave Hill Windy Gap and to a hundred other battlefields where the gallant peasants fought the English yeomen, and placing garlands and wreaths upon the graves of our martyred heroes, offer a fervent prayer that they may enjoy eternal peace.

Therefore, Be it—

Resolved—That we commemorate, June 21, the centennial anniversary of the battle of Vinegar Hill in a manner befitting the memories of the heroes of that day, in our halls as individual societies or collectively in the name of the Irish people of Lowell;

Resolved—That we congratulate our fellow citizens throughout this broad land on having sidetracked and slain the bigoted monster that stalked its plains in the name of patriotism. Thank God, this country will still be governed by the people for the people. The work of George Washington was not in vain;

Resolved—That we have observed with regret a growing indifference on the part of the Irish societies in the attendance at the St. Patrick's Day convention. We strongly urge the importance of perpetuating this custom. The observance of the birth of the patron saint of Ireland will not lessen our love for the Stars and Stripes. In our devotion to the new flag, let us not forget the old;

Resolved—That as American citizens, we are unalterably opposed to the enactment of an arbitration treaty with England;

Resolved—That while the proposed legislation outlined in the speech from the throne before the British Parliament, promising local government to Ireland is a step in the right direction but it will never satisfy the aspirations of the Irish race;

Resolved—That we rejoice in the harmonious agreement arrived at between the two wings of the Irish parliamentary party and recommend to them the consideration of Tone's lines on Erin united;

"Then let us remember our madness no more;
What we lost by dissension let union restore;
Let us firmly unite and our covenant be
Together to fall or together be free."

—John A. O'Hearn,
Michael J. Bruin,
Walter V. Hickey,
Committee on resolutions.

AN INHERITANCE LAW.

Council Bluff, Ia., Feb. 14.—Judge Thornell of the district court has decided the state law taxing collateral inheritances to be unconstitutional. The law was passed at the last session of the legislature, becoming effective Oct 1, inst. It provides for a 5 percent tax on all bequests other than to direct heirs. The law was attacked on the ground that it was in contravention of the fourteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States in that it took property without due process of law. Judge Thornell rendered a verbal opinion declaring that the law was unconstitutional on the ground taken by the plaintiff, as well as because the law contained no provision for annuities. An appeal will be taken by the state.

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FAIRY

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While others follow. Such low prices as the

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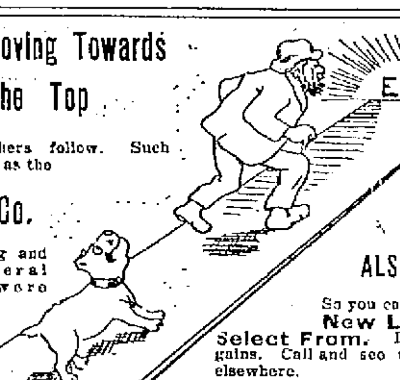
are making and such liberal terms were never heard of in Lowell



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ESTEY PARLORS, 145 Merrimack St.

CUT DOWN

But this is a cut down in prices which will far outdo the Cut in wages. Read the following list which JOHN DRAIN will sell goods for the next 10 days. No marked down sale, nor no fire sale in Lowell can compare with our prices. We have got the reputation of dealing fair and square, and at any expense we will defend this reputation. Everything will be sacrificed for 10 days and for 10 days only.

1000 yards Crash, worth 6¼c. for this sale, 3¾c.
1000 yards Heavy Domets, worth 10c., for this sale, 6¼c.
30c. Bleached Damask for this sale 25c.
30c. Red Damask for this sale 28c.
A good Red Damask for this sale 10c.
10c. Black Linen Thread for this sale 4c.
1800 yds. Cotton Thread for this sale 10c.
Clark Machine Cotton for this sale 3c. Only 1-2 dozen to customer.
Clark's Crochet Cotton, all colors, for this sale 4c. Only 1-2 dozen to customer.
10c. Machine Oil for this sale 5c.
15c. Vaseline for this sale 9c.
Bay Rum and Florida Water for this sale 10 and 15c.
Fancy Soap, 10c. quality, for this sale 2 for 5c.
Men's 38c. Heavy Woolen Hose for this sale 21c.
Men's 23c. Heavy Woolen Hose for this sale 12½c.
Men's 25 38, 50 and 75c. Heavy Gloves, now 12 1-2c., 19c., 25c., and 38c. Only one half price in every instance.
1 lot Children's Feather Caps, was 50c. for this sale 15c.
Children's Nice Astrachans, worth 75c., for this sale 45c.
Children's 25c. Colored Bonnets and Woolen Tabs, now 5c.
Children's Nice Silk and Woolen Hoods, worth 50c., 75c. and $1. for this sale 25c. and 38c. Handsome goods.
$1.75 Trimmed Hats and Turbans for this sale 75c.
$1.75 Trimmed Hats and Turbans for this sale $1.98. Only a few to sell.
25 dozen Ladies' extra large White Nurse Aprons, worth 38c., for this sale 21c.
Ladies' 33c. and 40c. extra size Vest and Pants for this sale 25c.
Men's Good Suspenders 10c. Good Pins 2c. paper. 10c. Pins 4c. Machine Cotton, 3 spools for 5c. only. 100 yds. spool.
1 lot 25c. Towels for this sale 15c.
1 lot $1.25 Nice Wrappers for this sale 75c.
Men, Ladies' and Children's Underwear at less than cost. Thousands of other bargains await you at

J. DRAIN'S, 111 GORHAM ST.
OPEN EVENINGS.

ALLAN LINE.
Portland to Liverpool.
STATE OF NEBRASKA, Feb. 17, 8 a. m.
STATE OF NEBRASKA, March 24, 11 a.m
Cabin, $39.50; Second Cabin, $34.
Steerage, $22 50; Prepaid, $25.50.
Glasgow to Boston
Via Derry and Galway.
Second Cabin, $31.50. Steerage, $25.50.
APPLY TO
H. & A. ALLAN, 92 State St., Boston
DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton St., Lowell.

Dominion Line BOSTON SERVICE
(U. S. and Royal Mail Steamer)
S. S. "CANADA" (New.)
8000 Tons, is intended to sail from Boston as follows for Queenstown and Liverpool;
SATURDAY, FEB. 19, 8.30 A. M.
SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 12, Noon.
Saloon passage $60 and upwards, according to location. Second cabin (very superior accommodations), $42.50; round passage, $78.81. Steerage passage $25.50.

PORTLAND-LIVERPOOL Service
S. S. Labrador sails Wednesday, Feb. 2nd at 1 p. m. Vancouver sails Saturday, Feb. 12 at 1 p. m. Low passage rates. Saloon, $50. Second Cabin, $34. Steerage, $22 50. For passage, plans, etc., apply to company's office, 103 State St., Boston, or to local agents, Denis Murphy, 18 Appleton street, Lowell, F. B. Leeds, 5 Bridge street, Lowell.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
MIDDLESEX, ss.
PROBATE COURT.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of George Broomhead, late of Lowell in said county, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for probate by John W. McEvoy, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Cambridge in said county of Middlesex, on the eighth day of February, A. D. 1898, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day, at least, before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

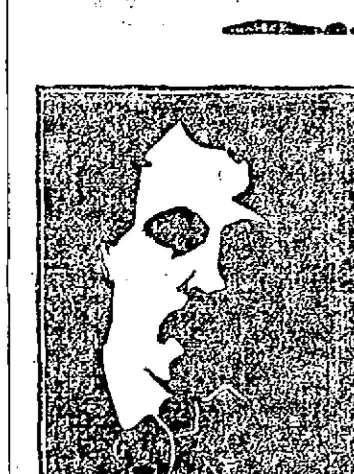
Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-sixth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

S. H. FOLSOM, Register.

Bon Ami
THE NEW CLEANER
POLISHES A WINDOW A MINUTE.
All Grocers.

ONE OF THE FINEST
Grocery Stores
in this city can be had at a very low figure of the modernly equipped and up-to-date, on once. All main streets. Call at
DONOVAN & MANSUR'S,
Room 1, Swan Building, 20 Central street, Lowell, Mass. Telephone 406-4.

Black Spots BEFORE YOUR Eyes



BLACK SPOTS BEFORE YOUR EYES! You see half the picture on the page, while the other half is blurred. You have had such an experience. By and by it will pass away, and then a headache comes.

R·I·P·A·N·S Tabules

will drive away the whole trouble in twenty minutes.

AN OCCASIONAL RIPANS TABULE WILL PREVENT ITS RETURN.

TEETH $5 to $10 a Set
No Charge For Extracting
Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial Teeth without plates; also Rootless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted—no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Not open Evenings.
DR. J. E. BICKELLSON, Painless Dentists, Rooms 24, 25, 27, Runels' Bl'g, cor. Mer'k & Bridge

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Golden Cream
India Pale Ale
And Porter.

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JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.

They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.

Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.

The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:

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Upright Piano
$125.00
This is only one of the many bargains we are offering. Call and see our elegant line, PEASE, BRAUMULLER, GABLER AND HARDMAN.

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SAVOY THEATRE
WILL OPEN MONDAY, FEB. 7
Devoted to Vaudeville Exclusively.
Four shows a day will be given.
Matinee, 2.30, 4.00.
Evening, 7.45, 9.15.
Balcony, 10c., Orchestra, 20c.; Ladies, afternoons, 10c. best seats; school children Saturday afternoons, 5c. H. R. TUCKER.

NEW MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.
Tonight at 8 O'clock,
and Tuesday and Wednesday.
ED. F. RUSH'S
Bon Ton Burlesquers
Presenting two new satires, "The Matrimonial Bureau," and "Vassar Girls in Camp." Magnificent scenery. 20 lovely girls 20; 10 big specialty acts 10.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday Evenings and Saturday Matinee, Feb. 17, 18, 19.
THE SUCCESS OF THE SEASON,
A TRIP TO CONEY ISLAND
A comedy vaudeville introducing the Yellow Kid at Coney Island. Pretty girls, handsome costumes and elegant scenery. A show for fun and laughter.

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SCHOEFFLER'S DYSPEPSIA CURE
Great food digester, quickly cures Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Gastritis and all stomach disorders. In female stomach troubles cause irregularities. Schoeffler's Dyspepsia Cure prevents them. 25c. at druggists. Important, write Schoeffler Phar. Co., Newark, N. J. Pamphlet free.

CITY'S EXPENSES

Estimates for the Various Departments

BY THE MAYOR AND THE COMMITTEE.

Where the Cut Down Takes Effect.

The committee on appropriations made another attempt Saturday to determine the amount needed by the different departments to meet current expenses. Those who attended the meeting besides the committee were Abel Wheeler, City Clerk Dadman, Supt. Cheney, J. W. W. Tilton and City Librarian Chase.

The committee will recommend $2000 for the city messenger's department. The expenses last year were $1733.22.

The Mayor's estimate of $2500 for Huntington hall will be recommended. The expenses last year were $5109.44.

For the heating of City Hall $5500 will be allowed. The Mayor estimated $6000 for that and the Memorial Building, the amount asked. Last year's expenses were $4510.93.

The sum of $7500 was asked for the care of City Hall. The Mayor's estimate was $7200 and it will be recommended.

The Mayor's own estimate of $5000 was taken for his department.

A recommendation of $9516.31 for the treasurer's department was allowed.

It is said that $10,000 will cover the incidental expenses, and the $1923 for the milk inspector is the amount asked by him.

The auditor's department cost $3459.15 last year, and $4018.47 was asked for 1898. The Mayor's recommendation of $3500 will be recommended.

The amount due the county on the Lowell and Tyngsboro highway is put at $2543.41. The engineer's department will have the $8000 recommended as asked. The expenses last year were $15,950.30.

A recommendation of $2500 will be made for the department of the purchasing agent.

The law department will be allowed the $7019.73 asked. The Mayor's estimate was $7500. His Honor recommended $16,000 for the library, but the committee believes that only $15,000 can be allowed. The commons must also take a recommendation of $9950 instead of $10,000 asked and recommended by the Mayor. The expense last year was $12,542.55. Other estimates were: City clerk, $6200; elections, $11,500; sewers, $14,000; streets, $130,000.

MUSIC HALL.

A company known as the "Bon-Ton Burlesquers," will appear at Music Hall this evening and Tuesday and Wednesday, giving a show of unusual diversification, viz—vaudeville, comic poems, farce and burlesque. The "Bon Tons" carry a splendid company of artists, who are thoroughly entertaining. A bevy of feminine beauty is an attraction with this company and a prettier lot of girls are seldom seen together. Good looks is not their only qualification; they can sing, dance, pose, help to drive dull care away. The first part of the show is a satire called "Matrimonial Bureau"; then comes an olio of superior strength and merit, and the performance is brought to a close with a rip-roaring burlesque, entitled "Vassar Girls in Camp." It satirizes, in a sportive way, the famous war drama, "Secret Service," and gives ample scope to produce mirth and merriment. The scenic and electrical effects are fine.

FOR THE STRIKERS.

Next Thusday evening at Music Hall half of the proceeds of "A Trip to Coney Island" will be contributed to the New Bedford strikers. "A Trip to Coney Island" will also play a comedy vaudeville and introduce the Yellow Kid at Coney Island.

The Captain John Ford society, Children of the American Revolution, held a memorial meeting Saturday afternoon. The exercises consisted of music, a paper on George Washington by Miss Lucy Hall, the secretary, and Miss Caroline Wright read an excellent paper on "Our Flag."

Top of the Heap
in popularity
and sales—

B-L
TOBACCO

in quality and flavor best suits the people. Every tobacco user should investigate what there is about B-L that so **pleases the taste.**

THE DAILY WORK.

Work Which Can Be Inspected Personally is Always Better Performed Than That Passed Upon From Reports.

It's the daily work of The Little Conqueror.

The workings right here in Lowell. Lifting burdens from helpless backs.

Bringing sunshine to many a home.

It's deeds that count,

That bring the never-ceasing sounds of praise.

The public are learning fast.

Learning to appreciate merit.

Learning to distinguish between claims and proof.

Home proof is the best proof.

Doan's Kidney Pills are endorsed by Lowell people.

Read what a citizen says:

Mr. G. S. Emerson, of 52 Westford street, endorses Doan's Kidney Pills as follows: He says:

"I have been engaged in the grocery trade in Lowell for twenty years, and during that time I have done a lot of driving. This, if not the immediate cause of my trouble, certainly aggravated it. There was a very tender spot over the left kidney, too frequent action of the kidney secretions, dizziness, headache, and constant backache. I read what Doan's Kidney Pills were doing among sufferers in Lowell and resolved to try a box. I got it from Ellingwood & Co.'s, corner Merrimack and Central streets, and I was surprised with the immediate results. I felt better after only a few doses, and continuing them, I was soon perfectly free of all the aches and pains. The credit is due to Doan's Kidney Pills. You can use my name as much as you like. I have quite an extended acquaintance through driving through your city for twenty-six years, and I will vouch for what they have done for me."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

LOCAL NEWS.

Harris, 10 Appleton street, sells watches and always gives satisfaction.

Thomas J. Lynch, clerk for John H. Nolan is rejoicing over the birth of a daughter.

Rev. D. R. Evans of North Hampton, N. H., who preached at the High street church yesterday, was the guest of Major C. A. Stott.

William Drapeau, foreman for Hon. J. W. Bennett, had his family increased recently by the arrival of a boy and a girl. Mother and children are doing well.

Miss Blanche Baldwin entertained about 16 friends at her home in Nichols street, Saturday. Miss Cora Buckland had charge of the affair, which proved a very enjoyable one. Refreshments were served.

A meeting for teachers and all others interested in the subject discussed will be held in the High school hall, Friday afternoon, February 18, at 4.15 o'clock, and will be addressed by Mr. A. J. Bacheller, master of the Green school, upon the subject of "Local History."

Messrs. Ring & Co., are having a special marked down sale of sewing machines. They need the room for the 1898 line of bicycles and to move their large stock of Sewing Machines quick, have reduced every machine on their floor at cost price. They sell cash or installments, and take old machines in exchange.

PIANO RECITAL.

The pupils of Miss L. Ella Calderwood of 434 High street, gave a piano recital at her home on Saturday afternoon. The young people who took part in the program were:

Grace Griffin, Ethel Kenneston, Louise Diven, Ruth Bradley, Bertha Smith, Clara Flemings, Ruth Wilder, Stella Drury, Pearl Honey, Helen Barnes, Jessie Frost, Inez Turnbull, Arthur Barnes, Alvah Burrage, Herbert Whipple, and George Cochrane.

ST. PETER'S PARISH SOCIABLE.

"The Revel of the Naiads" new and artistic, will be presented for the first time in Lowell at the St. Peter's parish sociable next Thursday night at Associate Hall. The fair Naiads, appropriately costumed, will rival the Naiads of long ago in poetry of motion and beauty of expression. Calcium and electric lights will add to the general effect. A "Children's Garden Party," a lively little cantata, in which seventy-five of the younger children of the Sunday school will take part will be very attractive. A "Pop Corn" dance by tiny tots not more than five years of age, will be introduced; also a plantation dance. The Imperial Minstrel company will appear in their best specialties. After the entertainment, there will be the usual sociable.

MIKE MAHONEY IN THE FIELD.

Michael J. Mahoney, the well known umpire, writes that he has not retired but is ready to accept engagements for the coming season, college as well as professional.

CHADWICK A CANDIDATE.

Colonel Chadwick is reported to be a candidate for police commissioner.

Free vocal concerts daily.

A new and novel idea in the line of up-to-date retailing" at the Bon Marche. A free vocal concert daily by celebrated artists.

Miss Edith White, the celebrated contralto, will sing J. R. Stower's latest hits to the delight of hundreds of her admirers in this city. Words and music of the popular songs worth 50 cents, will be for this week, only 12½ cents per copy.

Hours of entertainment today 2 to 5, and 7 to 9 p. m. All other days, 9 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 5 p. m., except Saturday, when the hours will be 9 to a. m., 2 to 5, and 7 to 9 p. m.

HEART TERRORS vanish in thirty minutes under the magical wand of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. A heart specific, and no case too acute to be dispelled and absolute good health restored. Mrs. Roadhouse of Williacroft, O., writes:—"Cold sweat would stand out on me like beads, so intense were the attacks of heart disease. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart cured me, and today I know nothing of the terrors of this trouble."—53.

Sold by Ellingwood & Co., Central and Merrimack streets, and C. E. Carter, Branch and Smith streets.

Fine job printing done at this office.

A FIREMENS' BILL

A Big Delegation Went to Boston Today

TO SPEAK IN FAVOR OF THE MEASURE.

What Gen. Sherwin Has to Say.

Lowell firemen are greatly interested in a bill which was discussed before the legislative committee today. It provides that call firemen at the date of the passage of the act, may, on application, be placed upon the eligible list without examination, for positions as regular men. Call firemen who are appointed after the passage of the act must take a civil service examination before they will be eligible for the permanent list. It is the intention of the call firemen to appoint a committee to represent them at the legislative hearing.

General Sherwin of the state board of civil service commission was in Lowell Saturday in relation to the recent clerical examination. He was asked if the state commission would oppose the Lowell bill. He said:

"The board does not appear at hearings unless requested. The commission was requested to give its views when the Cambridge fire department was under consideration. The Lowell fire department is now under civil service law. Allowance in age is made for men who have served five years or more as call men. If the Lowell bill should become a law, there is no provision for excepting men who are not physically qualified for positions as permanent firemen. With the allowance in age for service, I cannot see anything unfair in the present law."

Quite a delegation of Lowell men went to Boston today to appear at the hearing which they were notified would take place today.

The members of the fire department held a meeting in Wyman's Exchange yesterday afternoon. James F. Norton presided and George Salmon was secretary. Mr. Norton, speaking of the city council's action in placing the department under civil service rules, said:

"There are 101 call and 71 permanent firemen in Lowell. The former are going every year nearer the age limit. Four members of the board of engineers have passed the civil service age limit, yet they have run in the department since they were school boys.

"It is very well for Boston and the cities around it to have civil service rules, but we can take care of ourselves in Lowell without them. We never send out of town for aid when we have a big fire to handle. If the department had had civil service men on the night of the big storm I do not believe that half of them would have responded to the fire. Yet our little band started out and some of them remained until 3 in the afternoon without a murmur.

"The civil service rules may let in men not fit to be firemen. Each man now appoints his own substitute, and if he does not show a good record, he goes out."

Hon. Charles D. Palmer was present, and said that he was unqualifiedly in favor of the bill. He offered valuable suggestions, and said that he would appear personally before the committee except for the fact that he is a member of a state board.

Rep. Ramsay asked whether there were any amendments to suggest to the bill as it read.

Mr. Norton replied that there were, that some of the firemen wished to leave the matter of appointment to the board of engineers or to the Mayor, upon recommendation of the engineers.

Mr. Ramsay stated that there would be no difficulty in obtaining a new draft of the bill with amendments. He did not believe that the aldermen ever intended to shut out any firemen who had served in the department.

Representatives Hayes, Lang, and Draper spoke in favor of the bill.

CARD
FROM
O'Hearn & Dowd
TO THE PUBLIC:

Within the past few weeks we have offered for sale a case of Hosiery (seconds) which we understand are not giving general satisfaction. "Your money's worth or your money back" is our motto, and we stand ready to make good every pair of these hose which will be returned to us. The tan shades are withdrawn from the sale. Respectfully

O'Hearn & Dowd
THE CLOTHIERS,
OLD POST OFFICE.

MALTOX
will put new life into your veins.
At all druggists. 50c.

NEW CHAPEL.

OPENED AT STATE ALMSHOUSE BY OBLATE FATHERS.

Yesterday morning at the appointed hour the new and beautiful chapel of the state almshouse was crowded by a large number of inmates, as well as the attendants and the superintendent of the institution, Dr. Nichols, and other members of the staff at 9.30 a. m., when a solemn high mass was begun, Rev. Fr. Campeau, O.M.I., former Catholic chaplain of the institution, being celebrant. He was assisted by Rev. Fr. Fletcher, O.M.I., and Rev. Brother Plourde, O.M.I., as deacon and sub-deacon, respectively.

Excellent singing and music were furnished by the choir of St. Andrew's church, Billerica. The decorations were beautiful and very appropriate for the occasion, consisting principally of natural flowers selected from the greenhouse of the institution.

The sermon of the occasion was by Rev. Fr. Nolin, O.M.I., the former professor of the University of Ottawa, Canada. He took his text from II Paralip. ix. 12: "I will choose this place for a house of sacrifice." He began by telling his audience that no doubt their hearts overflowed with joy and happiness on this festive occasion. Great must also be their gratitude on this day for the authorities of the institution who had provided for them such a beautiful place of worship; for the reverend fathers who attended to their spiritual wants with such self-sacrificing devotedness, and especially for their God, who had treated them with such liberal kindness.

DEATHS.

OWENS—Esther Owens, child of Patrick and Kate Owens, died yesterday at their home 94 Common street.

McSWEENEY—Henry Paul McSweeney, child of Eugene and Mary McSweeney, died yesterday at their home in North Billerica.

KANE—Mary Kane, aged 85 years, died this morning at St. John's hospital. Deceased was for over 25 years an inmate of the hospital. She has relatives in Saxonville.

BOWERS—Mr. Darius Bowers died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Amos Kendall, 12 Washington street, Sunday, Feb. 13, aged 77 years, 23 days.

He leaves a wife and two sons, Rev. Edwin D. Bowers of East Norton, Mass., and Albert M. Bowers of Newark, N. J.; also three daughters, Mrs. Nelson Hampstead of New Haven, Conn., Mrs. David H. Jones, and Mrs. Amos Kendall of Lowell.

CORRIVEAU—Marie Von Wyemerhz Corriveau, aged 38 years, wife of Louis Corriveau, bookbinder, whose place of business is in The Sun building, died Saturday afternoon at her home, on Davidson street. The deceased was a very industrious woman and was actively engaged in the bookbinding business with her husband. She was a devout Catholic, and a regular attendant at St. Joseph's church.

Besides her husband, she leaves one young son, Joseph Corriveau.

FARLEY—Mrs. Ellen Farley, aged 22 years, died in Montreal February 2. She was the youngest daughter of the late Cornelius Farley of Tingwick, P. Q. Besides a mother she leaves four brothers and four sisters to mourn her loss. Funeral services took place from St. Anne's church, Danville, P. Q., Friday morning, February 4, where Fr. Mason celebrated a solemn high mass of requiem.

BERKINHEAD—Mary B. Berkinhead, wife of John Birkenhead, an employe of the Lowell & Suburban power house, died Saturday night at her home, 1415 Middlesex street, at the age of 31 years. Besides her husband the deceased leaves five children.

HENNOTTE—Mrs. Rosanna Hennotte, wife of Dr. Hennotte, ex-councilman from old ward five, died Saturday night at her home, 20 James street. Deceased leaves a husband and two daughters.

DEIGNAN—Michael Deignan, infant son of Thomas and Lizzie Deignan, died Sunday morning at the home of his parents, corner Cedar and Central streets, aged 7 months, 26 days.

TAPLIN—Miss Carrie M. Taplin, aged 22 years, died at the home of her parents, Charles and Emily C. Taplin, No. 384 Bridge street, Saturday evening.

SAXON—James Saxon died Saturday night at his home, 77 Adams street, aged 71 years.

HILL—The death of Mrs. Anne Hill wife of Thomas Hill and mother of Thomas F. Hill, the popular landlord of the Waverly House, occurred last night at her home, 773 Central street, after a long illness borne with great fortitude. Mrs. Hill was aged 64 years and was a resident of St. Peter's parish for many years. She was a good Christian woman, possessed of qualities that made her beloved by all who knew her. Her death was particularly sad to her family, owing to the fact that her son, Mr. Hill of the Waverly House, has passed through an almost fatal attack of illness. Mrs. Hill had been ailing for some time, but she bore her suffering with remarkable fortitude and was well prepared for the end, passing away most peacefully. She is survived by her husband, Thomas Hill; one son, Thomas F., and a daughter, Mrs. M. J. McCann, to whom is extended the condolence of a host of friends. The funeral occured this morning at 9 o'clock from St. Peter's church.

POLICE COURT

Fred Wright, a Boston man who was recently assaulted and robbed there, was fined $1 for drunkenness.

Samuel and Mary Sharron for drunkenness got three months in jail and workhouse respectively.

Mary McKenna received four months in jail.

Carrie Lord carried off a sentence of six months in the workhouse.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

TRADES COUNCIL

Appoints Ways and Means Committee.

MR. BOODY OFFERS HALF RECEIPTS OF PERFORMANCE

For the New Bedford Strikers.

The meeting of the Trades and Labor Council in Building Laborers' hall yesterday afternoon brought out a large attendance.

Delegations were admitted from the Brussel Carpet Weavers' union, the Typographical union and the Stationary Firemen.

A communication was received from Manager W. H. Boody of Music Hall, announcing that he had made arrangements with the "A Trip to Coney Island" company to give a performance Thursday evening of this week, from which one-half of the proceeds would be contributed to the New Bedford strikers. A vote of thanks was extended to Mr. Boody and the members of the company and the delegates were instructed to apprise their respective unions of the matter.

General Organizer T. F. Tracey of the American Federation of Labor was present and made an urgent appeal for funds to aid the New Bedford strikers. As a result of his remarks, a committee of five was appointed to act in conjunction with the general ways and means committee of the several unions in raising money for this purpose.

Alexander Ray introduced the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we, the delegates to the Trades and Labor Council convened, pledge to the New Bedford operatives, our moral and financial support, and that all the delegates report the same to their respective unions; and further

Resolved, That this body appoint a committee to be known as the ways and means committee, to use all honorable means to raise money for their benefit.

Representative James P. Ramsay's bill providing for shorter hours for store clerks, was discussed at considerable length, after which it was unanimously endorsed.

Several local shoe stores were mentioned which are offering for sale shoes in which White Brothers & Company's leather was used. The matter was referred to the local label committee, who will consider the advisability of boycotting such stores.

The bill appropriating $100,000 to the Textile school was condemned.

BARBERS' MEETING.

The Barbers' union had an enthusiastic gathering yesterday afternoon and 32 new members were admitted.

Addresses were delivered by Mr. Hadley of Lawrence, John T. Powers, James Hunter, Charles Burns, Michael F. McCarthy and others.

A committee composed of the temporary officers of the union was appointed to procure the charter from the Journeymen Barbers' union, and upon the receipt of it, a permanent organization will be effected. It is expected to arrive late in the week and as soon as it arrives, a call will be issued through the press for the next meeting.

The Cigarmakers' union will meet at Building Laborers' hall tonight.

The Slasher Tenders held their second meeting in Spinners' hall Saturday night with a very large attendance.

PARTY AT NORTH CHELMSFORD.

Saturday night, the young ladies employed in the stitching department of the Lawrence Hosiery held their second annual party at North Chelmsford Town Hall. A concert was given, after which dancing was enjoyed by 100 couples.

Mr. and Mrs. Ezra B. Adams of Gloversville, N. Y., are visiting friends in this city.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Old and Reliable
Cures Colds Quick

For over forty years it has been used and proved to cure the most stubborn lung or bronchial colds. It soothes and heals quickly, preventing serious development. It does not upset the stomach.

MASTA'S
PULMONIC
BALSAM.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

MALTOX
a genuine food for the nerve tissue.
At all druggists. 50c.

MALTOX
will do you worlds of good if you are run down.
At all druggists. 50c.

ELECTRIC LIGHT CO.

ANNUAL MEETING HELD SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

The annual meeting of the Lowell Electric Light corporation was held last Saturday and these officers were elected:

Clerk and treasurer, William H. Bent; directors, George W. Fifield, William A. Ingham, William H. Bent, Perley P. Perham, Louis I. Fletcher, James H. Tolles, Darwin S. Dudley; committee of stockholders under chapter 492, acts of 1897, Sylvanus Bartlett, William S. Marshall, Edward T. Coward.

The report of the treasurer, William H. Bent, for the year ending Dec. 31, 1897, contains the following statements: Total receipts from public arc lights, $57,497.05; from commercial arc lights, $19,950.44; from incandescent lights, $4,030.08; from power sales, $26,497.51; penalties on unpaid bills, $210.70; total receipts from all sources, $108,229.37.

There are at this date 710 arc lights in use; 454 on poles in streets, and 256 in stores, offices and public buildings.

There are at this date about 16,000 incandescent lights in use by 373 customers.

Motor power is furnished for 1056 horse power motors to 119 customers.

Whole number of shares of stock, 300, at a par value of $100 each, all sold and issued to stockholders.

The statement of condition, December 31, 1896, shows a total debit and credit of $555,002.86, and for 1897, a total debit and credit of $630,950.33.

FORESTERS TO LAWRENCE.

In response to an invitation extended by Court Columbia, No. 8, of Lawrence the degree staff of the Foresters of Lowell will go down the river Friday night to exemplify the new ritual. The staff consists of Martin J. Crowe, C. R.; P. F. Kennedy, L. C. R.; P. Hallowood, S. W.; J. Driscoll, J. W.; J. J. Cluin, P. C. R.; guards, C. Connors; E. McGann, Frank Campbell, Thomas Nelson, Charles McCullough, Dennis J. Cooney, Leary Priest, Michael McMullen, Thomas Morse, Thomas Brennan, Michael Maher.

Fine job printing done at this office.

LAXITY OF LEGISLATORS.

Boston, Feb. 14.—The legislative committee of the Massachusetts Federation of Labor considered yesterday a number of labor difficulties through the state. In the matter of the strike at the Apsley rubber factory at Hudson it was voted to request the executive officers to prepare a plan for securing financial aid for the strikers. A resolution was also adopted commending the working girls of the Hudson factory for the "magnificent spirit they have shown in their fight for a principle."

Complaint was made that legislators elected by the votes of trade union people were not attending to their duties, several Boston Democrats being severely criticised for being absent when labor bills were being considered. The chairman desired to prepare a report of all representatives and senators who appeared lax in their duties so that it might be submitted to their constituents.

ATTACKED THE BANDITS.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 14.—Two road agents, armed with revolvers, attempted to hold up the passengers on the Iron Mountain south-bound fast mail train near Bismarck, Mo. They succeeded in robbing one man. The remaining passengers, some with pistols and others only with their doubled fists, rushed toward the robbers, who first leveled their revolvers toward the crowd and then leaped from the train.

KILLED IN A MINE EXPLOSION.

Ironwood, Mich., Feb. 14.—Three men were killed at the Newport mine in this city by an explosion of giant powder. The men were R. Peter Blazza, Samuel Naimo and Mike Zadla. They were working on the ninth level, Blazza and Naimo went to the powder chests at the end of the drift to prepare two charges for a blast. They had just reached the chests when the explosion occurred. It is thought that there was about 150 pounds of powder in the two chests. The cause of the explosion is not known.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

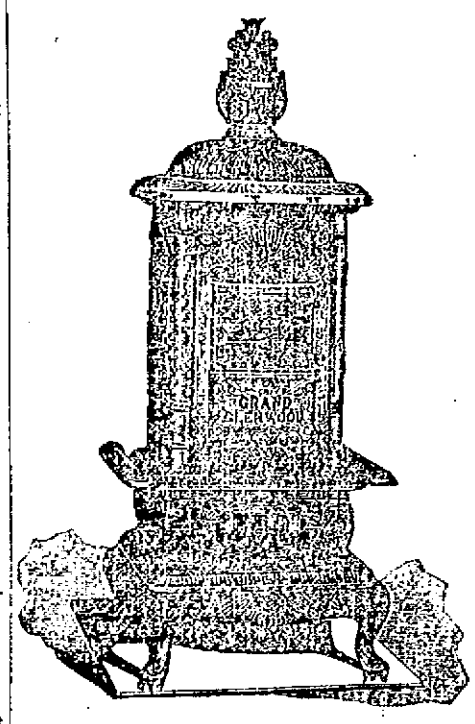
Fine job printing done at this office.

CUT DOWN
IN PRICES
TO SUIT THE TIMES

Children's Woonsocket Arctics, sizes 8 to 10½, 29c.
Ladies' Rubbers 15c.
Men's Plain Rubbers 25c.
Ladies' Storm Rubbers 35c.
Youths' Storm King Rubber Boots, 11 to 13, $1.39.
Boys' Storm King Rubber Boots, 3 to 5, $2.40.
Men's Boston Rubber Boots, warranted first quality, $1.79.
Children's Kid Boots, lace or button, sizes 3 to 6, 25c.
Children's Kid Spring Heel, sizes 6 to 8, 39c.

We Have the Bargains.

THOMAS P. BOULGER
115 Central Street.



THIS
Parlor Stove
Its Name
Glenwood

Greatest in heating power, most beautiful in design, highest in grade.

As with the heaters so with the ranges, no terms are too profuse. Don't fail to examine the Glenwoods before you purchase a Range or Parlor Stove. For sale in Lowell only at

GOOKIN BROS.
66 Prescott Street.
Headquarters for First Class House Furnishings of Every Description.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of The Associated Press.
Per Year, $3.00. Per Month, 25c.

Wise Merchants

The merchants of Lowell are not fools. Of course they were not as wise once as they are now, but their wisdom came through experience.

While they always bought their merchandise by measure and weight, they used to buy advertising space in the local papers by sympathy and guess-work. They don't buy it that way now. They buy space on the basis of circulation, estimating the price per inch per thousand papers circulated.

On this basis, they know what they get and they know that THE SUN is by far the cheapest medium in the city. THE SUN has a larger circulation than any two papers in Lowell.

The monetary convention recently held at Indianapolis did little more than express its adherence to the gold standard and the plans of currency reform advanced by Secretary Gage. The convention, it appears, attracted very little attention throughout the country and its deliberations and its platform will receive but little consideration with the republican party in 1900.

The passage of the Teller resolution in congress gives assurance to the country that the plans of Secretary Gage cannot be embodied in legislation this year or next year. The resolution lays down the rule that the government will have the option of paying its obligations in coin, either gold or silver, and that such a course is not in violation of the public faith nor in derogation of the rights of the public creditor. Only one democrat, Caffrey of Louisiana, voted against the measure, and seven McKinley republicans, namely, Wolcott of Colorado, Shoup of Idaho, Carter of Montana, Clark and Warren of Wyoming, Pritchard of North Carolina, and Chandler of New Hampshire voted for it. Several of those who voted in the affirmative claim that they did so in order that the government might retain its option to pay in either metal as an insurance against undue damage during times of peculiar or temporary dangers, rather than as a step in favor of free silver at any particular ratio.

In 1878, the Matthews resolution, which was practically the same as the Teller resolution, was passed by the senate by a vote of 42 to 20, and in the house by a vote of 179 to 79. It was a departure from the policy that led the government into its ruinous subserviency to the gold standard, and having unnecessarily relinquished its option to pay its obligations in coin of either metal, the republicans stand upon the claim that it would be repudiation and dishonor to pay in silver coin. The government is free to pay in either gold or silver without repudiating or scaling down its debts.

President McKinley, in his speech before the Manufacturers' association, recently, seemed to make an advance upon his former policy towards the gold standard. He reiterated what the party had done to secure international bimetallism and the result. While he recalled the fact that the republican party in its platform placed itself squarely in favor of maintaining silver at a parity with gold, he further stated that the party is under an obligation to maintain the gold standard supreme in this country. This would indicate that the question of international bimetallism is to be abandoned altogether by the republican party unless they change their attitude at the approach of the next election, which is not improbable. One thing certain is, that the farce of international bimetallism will no longer be used to delude the country and the republican party must either come out squarely for the maintenance and permanency of the gold standard or for bimetallism at some particular ratio.

In regard to the difference of opinion upon the proper ratio to adopt, there is very wide discussion at the present time. Even with some democrats including ex-Gov. Boies of Iowa, there is a tendency to depart from the fixed ratio of 16 to 1. Some propose a ratio of 20 to 1, holding that were that adopted, the commercial value of silver would rise to that point in a very short time. Mr. Boies has another proposition before the country at present, calling for the issuance of silver certificates in lieu of silver bullion at the market value. If the government adopted this plan, it would serve as a gradual method of restoring silver to its proper place as a standard of value. The whole subject seems to be unsettled although were free silver coinage adopted in this country, there can be very little doubt that the value of silver would soon be greatly increased, and that, after all, the ratio of 16 to 1 would eventually be reached, but the government cannot experiment with shifting standards.

The individual or the paper that says The Sun is endeavoring to put a man at the head of the labor organizations who will turn over the labor vote to any candidate for office, states what is groundless, a pure fabrication evidently made for a purpose. The Sun has suggested no leader, nor does it believe that any leader can control the votes of the labor unions. The Sun stands as it always has done for the people, whether they are in the unions, or out, and it stands especially in this crisis for the mill operatives whose wages have been reduced. It also favors harmony and condemns the paper or the leader who shows any jealousy in this important crisis or who is unwilling to work hand in hand with other leaders, all seeking the same end, and that a victory for labor the defeat of the Arkwright club and restoration of the old scale of wages. The Sun is not seeking votes nor notoriety, nor is it attacking everybody who endeavors to lend a hand in the battle for the rights of labor.

It is doing every thing possible to unite all the forces of labor against the first step towards reducing the operatives of the North to the slavish condition of those in the South. This is not a fight for "glory" or notoriety. It is a fight for justice, and if it is lost there will come the darkest days for mill operatives that have ever threatened New England. Thus we appeal to every man and woman interested in the cause of labor to stand together in this noble fight for victory, for the New Bedford strikers, for their victory will be Lowell's victory, as their defeat would also be our defeat. They are fighting a noble battle, in which every operative of Lowell can help by contributing to their support while idle.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Boston Globe—Christian science will always work a cure when there is nothing the matter with you.

Lawrence American—The home made biscuit will keep up the fight against the biscuit trust, anyway, and the home made article is often quite a dangerous weapon.

Providence News—About the only member of the average "Klondike party" who is pretty sure of coming home alive and happy is the wily promoter.

Boston Advertiser—A Boston fortune teller advertises to "tell your name and the object of your visit without a question." That is easy. Your name is Dennis Mudd and the object of your visit is to prove that not all the fools are dead yet.

Portland Argus—T. Jefferson Coolidge, the treasurer of the Amoskeag cotton mills, insists that it is the lower wages paid in the South that gives the southern spinners their chief advantage over northern competitors. And how about the higher salaries paid in the North. Mr. Coolidge, we believe, gets $25,000 as treasurer; or is it $50,000?

Manchester Union—It is announced that a movement is on to reorganize the republican party in Nebraska, and purge it of "the elements which have brought it into disrepute." If this plan should be adopted everywhere, the party might be made respectable in appearance, though it would be hopelessly weak, numerically.

Boston Beacon—Commendation is due to Representative Bennett of Saugus, for his firmness as chairman of the committee on agriculture, in withstanding the exorbitatnt demands of the gypsy moth commission. The commissioners are on record. It is said, with the declaration that they would take $200,000 this year or nothing. Let it be nothing, and let the gypsy moth farce be brought to an end. There is no more reason why the state should fight gypsy moths than why it should fight cancer worms, potato bugs, and tent caterpillars.

Chicago Chronicle—Odd, isn't it, the difference between New York and Chicago bankers? In New York a cashier who in forty years of service makes an error of judgment whereby his employer may lose half a million, is kicked into the street. In Chicago the manager who makes similar mistakes to the tune of more than a million, is kicked into the national treasury and eats his way through the country, telling the people how to manage their finances. The New Yorker sinks into oblivion, while the Chicago man rises like a whale to the surface and spouts.

Hartford Courant—We are still of the opinion that all these newspaper obituaries of the Hon. Arthur P. Gorman should have been pigeon-holed a while longer. We recall again the Scotch shoemaker's remark to Allan Locke about premature interment. We observe that the one thing certain in democratic politics today is the absolute uncertainty as to what the morrow will bring forth but having watched the Hon. Arthur Gorman and the Hon. David B. Hill for a good many years past, we think that their reappearance in the near vicinity of the band wagon is one of the things to be expected.

MORTALITY OF LOWELL.

The mortality of Lowell for the week ending February 12, 1898:

Population, 87,000; total deaths, 30; deaths under five, 10; acute lung diseases, 9.

Death rate 17.9 against 12.7 and 14.9 for the previous two weeks.

Infectious diseases reported—Typhoid fever, 1; scarlet fever, 6; diphtheria, 1;

BE SURE you get what you want when you ask for Hood's Sarsaparilla. Unequalled in Merit, Sales, Cures. There's no substitute for HOOD'S.

THE STRIKE FUND

The Grand Total Now Nearly $800.

THE SPINNERS' COMMITTEE DOING GOOD WORK.

Hamilton Weavers Out Doing All Other Mills.

The strikers' fund has now reached close to $800, and starts on the down grade to the $1000 mark. It is but a few days since a Fall River labor man was delegated to carry $1000 from Fall River to the strikers at New Bedford.

Already the people of Lowell have contributed over $1000, including the $100 sent by the Brussels Weavers and the $100 voted by the Weavers' union of this city.

The Sun has already sent $100 and another remittance will soon be sent, but this fund alone must reach the $1000 mark right away.

The Hamilton operatives have sent two large contributions. Why do not those of the Massachusetts, the Boott, Tremont & Suffolk, and Lawrence follow their example?

In the contributions for the New Bedford strikers F. G. Mitchell of the Bon Marche heads the list with $10, and he invited the committee to see him again, as he would contribute more if necessary.

The collectors appointed by the spinners' union are doing good work all around. Their list in today's Sun as well as their previous lists, tells the story.

The Hamilton operatives are also contributing liberally and deserve the greatest credit for sending as a second contribution the sum of $62 for the New Bedford strikers. Owing to the late hour at which the returns came in on Saturday, it was found impossible to publish them as the list was quite long.

THE FUND.

Previously acknowledged	$626.74
Forwarded to New Bedford	400.00
Balance	$226.74
A Friend	1.00
George Fahlburn	1.00
Annie Connors	.50
John Hanley	.25

SPINNERS' LIST.

Friend	.25
K. Gray	.50
W. S. Grady, The Crystal	5.00
J. H. Clark, The Emblem	2.00
Thomas Allshaw	.50
Noel Gondreau	1.00
James Donnelly	1.00
A Friend	6.00
Mrs. M. M.	.50
F. M.	.25
M. C.	.75
Gwen M. Donohue, Gorham St.	5.00
Friend	.50
J. H. K.	.50
J. H. Hawthorne	.25
James H. Buckley	.50
Bon Marche Dry Goods Co.	10.00
J. F.	.25
W. P.	.25
C. H. Molloy, undertaker	2.00
A Friend	1.00
John F. Collins, Fayette St.	1.00
Friend	.50
Walter Booth	.50
Friend	1.00
E. Provost	.50
E. H.	.50
W. P. Sullivan	1.00
John Fitzpatrick	1.00
Friend	.50
Charles Riley, E. Mer'k St.	.50
John Gallagher	.50
A Friend	.65
A Friend	.50
A Friend	.50
Mrs. Lawson	.65
James Dwyer	2.00
Friend	.10
A Friend	.25
A Woman	.25
Consumers	.50
J. "A Consecrated Purse"	.50
A Friend	.50
J. F. Saunders	1.00
Ed. Gallagher, Gorham St.	1.00
J. McGinchey, Gorham St.	1.00
A Hobigian	.10
F. O'Brien, 23 Rogers St.	.25
Annie Conroy, 411 Lawrence st.	.50
A Friend, 472 Lawrence St.	.20
James O'Brien, 450 Lawrence St.	.10
A Friend	.05
Mrs. Quinn, 53 Church St.	.10
Wigginville, A Friend, 4. Burton St.	.25
William Dickson, 13 Rogers St	.25
Lizzie Keogh, 6 Mission Place	.25
Mrs. T. Walsh, 5 Watson St.	1.00
Maria Walsh, 5 Watson St.	.50
Patrick Reedy, 15 Watson St.	1.00
Mary McQuade, 84 Whipple St.	.50
J. H. Birtwell, 62 Whipple St.	2.00
A Friend	.10
Farrell & Creevin, 810 Central St.	1.00
James P. Sheridan, 74 Whipple	2.00
A Friend, 866 Central St.	.50
Stephen O'Hare, 24 Cresby St.	1.00
Philip Farley, 41 Crosby St.	1.00
John J. Barrows, 738 Gorham St.	5.00
John J. O'Connell, 58 Kinsman St.	1.00
John J. Lynch, 50 Agawam St.	.50
Annie Kinnan, 82 Kinsman street	.25
Mrs. J. B. England, 726 Gorham	.25
A Friend in Dracut	.25
T. B. O'Donoghue, 725 Central St.	.50
Friend	.18
Centreville	.25
Friend No. 1	.25
Friend No. 2	.25
Friend, L. C.	1.00
Total	$76.13

HAMILTON WEAVERS.

Maggie Moynihan	1.00
Nora Cullinan	1.00
Jennie Hennessey	1.00
Maggie McAfee	1.00
Delia Honan	1.00
Della Rourke	.50
Sarah E. Quinn	.50
A Friend	.50
Maggie Regan	.50
Jennie McAfee	.50
Bridget Morris	.50
A Friend	.50
Old Sport	.50
Hannah McMahon	.50
Annie McCabe	.50
Jennie Guthrie	.50
Bridget Lynch	.25
Sunshine	.25
Dew Drops	.25
A Friend	.25
A Weaver	.25
A Weaver	.25
Maria Reynolds	.25
Adolphus Billingsworth	.25
Slippery Back	.25
A Weaver	.25
Annie Mullane	.25
Mary O'Donnell	.25
A Funeral of Arkwright Club	.25
A Friend	.25
A Weaver	.25
Total	$14.25

HAMILTON WEAVE ROOM.
For the Brave Soldiers of New Bedford Who are Fighting the Battle of Right:

Jennie Parsons	.50
Jennie A. Martin	.50
Katie Murphy	.50
Bridget Charles	.50
Maggie Rogers	.50
Della Guthrie	.50
Mary Quinn	.50
A Friend	.50
A. A. H.	.25
L. A. D.	.25
A. McG.	.25
S. T. R.	.25
Flossie Brown	.25
Rose Hennlie	.25
Total	$5.50

HAMILTON WEAVERS.

Annie Dempsey	1.00
A Friend	1.00
A Friend	.50
A Friend	.50
J. S.	.50
W. Flanigan	.50
Maggie Kerrigan	.25
R. A.	.25
Lizzie Lally	.25
Tassie Adams	.25
Sophia Christenson	.25
Julia Carter	.25
Nellie Handley	.25
Colia Casey	.25
Anine McFeague	.25
Jessie Lynch	.30
Maggie White	.25
Lizzie White	.25
Sarah Shannon	.25
Lula Johnson	.25
A Weaver	.25
Yours Truly	.25
B. A. Gilbride	.25
Amanda Erickson	.25
Nellie Caldwell	.25
Maggie Brady	.25
Annie Lyons	.25
Lizzie Duffy	.25
Annie Campbell	.25
Emelia Wagandee	.25
Josephine Andreson	.25
Thomas Hunt	.25
Marie McCabe	.25
Maria Quinn	.25
Nellie Quinn	.25
Mary McNulty	.25
Nellie Cleary	.25
Mike	.25
A Friend	.25
A Friend	.25
A Weaver	.25
A Weaver	.25
M. E. Mc.	.25
J. M.	.25
W. D.	.25
Lizzie Breen	.25
A Friend	.25

HAMILTON WEAVERS.

Minnie Snow	.15
Pauline Schutz	.15
L. Lynch	.15
M. L.	.15
Annie Kain	.10
B. S.	.10
A Weaver	.10
A Friend	.10
A Weaver	.10
A Weaver	.10
Jenny Anderson	.10
Total	$15.60

MERRIMACK TWISTERS.

H. Shaw	.50
J. Clayton	.25
J. Barker	.25
W. Riley	.25
R. Barton	.25
W. Ellison	.25
A. Barker	.25
M. Mooney	.25
J. McNaughton	.25
L. Spain	.25
W. Neil	.25
A. Keefe	.05
Total	$3.05

HAMILTON WEAVERS.

Editor of The Sun—Let us hope that the New Bedford operatives will receive what they justly demand. Let the public come to their relief in their hour of their need, and victory will crown their efforts. Respectfuly yours,

Mary Rourke	1.00
Mary Kane	1.00
Susie Kane	1.00
Maria Cullinan	1.00
Susie Kelley	1.00
Sarah Riley	1.00
Mary A. Ball	1.00
Bridget Horgan	1.00
Laura Palmer	.50
Katie McGarhan	.50
Alice McGarhan	.50
Alice Curtin	.50
Bridget O'Connell	.50
Maggie Kearns	.50
Nellie Tiernan	.50
A Friend	.50
A Friend	.50
Mary Lenox	.50
Mrs. McCall	.50
Katie Mullane	.50
Bridget Leane	.50
Georgie Lavigne	.50
Mamie Quinn	.50
Nellie Keenan	.50
Mary McGarrell	.50
Mary McNally	.50
A Friend	.50
Katie Carolin	.50
Katie Carr	.50
A Friend	.25
Lizzie Williams	.25
Delia Doherty	.25
A Friend	.25
A Friend	.25
Katie Burns	.25
Katie Manor	.25
Lena Richards	.25
Katie Nolan	.25
Alice Ryan	.25
A Friend	.25
N. M.	.25
Delima Pelletier	.25
Katie Rourke	.25
E. T. Kelley	.25
Bridget O'Donaghue	.25
Annie McKeon	.25
Mary McKeon	.25
Maria Cooney	.25
Katie Riley	.25
Nellie Purcell	.25
Mary Cullen	.25
Maggie Cruthely	.25
Mary Hickey	.25
Mary Harrington	.25
Annie Emo	.25
Lea Bromley	.25
A Friend	.25
Clinton E. Forrest	.25
Cesavie St. Pierere	.10
Edoardine St. Pierere	.10
Mary Damont	.10
Regina Thifutt	.10
Annie Pillett	.10
Delleas Pillett	.10
Mrs. C. Stoudre	.10
Annie Baldwin	.10
Mrs. Branconille	.10
Dinase Dipot	.10
Philamenie Depot	.10
Helen Terrent	.10
Annie Terrent	.10
Celanie Lducyer	.10
Louisa Etu	.10
Total	$27.20
Total	$371.52

SETTLES NERVOUS BANKRUPTCY

Investigation shows that men who succeed are men of brains—strong nerves—great will power. Ordinary food cannot supply the vital forces which people with active brains and bodies require. Bicola Pills feed the nerves—make the mind bright, muscles strong—make flesh and blood and give perfect health to men and women. The Turners of Philadelphia make Bicola Pills.

J. E. Buckey, Chief Clerk National Hotel, Washington, D. C., testifies that he was all run down—was a shadow of his former self—Bicola Pills gave him wonderful relief—he gained over twenty pounds after using them.

Special Agents in Lowell—F. H. Butler & Co., Charles F. Blanchard, G. C. Brock & Co., Carleton & Hovey, Carter & Sherburne, Ellingwood & Co., O. L. Field, F. C. Goodale, Dellsie, Beaulieu & Rochette, R. J. Lang & Co., F. P. Moody, James O'Brien, S. C. Shirley, Anders Thomasson, J. S. Westwood, George A. Wilson & Co.

Turners' Little Liver Turners—A very small pill. Turns your liver. Cure sick headache—biliousness—indigestion.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
STATE HOUSE, BOSTON, FEBRUARY 1st, 1898.

The committee on banks and banking will give a hearing to parties interested in so much of Part I of the report of the Board of Commissioners of Savings Banks as relates: 1st to the holding and sale of securities taken to secure indebtedness, 2nd to investments in railroad bonds, 3rd to banks connected with other institutions, at Room No. 418, State House, on Wednesday, Feb. 9, at 10 30 o'clock a. m.

—W. Whittlesey, Chairman.
Carleton P. Hovey, Clerk of the Committee.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
STATE HOUSE, BOSTON, Feb. 10, 1898.

The Committee on Banks and Banking will give a hearing to parties interested in Senate bill No. 49, to prohibit officers of a savings bank, or members of its board of investment, from holding certain offices in national banks or trust companies, at room No. 448, State House, on Wednesday, February 16, at 10 30 o'clock a. m.

—Wm. A. Whittlesey, Chairman.
Carleton P. Hovey, Clerk of the Com.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 Corham Street.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices
TRY OUR "EIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

JOHN W. McEVOY,
137 Central St., opp. American House,
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY,
Mansur Block,
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.
W. A. F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
183 Merrimack Street,
PHOTOGRAPHERS.
Crayons, Pastels, and Water Colors a specialty: All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW,
49 John Street,
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.
Orders received for cleaning, dyeing, and pressing, promptly and neatly executed.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE,
Room 16 Hildreth Building,
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

J. M. KINGSBURY,
No. 373 Bridge Street,
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.
(Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

Stock Reducing Sale
Ladies' Rubbers 25c. a pair.
1 lot Ladies' Kangola Shoes, in button or lace, a preventive of damp feet and a great wearing shoe. Former price $1.50, sale price $1.25.
Ladies' Storm Rubbers 35c.
J. J. Lonergan
215 DUTTON ST.

PETER H. SAVACE,
Undertaker & Funeral Director
169 WORTHEN ST.
Telephone connection 814-4. Calls night or day, promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

CATELY & PEARSON,
SOLICITORS OF PATENTS
Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty.
44 HILDRETH BUILDING.

IF YOU WANT A CASE
Of the Leading Brands of
LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER
TELEPHONE.
J. H. RILEY,
Bottler, Nos. 98 and 102 Lakeview Avenue.
Telephone Number 474-4.

Mild And Delicate
Ind. Coope & Co.'s Sealed Bottled Brand and Allsop's Red Hand brand of ale.
To close, we offer either brand in cases of quarts at $3.40 per case, or 35 cents per quart bottle.
JOHN M. PEVEY,
55-57 MIDDLE STREET.
Tel. 452-3.

Change in Business
Will Sell all my PIANOS at wholesale price for cash. Sheet Music 15 pieces $1.00.
GREEN'S, 223 Central St.

WANT COLUMN.

MADAME GLENDENING, FROM PARIS—The celebrated palmist. Correct readings on all affairs of life, will be here until the 26th of February, 241 Appleton street.

WANTED—DRESSMAKERS AND OTHERS to know that Prof. L. F. Wise, 145 Merrimack street, room 29, city, will teach his $30 system "King of Squares" for $15 this month only.

FOR SALE—LOT OF BOOKS, HISTORIES, encyclopedias, Thackeray, Scott & Bulwer's works, Tuesday evening February 15th, at 7 p. m., at 110 Middlesex street.

AGENTS—67 DAILY, TO SELL SPECIALTY Soaps and give customers double their value in handsome presents; exclusive territory; sample outfit free. Modne Soap Co., Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—A KITCHEN GIRL AT 16 JOHN street.

WORK FOR US AT YOUR HOME; DAY or evening; $5 to $12 weekly; no canvassing or experience required; particulars and work mailed to address on application. Columbian Manufacturing company, 303 North 4th street, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—MAN TO MANAGE STORE, Ordinary ability required; must furnish five hundred dollars bond. Apply Merchants' Coupon Co., 5 Merrimack Square.

WANTED—THE PEOPLE OF LOWELL TO know that J. Sovinskin of the Co-Operative Company has removed from 30 Gorham street to 24 Central street, where he sells Ladies' and Gents' Clothing, Household Goods on credit as cheap as for cash elsewhere. Agents wanted.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HOUSEkeeper by a woman of experience. Address Mrs. Gormane, 20 Smith street.

FOR SALE—5 PIECE PARLOR SET AND Carpet. Some histories and encyclopedias at low figures. 110 Middlesex street.

A YOUNG WOMAN WOULD LIKE WORK, office cleaning or washing by the day or hour. Apply 17 Varnum Block, 311 Bridge street.

$2.00 WILL PAPER YOUR ROOM WITH gilt paper border, hanging included. Dollar out papers affect prices. Painting done very reasonable. New York Wall Paper Co., 335 Middlesex street.

NOTICE—ALL GOODS IN OUR POSSESsion belonging to P. V. Allen, will be sold to storage if not called for within three days.
—J. W. MacDonald.

A MIDDLE AGED WOMAN WOULD LIKE a situation as housekeeper, or at cleaning or washing by the day or hour. Apply at 63 Gorham street.

STORE TO LET—ON OR AFTER MAY 1st, store at corner of Coburn street and Lakeview avenue at present occupied by Peter L. Furlong. For full particulars apply to Thomas Scully, 9 Coburn street.

GOOD OPENING FOR A MAN, WITH small capital. No competition, a monopoly, large profits. No. 110 Middlesex street.

TO LET—A NICE LARGE BASEMENT, well lighted, can be used for eating or brilliant printing rooms. Apply at Leonard & Co., One Price Jewelers, 70 Central street.

LADIES—CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENnyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe reliable. Take no other. Send 4 cents in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. All druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—500 YOUNG AND OLD MEN TO bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lewis Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 377 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

MENTHOL CREAM SHAMPOO IS USED in all the leading hair dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25 cents per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

ROOMS TO LET—IN THE SUN BUILDING. Inquire at The Sun office.

FOR SALE—IN CENTRALVILLE—CORNER of Reed and Fifth street, two story house, large barn, 5500 feet of land, lots of fruit. This is a nice place. Price $4500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

FOR SALE—BOARDING AND LODGING house of 21 rooms. Price $350. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED — HOUSEGIRLS AT THE Lowell Employment office, 539 Merrimack street, opposite City Hall.

FOR SALE—ON BRANCH STREET, GOOD house and barn, large lot of land. This can be bought at a bargain and on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

FOR SALE—NEAR BROADWAY AND Phillips street, good cottage house, large lot of land on easy terms. Price $1500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK AT A hotel. Can speak French or English and furnish the best of references. Address T., Sun Office.

WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN TO BUY their Clothing on credit. Custom made and ready to wear. Empire Clothing Co, Over 97 Central St. Open evenings.

FOR SALE—NEAR SARGENT STREET, new two tenement house 7 rooms to each. All modern improvements. On easy terms. $4500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

FOR SALE—IN PAWTUCKVILLE, NEW cottage house of 7 rooms on easy terms. Price $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

TO LET—TWO PLEASANT FRONT ROOMS, furnished or unfurnished, with gas, bath room, hot and cold water, etc. Rent low; call or address Bell 2 137 Stackpole St.

LADIES, MY MONTHLY REGULATOR has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in 24 to 48 days without fail, no pain, no danger; no interference with work; price $2.00; by mail or at office; consultation free; all letters truthfully answered. DR. TOLMAN CO., 173 Tremont street, Boston.

TO LET—ROOMS TO LET WITH OR WITHout board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 262 Fayette street.

$15 A MONTH
Will buy this splendid new 2½ story slip roof house of 8 rooms, attic, pantry and bath room with tub, marble wash bowls, etc., hot and cold water, maple floors in dining room, kitchen, pantry and bath room; piazza and balcony; nice lot of land, high and dry, very sightly, near cars and schools, will sell for $1400. Small payment down secures this bargain. Quick or you lose it. A. J. RYAN, 3 Hildreth Bldg., Old Post Office.

WANTED, LADY READERS TO TELL US what is the longest verse in the Bible. If you can tell us in what chapter it is, we will give you a prize of $100. If more than one person answers correctly, we will divide cash equally. With your answer send 10 cents for our new library of 12 complete books, a grand prize in themselves. Address Keystone Book Co., 1111 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING.
House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 6675 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy. Wm. H. Emery.
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, (Old Post office.

DERBY & MORSE
ELECTRICIANS.
72 MIDDLE STREET.

You Have Struck the Right Place
When you have found
PETER WATSON'S
Celebrated Bakeries
For if you are looking for the best quality of bakers' supplies, you are always sure to get the best when trading at either of his stores, which are located at:
52 TO 60 CHARLES STREET AND 155 LAWRENCE STREET.
If you desire he will supply your wants by calling at your home. Parties and weddings a specialty.

SKATES
The Famous
Long Reach Skate
25c. Per Pair and up.
MORE THAN
5000 Pairs in Stock.
BARTLETT & DOW
216 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 9th, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck Street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing from flat copy and models, Water and Oil Colors, and China Decoration.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE
Henry W. Garrity, Prop.
CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS
OPPOSITE OLD B. AND M. DEPOT.
The house is now under a new management thoroughly refitted and refurnished with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the Profession.
M. H. Carey. {Clerks} H. Gervais

TORCHES
For Thawing Out
Frozen Pipes
Protect your Water and Steam Pipes with
MINERAL WOOL HAIR FELT.
C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 TO 67 MARKET STREET.

We Bottle Belz's Half Stock
and deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Belz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.
GEORGE W. ENRIGHT'S
11 Middlesex Street.

OLD WASHINGTON TAVERN
This old hostelry has been refitted and refurnished and is up-to date in every particular. The best menu of any hotel in the city. Special rates to theatrical and commercial men. Best wines and liquors, everything first class. Our 50c. course Dinner a specialty.

Washington Tavern
Cor. Central and Church St.
F. H. Harris, Prop. J. J. Regan, Mgr.

The Lowell Gas Light Co.
Office, 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle
SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. H. RAYMOND, Clerk.
Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Leverett Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cummock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS
WITH THE DISCOUNT OFF FOR PROMPT PAYMENT IS
$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET
FIRST CLASS COOKING STOVE SET UP AND RENTED AT A LOW RATE PER YEAR, PIPING INCLUDED. COKE, BROKEN, SCREENED AND DELIVERED AT $4.50 PER CHALDRON; $2.25 PER HALF CHALDRON, CASH.
NO CHARGE MADE FOR THE USE OF METERS.
NO CHARGE MADE FOR RUNNING SUPPLY PIPES FROM STREET MAINS TO CONSUMERS CELLAR.
ORDERS WHEN LEFT AT OFFICE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

THE KLONDIKE CAFE,
120 Middle Street, under new management. Meals served at all hours. Boarders by day or week. Our 20c. Dinners a specialty. Gent's board per week, $3.00. Ladies', $2.25 for 21 meals, also a special dinner ticket, 7 dinners for $1.25. Call and give us a trial, at Leclair's, 120 Middle Street, Cor. of Palmer Street.

MORE OF DE LOME'S LETTER

How the Letter Was Discovered and Secured to the United States.

De Lome Betrayed by an Embassy Employe—Contents of Missive Inparted to the Cuban Junta—Supplies for Cuba.

Philadelphia, Feb. 14. — The Press prints what it asserts to be the true version of the acquisition and publication of the letter from Minister De Lome to Mr. Canalejas. The authority cited for its authenticity is a "Cuban of the highest standing in the councils of his party," who receives his information "from headquarters in New York."

The story goes on to say: "The letter was not stolen from the United States mails, but was secured by an agent of the Cuban junta in the postoffice at Havana. Joseph Canalejas, to whom the letter was addressed, never saw the original. He did not know until eight days after the letter reached Havana that such a letter from Spain's representative in Washington had been written him.

" De Lome wrote the letter in his private residence in Washington instead of at the Spanish legation. The paper, however, was marked with the official type and read in the corner, 'Legation De Espana.' The same inscription was upon the left hand upper corner of the envelope. Mr. De Lome did not mail the letter from his house. In fact he had not quite completed it upon the morning it was written and carried it to the legation, where is was first seen and noticed by a person who is in the employ of the embassy, acting in a substitute official capacity. The letter lay upon the desk of the minister in his inner office, the outer office being his place of reception to visitors. During his absence of half an hour from the inner office, the clerk in question saw the open letter and read some of it.

"The next day the same person sent word to his Cuban associates in Washington to the effect that he had seen a letter from De Lome to Canalejas, in which President McKinley was vilified and autonomy called a scheme. Several of the Cuban leaders got together and asked the employe of the embassy to secure the letter. They did not believe implicitly in his story, although he urged them to come into the public print and make charges against De Lome. Because they did not have the letter in their possession the leaders refused to say anything about it. The employe of the legation was urged to use all means in his power to secure the letter, although it was considered probable that the letter was already in the mails when the Cubans at the Hotel Raleigh were informed of its existence.

"The clerk in the employ of Minister De Lome saw no more of the letter. His memory written abstracts were forwarded to New York, and it was quickly agreed that could possession of the letter be obtained and his statements proven to be true the letter would be of incalculable value to the Cuban cause as substantiating what Cuban leaders had maintained regarding autonomy and the general Spanish policy in official circles toward this country and its officers. Immediately words of warning and urging to be on the lookout were sent to every Cuban who might be in a position to obtain track of or intercept the much sought for missive.

"The letter reached Havana five days after its postmark in Washington. An agent of the Cuban party, who is an employe of the Spanish postoffice, knew that the letter was on the way, and when it came into his hands it was carried from the postoffice and a copy was made of it. Word to this effect was sent to the Cuban leaders in Jacksonville, Fla., who at once asked the secret Cuban junta in Havana to secure the original letter—that a copy was not what was desired. The Havana postoffice clerk was not willing to do this at first, but afterward consented, as he was obliged to account for a certain number of letters to other employes of the department.

"The original was then taken, several blank sheets were substituted in place of the paper upon which De Lome had written, and the letter finally postmarked in the Havana office and sent on its routine way. Eight days from its arrival in the Havana office the sealed envelope, properly addressed to Mr. Canalejas, was delivered at the Inglaterra hotel. Mr. Canalejas did not regard the matter seriously at the time, although the hotel boy who brought him the letter and the postoffice employe who had last charge of it were arrested. So, also, was the hotel employe who went several times daily to the postoffice for the mails. All three were discharged after an examination. Mr. Canalejas communicated almost immediately with Minister De Lome and, for several weeks letters and cablegrams passed between the two, but no trace of the letter could be obtained. Canalejas shortly thereafter left Havana, going to Madrid.

"It is not explained why the letter was kept by the Cubans for several weeks before it was given out for publication. An informant, other than the person who gave the foregoing, but who is on the inside in Cuban official circles, declared that the delay was occasioned by a desire on the part of the junta to be assured absolutely that the writing was that of the Spanish minister, that he might not have any chance to deny its authorship and thus cause a reaction which undoubtedly would have been the result of the propagation of a fake."

MR. WOODFORD'S DISPATCH.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The 300-word cipher dispatch received from Minister Woodford Saturday night was translated at the state department Sunday, but no intimation of its import could be secured from official sources. Assistant Secretary of State Day, who has been entrusted with the whole correspondence by the president, refused to discuss the message. He said merely that there was no development in the case which properly could be made public at this time. In one instance he supplemented this statement by the remark that the mere fact of information being withheld was not to be taken as a serious indication.

Every effort to supplement Secretary Day's statement with some information from the White House failed. To urgent appeals for something definite, the president replied through Secretary Porter that the whole matter was in Secretary Day's hands, and that the president relied on him to handle the information for the press. It was stated at the White House, however, that there was no truth in the rumor of a censure upon Minister Woodford for allowing Mr. De Lome to forestall him in presenting the application for the minister's recall. Minister Woodford's course, it was stated, had been entirely satisfactory, and any criticism at this time was unfounded and unfair.

It could not be ascertained positively whether or not an answer to Minister Woodford's last dispatch has been sent. It is almost certain, however, that a reply has been drafted and that it was put in cipher at the state department last evening.

SUPPLIES FOR CUBANS.

Jacksonville, Fla., Feb. 14.—It is understood that an expedition has just left Tampa for Cuba with 5000 rifles, 6000 pounds of dynamite, 200,000 rounds of cartridges, 70 men and a large lot of supplies. Superintendent Taylor of the Pinkerton agency has been on the ground looking for General Sanguilly, who is believed to be in charge of the undertaking.

ORIENTAL ADVICES.

San Francisco, Feb. 14.—The Gaelic arrived Sunday from Hong Kong, Yokohama and Honolulu, bringing the following advices: Three Chinese were hanged simultaneously in the Victoria jail at Hong Kong on Jan. 12, the drop being made to accommodate all three, and the trio falling together. The executed members were members of an armed gang of shop thieves and in raiding a store killed a Chinese employe. The criminals were disbanded soldiers.

The annual cotton report from Shanghai states that the year of 1897 was one of extraordinary vicissitudes to those in this trade. The year began with an enormous stock of unsold goods on hand. Prices declined steadily until the end of August. Then came a stringency in the money market, the result being widespread disaster among the cotton dealers, very few importers escaping heavy losses. The turning point is believed to have been reached, however, 1898 opening with an improved demand and an increased number of transactions.

During the trip of a passenger steamer from Hong Kong to England, the Japanese crew, armed with knives, crowbars and belaying pins, brutally beat the chief engineer and his assistant and attacked a passenger in his berth, cutting his head open with a marlin spike. The officers and most of the passengers were driven to the bridge, where, unarmed, 40 Englishmen kept 100 drink-maddened Japanese at bay during the entire night by brandishing their walking sticks.

STONY CREEK MURDER.

Branford, Conn., Feb. 14.—Coroner Mix of New Haven held an examination today into the murder at Stony Creek, Saturday afternoon, when Peter Cognio was stabbed and almost instantly killed by Guiseppa Gandino in a quarrel about money. Medical Examiner C. W. Gaylord performed a postmortem examination on the remains of the murdered man. It was found that the weapon cut the lower end of the heart and penetrated the lung, passing between two ribs. Inasmuch as the murdered man had on a coat, a vest, two shirts and a chest pad, the knife must have been driven with great force.

Gandino, who is locked up at the county jail, New Haven, will be given a preliminary hearing before Judge Zacher Tuesday morning.

CAUGHT A THIEF.

Pawtucket, R. I., Feb. 14.—In Central Falls yesterday Francis Kerwin, 17, was arrested charged with robbing the store of J. Rosenbaum. Mr. Rosenbaum had been missing money from his till for several Sundays, and he set a trap to catch the thief, the arrest being the result. Kerwin obtained an entrance to the store by means of a false key.

TRAGEDY IN LODGING HOUSE.

Marion, O., Feb. 14.—Winfield Lewis stole up behind James Woods in his lodging house and shot him in the back of the head, killing him. He then shot at every colored person in sight, wounding two slightly and one, Lizzie Johnson, fatally. All were colored.

Avoid An Early Grave.

How often do we hear, that the avenue to an early grave was opened by neglecting a slight cough and cold. Profit by this truth, and provide yourself with Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, which instantly cures all throat and lung affections. Mr. W. H. Mahoney, Lowell, Mass., writes: "I was taken sick with a bad cold. The doctors did not seem to help me, and everybody said I was getting consumption, when a relative recommended Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. I got a bottle and it helped me, and after taking two bottles I was cured, to the surprise of everybody. I shall always recommend it to my friends, as I know it to be a sure cure." Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is sold everywhere for 25 cents. Don't accept a substitute.

A DIETARY STUDY

Facts Gleaned From an Investigation.

DIET OF SOME FAMILIES VERY MEAGRE

And Sufficient to Drive Them to Drink.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The result of investigations into the food habits of a number of families in the congested districts of New York city in 1895 and 1896 has been made public by the agricultural department in a report entitled "Dietary studies in New York city." The general plan of the work consisted in visiting a number of typical families in the worst portions of the city, observing the kinds and amounts of food which they bought and the prices which they paid, noting whether they obtained good weight and measure, and subjecting specimens of the materials to analysis for the purpose of learning their nutritive values.

The people in whose families the studies were made represented a large number of occupations. In some instances they were slovenly and shiftless, and took little interest in the appearance of their homes and tables. Other families, though ignorant, were willing and anxious to learn how they might improve their habits of living. The main results of each study are given with a brief discussion of the chief features.

In many of the families there was no attempt to spread an attractive table. One of the most common observations among those who are familiar with the habits of the poorer classes of wage workers, the report continues, is to the effect that a not inconsiderable amount of the prevalence of intemperance can be traced to poor food and unattractive tables. Throughout all these dietaries there was shown very little comprehension of the actual nutritive value of the food purchased, the selection apparently being made according to some whim or taste, the presence of certain food materials in the market, or because the housekeeper had become accustomed to purchasing certain kinds of food.

The larger number of families spent more than they really could afford for food, and yet frequently received insufficient nourishment. The question how these people could have obtained more nutriment for the money expenditure is answered only in the most general terms. It is suggested that one of the best and surest ways to improve the condition of the poor is to give them practical instructions and object lessons in the preparation of attractive yet simple and cheap foods. The subjects upon which the women should be instructed include lessons upon the best and most nutritious food materials, and those best adapted in point of cost and ease of preparation to the needs and circumstances of the family, and instruction such as shall enable the housekeeper to prepare simple, wholesome and palatable dishes from such food.

NATIONAL GAME GOSSIP.

The Louisville club would like to add Genzel to its roster.

George Moore, with Taunton last season, has an offer from Lancaster.

John O'Brien, with Washington last season, has signed with Kansas City.

Worcester has a hope that the Eastern league will increase its circuit to 10 clubs.

Pittsburg has had a second thought about Outfielder Lippert, and will not use him.

"Bobby" Lowe was booked to coach the Princeton university team players this spring, but somehow that deal fell through.

Dorsey of Amesbury is said to be a second edition of Catcher Cricham, who was drafted by Brooklyn from Newport.

Infielder McKinney of Grand Rapids has been signed by New Bedford. That club has also signed Third Baseman Joseph Martin of Altoona.

Manager Buckenberger of Syracuse has three recalcitrants with whom to deal—Canavan, Luke and Burrill—and all swear they will not go to Syracuse.

The returns made by the Boston Baseball association show real estate holdings of $214,800; buildings, $15,300; miscellaneous, $2700; capital stock, $7800; debts, $30,000.

Catcher Clarke of the Baltimores will come to Princeton in May and again in June, while Bradley and Janey will be on hand most of the time to give their attention.

Tucker's contract with Omaha will give him charge of the team, and his salary as a manager and player will equal his contract with the Washingtons last season.

REMARKABLE POWER OF MUSIC.

Music hath power to charm the savage breast, but not any more potent is it over the feelings than Cleveland's Lung Healer is over diseases of the throat and lungs. It has proven to be a sovereign remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, and Consumption. Call on F. H. Butler & Co., 265 Central street and 391 Middlesex street for a trial bottle free. Large size, 25 cents.

Fine job printing done at this office.

the ghastly terror of consumption stares a man in the face who neglects a cold.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

It's so simple to get rid of a cough or throat trouble by Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Acts like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

THE GREAT ZOLA TRIAL

Will Probably Result in His Conviction on the Charges.

The Charges as to Dreyfus Proven—Picture of the Suffering in Ireland—Pope Leo XIII Celebrated Anniversary of His Election and Coronation.

Paris, Feb. 14.—It is generally admitted that Zola has proven his case, yet he will probably be condemned. Even a majority of his enemies have been convinced, as much by the silence of the army authorities when questioned as by the direct testimony of other witnesses, that Dreyfus was found guilty upon evidence secretly submitted to his judges. It is admitted that this is utterly illegal, yet public opinion is still so strongly perverted that the gross outrage upon the first principles of justice is openly excused and defended, and the resentment against Zola for denouncing the authorities who are guilty is scarcely lessened.

The incidents of the trial should not distract attention from the astounding crisis which has seized the public mind of France and which portends evils and calamities that none can estimate. The bald truth is this: It is openly admitted today that the prisoner on Devil island was illegally condemned, and that the government had full knowledge of the fact. The people now believe it, yet the French government and a majority of the French people are opposing every obstacle in their power to righting that great wrong.

DISTRESS IN IRELAND.

Dublin, Feb. 14.—Statements as to distress in this country are not made by alarmists, with a tendency to exaggerate. It exists in a serious form that admits of no denial. William Phillips, an Englishman owning large estates in west Ireland, where he is a magistrate for several counties and is a political supporter of the present government, gives the following appalling description of the condition of affairs there: "Knowing probably better than any other Englishman the people of west Ireland, I am deeply disappointed to find Gerald Balfour's answer to the Irish members so very unsatisfactory. From my own personal knowledge I can say that no words I could use would adequately describe the fearful state of misery and destitution in which, from no fault of their own, they are now placed. Unless many are to die of starvation immediate relief is imperatively needed."

OBSERVED AN ANNIVERSARY.

Rome, Feb. 14.—The pope celebrated mass Sunday in the presence of a congregation of pilgrims from all parts of the country in honor of past and coming anniversaries jointly of his first mass, his election and coronation. His holiness was borne to the church, and an elaborate ceremony was observed. The pope knelt while his chaplain celebrated the second thanksgiving mass and then, seated on the throne, received the leaders of the pilgrims. At the conclusion he pronounced the apostolic benediction in a strong voice, after which he was carried from the church with the same ceremony. His holiness appeared to be in excellent health.

ARRESTED IN SCOTLAND.

Edinburg, Scotland, Feb. 14.—In the police court Saturday Joseph Slattery and his wife, the lecturing ex-priest and former sister of charity, were charged with selling indecent books, purporting to be an "exposure" of catholicism. The court was crowded with Catholics and Protestants. Slattery promised to destroy the books, and the case was adjourned in order to enable him to fulfill his promise.

TORTURE OF ANARCHISTS.

Barcelona, Feb. 14.—Thirty thousand people, mostly workmen and orderly, demonstrated here Sunday against the torture of the anarchists at Monjuich fortress. Resolutions of protest and demanding the punishment of the torturers and a revision of the trial were adopted, and will be forwarded to the government.

MR. MOODY HEARD

By the Students of Yale Yesterday.

HE SPEAKS HIGHLY OF THE SEVERE CRITICISMS.

Apropos of the Severe Criticisms.

New Haven, Feb. 14.—D. L. Moody, the noted evangelist, addressed the students of Yale Sunday morning and evening, and several hundred of them also attended the monster meeting in the Hyperion theatre, where 2000 were turned away for lack of room. In all the services unprecedented interest was taken by the students. The optional meeting under the Y. M. C. A. auspices was so largely attended that the students not only crowded the big hall to suffocation almost, but filled the stairways as well, and at the close a delegation from each class requested Secretary Wright to ask Mr. Moody to remain several days, or, if that was impossible, to return to Yale again in the near future.

DWIGHT L. MOODY.

In an interview last night Mr. Moody expressed himself as follows with regard to Yale, apropos of the agitation now being waged against the university by a certain class of reformers: "I have been pretty well acquainted with Yale for 20 years, and I have never seen the university in as good condition religiously as now. My oldest son graduated here, and if my other son, who is now in the freshman class, gets as much out of Yale as his brother did, I shall have reason to thank God through time and eternity. I can honestly say that I have never spent so good a day at Yale as today has been. I never saw so earnest and inquiring a crowd of young men as that which attended the optional service this evening. As to the liquor question, I believe in local option. If satisfactory, strong moral sentiments can be secured to keep it from becoming a dead letter, I am in favor of prohibition; but in states where there is a large city you can't enforce statutory prohibition because of lack of moral sentiment. If it could be enforced I wish New Haven would vote so."

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The assignment of one of the most enterprising and largest firms in Nashua, N. H., Jackman & Sexton, furniture dealers, is announced.

The collector of customs in Bridgeport, Conn., was warned to be on the lookout for a filibustering expedition supposed to be fitting out at that port.

The money for the widows and children of the fire victims in Boston now amounts to $3829 held by The Post and $32,832.71 held by Kidder, Peabody & Co.

The steamer, Veendham, from Rotterdam for New York, with 127 passengers and crew of 85, struck a wreck Feb. 6 and began to sink. The St. Louis appeared on the scene and took all on board.

The Chester, Vt., hotel and stable adjoining were burned. The loss is $10,000. Members of a traveling dramatic company had rooms in the hotel, and several had narrow escapes from suffocation.

Several members of the Spanish cabinet favor the nomination of the Duke of Arcos, Spanish minister to Mexico, as De Lome's successor, because he could take charge of the Spanish legation at Washington this week.

The acting president of the St. Louis board of police issued a fiat to the chief of police, stating that public sparring or boxing exhibitions are a violation of the laws of Missouri. He directed that hereafter the law be enforced in such cases.

Gloucester's annual tribute to the fishermen who go down to the sea in ships and never return was observed Sunday. The memorial list as read shows that 98 hardy men lost their lives while in the pursuit of their dangerous calling during the year 1897, their average age being 31 years. Seventeen widows and 45 children are left to mourn their loss.

CEMENT PLANT BURNED.

Chicago, Feb. 14.—Fire destroyed the plant of the Chicago Portland Cement company at Hawthorne. The loss amounts to $100,000; insurance, $50,000. The fire originated in the drying rooms and consumed everything on the premises.

SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

It will keep your chickens strong and healthy. It will make young pullets lay early. Worth its weight in gold for moulting hens, and prevents all diseases. It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity costs only a tenth of a cent a day. No other kind like it.

NOTHING ON EARTH WILL MAKE HENS LAY LIKE SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

Therefore, no matter what kind of food you use, mix with it daily Sheridan's Powder. Otherwise, your profit this fall and winter will be lost when the price for eggs is very high. It assures perfect assimilation of the food elements needed to produce health and form eggs. It is sold by druggists, grocers, feed dealers or by mail. **If you can't get it send to us. Ask first.** One pack. 25 cts. five $1. Large 2-lb. can $1.20. Six cans Exp. paid, $5. Sample of Best Poultry Paper sent free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

PLEASANT TO TAKE DROPPED ON SUGAR.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT CURES COLDS CROUP COUGH COLIC CRAMPS

All who use it are amazed at its wonderful power and are loud in its praise ever after. For Internal as much as External Use. Originated in 1810 by an old Family Physician. Be not afraid to trust what time has endorsed.

Every Mother should have it in the house for the many common ailments which will occur in every family as long as life has woes. Dropped on sugar suffering children love it. Do not forget the very important and useful fact, that Johnson's Anodyne Liniment cures every form of inflammation, Internal or External. It is a fact, proven by the investigations of medical science, that the real danger from disease is caused by inflammation; cure the inflammation and you conquer the disease.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Could a remedy have existed for over eighty years except for the fact that it does possess extraordinary merit for very many Family Ills? There is not a medicine in use today which has the confidence of the public to so great an extent as this wonderful Anodyne. It has stood upon its own intrinsic merit, while generation after generation have used it with entire satisfaction, and handed down to their children a knowledge of its worth, as a Universal Household Remedy, from infancy to good old age. Our Book "Treatment for Diseases" Mailed Free. Doctor's Signature and Directions on every bottle. At all Druggists. I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

STRONG AGAIN! WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY Sexine Pills

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

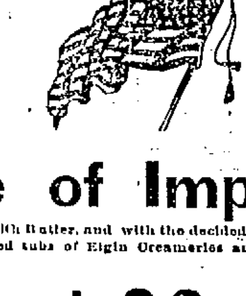
Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines. 217 CENTRAL STREET.

A BIG SACRIFICE

Regular $65 Sewing Machine Marked Down to $23.50.

We need the room for our 1898 line of Bicycles, which will be here soon, and will sell any Sewing Machine on our floor at exactly cost price. Cash or instalments. Old Machines taken in exchange.

RING'S BICYCLE STORE, 221-231 DUTTON STREET



Notice of Importance

We are overstocked with Butter, and with the decided decline in price, we will offer this week several hundred tubs of Elgin Creameries and Vermont Dairies at the low price of

18c. and 20c. per lb.

These goods are sold everywhere today at 22 and 25c. We will also offer 120 five pound boxes and 130 10 pound tubs of Creamery at 20c. per pound, which we believe cannot be duplicated elsewhere at 25c. It is unnecessary to say anything of the value of these goods, for by testing you will find them just as stated. We wish to say, however, that at these prices they will not last long.

Public Market and Packing Co.

60-70-72 Prescott Street, Opposite Market. Tel. 20-3.

Carriages Not Needed Now—But Later On

Are the ones we work on during the winter season—The gain is on your side—Paint and Varnish has plenty of time to harden—and at a time when the carriage will not be wanted.

What carriages can you spare? Talk with us about repairing them.

THE SAWYER CARRIAGE CO.

WORTHEN ST.

DR. WALKER DENTISTS

This Affects Your Pocketbook

Catch On.

ROAST PORK	7c. lb
SMOKED SHOULDERS	8c. lb.
2 lbs. SLICED HAM	25c.
FIRST CUT ROAST BEEF	10c. lb.
LEGS, LAMB	10c. lb.
LEGS, VEAL	10c. lb.
5-LB. BOX BUTTER (Prime)	95c. box

CENTRAL Cash Market

Cor. Central and Charles Sts.

PIANOS If you are thinking of buying a Piano call on

Joseph J. Johnson,

228 SUFFOLK STREET,

Agent for the McPhail and other first class pianos. Lowest prices. Easy terms.

Notice. For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor will make his $22 Suits for $15, his $28 Suits for $20, his $30 Suits for $22. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.

A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.

Few doors from the corner of Central St.

W. F. TRUMBELL

Has fixed it so that everybody can have a Piano. Read this offer. I will sell two fine

UPRIGHT PIANOS

with Stool, Cover and Book for

$185.00.

The one that gets here first will be more than lucky.

101 Westford Street

IS THE PLACE.

Incandescent Gas Lamp

95c.

The same lamp I have been selling for $2.00. The best mantle on the market. Cut this out and bring it in and get a '98 calendar for it.

Geo. H. Bachelder,

SOLE AGENT.

23 P. O. Ave. beside new P. O.

Telephone 502-3.

R. J. MOWER,

PRACTICAL

WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN

285 CENTRAL ST.

THEY WONDER WHY

Jacob Doll is selling so many PIANOS. The reason why is plain. The quality is up, the price is down, the touch is wonderful, the tone is powerful, the scale is perfect, the cases are up to date and forty other reasons. Jacob Doll High Grade Pianos, 3-2 Merrimack street, Associate Building, opp. City Hall, Sam L. Orr, Manager.

Lowell High Grade FERTILIZERS

Lowest in Price, Highest in Standard.

FOR SALE BY

E. N. Wood & Co.,

70-82 Market St., Lowell, Mass.

IBSEN'S 70TH BIRTHDAY.

The Great Disciple of Realism As He Is To-Day.

SOME IDIOSYNCRACIES.

Still Active and Quietly Working Away On His New Plays.

On the writing table of Henrik Ibsen there may be seen a little tray, and on the tray a small carved wooden elephant. By the side of this tray there always stands a little black devil, holding a match, and two or three diminutive copper cats and rabbits. One of the cats is playing a violin.

"What are these funny little things?" an inquisitive caller once asked the famous dramatist.

This was Mr. Ibsen's reply: "I never write a single line of any of my dramas without having that tray and its occupants before me on the table. I could not write without them. It may seem strange—perhaps it is strange—I cannot write without them. But why I use them is my own secret," and he laughed quietly.

This incident, in a way, is a key to the unique personality of this remarkable man, whose 70th birthday will occur on March 20th. The mystery, gloom, the black devil holding the match, the weird fascination of the little toys show the somber cast of the mind of the great dramatist, whose dramas have in them the stornness, harshness, narrowness and wild storminess of his own native mountains.

Henrik Ibsen was born on March 20th, 1828. At the time of Ibsen's birth his father was wealthy; but soon after lost nearly all of his property, and was compelled to move into a small house in the country. When sixteen years old Henrik was told that thereafter he must earn his own living. He began work in an apothecary's shop, and continued there for five years, learning all he could and hoping to become a doctor of medicine. During his spare time he read queer books and wrote weird verses. But the apothecary's shop was to him like a cage to an eagle; and, when he could stand it no longer, he went to Christiania. He published his first book when only twenty-one years old. It was a failure; and Ibsen was nearly heartbroken. Only about thirty copies were purchased; and so hard up was he at this time that he sold the remainder of the edition for waste paper to buy his dinner and pay for his room. But soon the clouds lifted; and he was made stage manager of the Bergen Theater, with a salary of $335 a year. He remained at Bergen for seven years; and it was during this period that he acquired his wonderful knowledge of stage situations. He now began to write dramas. Success clasped him by the hand. Fame bore his name to all nations. And now he has great wealth, every cent of which he earned with his pen.

Henrik Ibsen is old—seventy years old. The storms are passed, and he lives a very quiet life in his Christiania home.

He is extremely methodical in his work and habits; and one day is very much like every other day in its strict regularity. He does much of his work in the morning, and always takes a short walk before dinner, which is eaten about three o'clock. After dinner he strolls down University street to the hotel, sits himself down at one of the tables, calls for coffee or beer, and reads the newspapers for an hour or two. On returning home he entertains visitors, if there be any, or resumes his work, if the opportunity is given him. "I do not read a great deal," he says of himself. "I am getting lazy; but I look over the papers every day, and I read a book now and then. Sometimes I have to dive deeply into a scientific work to collect psychological and physiological facts for my plays; but I seldom read books nowadays without some such object. I attend to all my correspondence and business. Sometimes, indeed, I forget which books are translated and into what language; then I have to appeal to a friend, who remembers all these things and never makes a mistake."

Henrik Ibsen is a shy, quiet, reserved man. He talks quietly and deliberately, and walks and moves slowly. He never does anything in a hurry. Especially is this true of his work. It requires at least two years for him to think out and write a play. He writes and re-writes, destroying to-morrow what he has built to-day; and sometimes has even burned the entire work of many months, because the result did not please this critical self-critic. He never talks about his present or future work; and no one, save his publishers, ever know what he is doing until his book is printed.

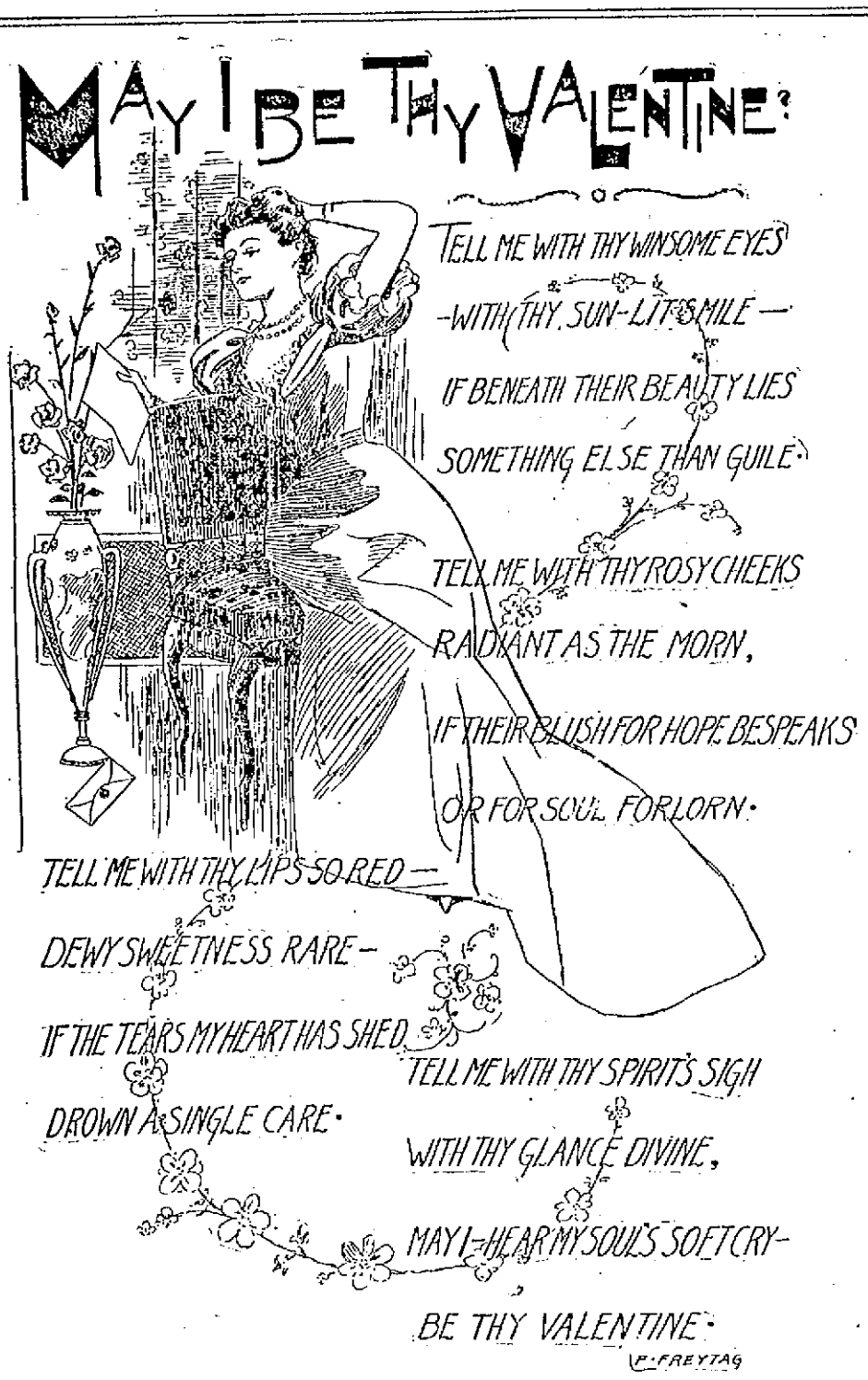
Ibsen has never shone in society or in public. He is too shy. He cannot stand on his feet before an audience and make a creditable speech. The address delivered at a large gathering of students in Christiania, assembled in honor of his return to Norway, is the only one he ever made worthy of himself, and this was carefully thought out and written down beforehand. In the course of this speech—which was somewhat autobiographical, he said: "Poetry has come to me as a flash in my best hours, as being great and beautiful, and has stirred me as with living power. Poetry, too, has served me for a bath, from which I have emerged cleaner, healthier, freer." Like our Hawthorne he has a horror of public speaking, and seldom can be induced to utter a word when on the platform.

In stature Ibsen is a small man, thick set and a little stout in build. His face is like a Norway mountain, rugged, shaggy-browed, harsh, grand; and is framed with a tangled mass of glistening white hair. In manner he is exceedingly retiring; and, when he speaks at all he speaks very slowly and deliberately, as though he weighed every word he uttered in a mental balance. He is never rude, or unkind, or inconsiderate; but treats everybody with kindness and courtesy.

"Rude features, piercing eyes, a firm mouth, a shock of tumbled hair, a mass of white beard at the throat, and the air of an old Norse salt," this is Ibsen as pictured by the Journal des Debats. A strong, grand man; wrong, it may be, in many of his views of life; dwelling too much in the shadowy places; without enough of God's sunshine in his heart to thoroughly warm it; and yet, he is a strong, grand man, one of the greatest personalities of the dying century.

Whether or not we agree with his religion and philosophy, or accept his views of the end and purpose of life, we must acknowledge his sincerity, and can rejoice heartily that Henrik Ibsen has been spared to live so long and fruitful a life.

HENRIK IBSEN AS HE IS TO-DAY.



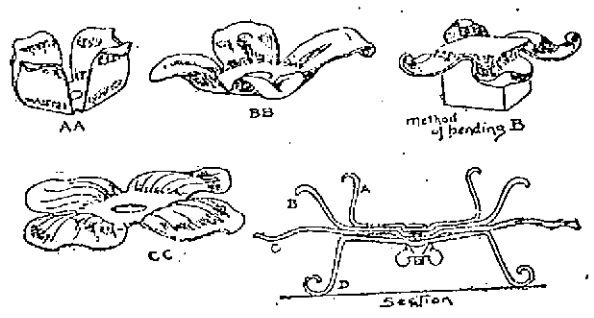
AMATEUR METAL WORK.

How to Make a Pretty Inkstand For Yourself.

Since the rage for fancy articles made from iron began, many amateurs have perfected themselves in this art and the result has been an array of exquisitely-carved chandeliers, candelabra and numerous other dainty and useful ornaments. In consequence it has been discovered that other common metals can be made up into unique and novel gifts, and brass, block tin and copper are brought in to play.

It is well for the beginner to commence on something simple and as an ink stand is one of the most useful articles we possess, and certainly from the decorative point of view of greater importance than even the pen, as lending itself more readily and with more apparent result to the artistic finger, it would form an excellent piece of work to start with.

To make this article for one's self, one does not need to be a skilled repousse worker. First of all, procure the inkwell, preferably of glass, of square form, not too large. If not too costly, have a hinged silver top, otherwise a glass inserted stopper. Do not choose a hinged glass top, as these are very liable to come loose, being too heavy for the small hinges which hold them.



PARTS OF THE INKSTAND.

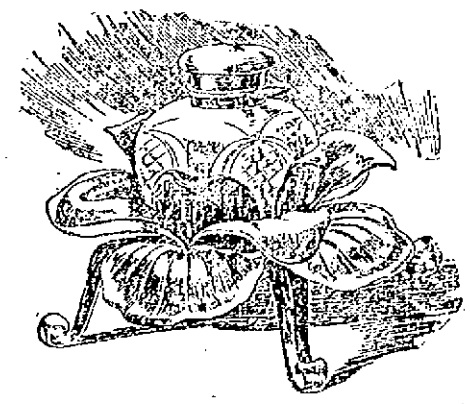
The next thing is to make the petals of the flower of which the inkwell forms the centre. The inner cluster is of brass, cut to the shape on the full-size diagram overleaf. This should be bent to the shape shown at A A, with the edges curled over and so far inward that they will clip the glass inkwell.

The next layer is of block tin, which is to be bent to the shape required, as shown at B B. Although at first sight this appears rather difficult, like many other things, it is easy enough if you hit upon the right way. Cut a square piece of wood a little larger than the inkwell, as indicated by the dotted line and placing the pattern face downwards on it, beat down the overhanging parts with a round-ended mallet or hammer. In fact, it may be almost bent to shape with the fingers, as tin is very soft. It must be pure tin-sheet, not tinned iron.

The lowest petals are of copper, and should be laid face down on sheet lead, and the lines of the curved veins should be worked on the back with a blunt tracer or a small chisel. This will, if the blows of the hammer are pretty heavy, raise the front correspondingly and form raised ribs. The centre part of each petal should now be "bumped up," and the outer edge curled, all of which may be done on the end grain of a piece of wood, slightly hollowed. The petal should resemble, when finished, C C.

Now for the legs, which are made of two long pieces of sheet brass, D bent down as shown in cut, so as to make the leg V-shaped. The ends are curled up to form feet. The whole of the parts are now ready for putting together, and, as an article of this kind requires cleaning, it should be made up in such a way that it can be easily taken to pieces. Drill a hole in the center of the pieces A, B, C and D as shown, and pass a small bolt and wing nut through. The nut will not show from above. The leg pieces D, will be crosswise, and in order to keep them at right angles small corners may be turned down on the upper one at the points F F, so as to catch the sides of the cross-piece.

It is unnecessary to mention that the whole may be made in one metal if desired, and it may also be fixed on a tray of similar metal to hold pens, for the more elaborate an article of this kind, the better, for this is what gives the real finishing touch to the writing desk or library table.



THE INKSTAND COMPLETE.

POPE'S NOTABLE ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION.

The Head of the Catholic Church Preparing for the March Jubilee.—His Daily Labors and His Pleasures.

As Abstemious As Ever.—He Spends His Time on Church Literature and on Church Propaganda.

The greatest religious event of 1898 will be the celebrating of the Pope's jubilee at Rome. This august ovation will be the occasion of great rejoicing to the Roman Catholics everywhere; and of much interest to all, regardless of religious beliefs.

Leo XIII. will be just eighty-eight years old on the 2nd day of March; and the following day will be the twentieth anniversary of his elevation to the Apostolic chair. These events are to be celebrated, with beautiful and impressive services and all the magnificent pomp and pageantry befitting a Pope, in St. Peter's Cathedral at Rome; and, with appropriate ceremonies, by the Roman Catholics throughout the world.

Not often has it been possible for a Supreme Pontiff to celebrate the twentieth anniversary of his coronation; and only one, among the 258 Popes who have been crowned, reached the "years of St. Peter." Pope Leo XIII. is now within five years of that proverbial period; for, according to the Catholic Church, St. Peter served his flock exactly one-quarter of a century.

The long life of this remarkable man and his excellent health are due mainly to his careful manner of living and frugal edict. "I eat more in one meal than the Holy Father does in a week," is a remark made by his physician. In view of these facts it will be interesting to note the general routine of the Pope's life during one day.

He arises every morning at about 6 o'clock, and is assisted in dressing by his old and faithful valet. After mass he partakes of coffee and goat's milk with a little bread. At 10 o'clock the Secretary of State arrives to consult with him regarding the affairs of the Church. When the morning is about half way through a small bowl of broth is brought to him. The midday meal is eaten about 1:30 p. m.; and usually consists of soup, boiled meat, roast lamb and vegetables with claret or chianti. His Holiness now takes a short siesta. This over, he resumes his work; and later in the day takes a drive through the beautiful gardens of the Vatican. While driving he can be seen easily from the dome of St. Peter's; and frequently his every movement is watched through field-glasses by tourists. In the early evening he eats a light supper; and then studies or reads till late in the night.

A simple, wholesome life; and yet, the man who lives it is more powerful than any monarch on earth to-day.

Leo XIII is the oldest living man in active public life. Bismarck is but eighty-two; Gladstone is eighty-eight; but both of these great men have laid down the burden of active public life and retired to the quiet of their homes.

Leo XIII. is one of the most accomplished Popes that ever wore the papal crown. He has shown his scholarship and genius, not only in Church polity, but also in poetry and philosophy. His recent poems are remarkable examples of the vigor and breadth of his intellect. He has helped to make a part of the history of his time; and will always be kindly remembered in the literary world for having made the archives of the Vatican accessible to scholars.

The life of Leo XIII. has been a valuable one to the Church and to the world. He has had great powers, and he has used them wisely. In matters of Church policy and procedure his enlightened views have won the approbation of the wise of all religions. For many years he has labored for the unity of all Christendom, and firmly believes that the day will yet come when this beautiful dream will be a reality. Of late years he has taken an active interest in the socialistic problems, which have thrust themselves up so often and so imperatively. He steadily maintains that the Church alone can solve these problems; and, to illustrate his views, a typical establishment showing the true relations between capital and labor is now in active operation near Rheims.

Since the establishment at Rome of the Government of Italy the Popes have considered themselves prisoners within their palace. The Government of Italy now recognizes the independent sovereignty of the Pope only within the vatican and its gardens and within the Papal villa and its grounds some miles beyond Rome. In his own palace the Pope is paramount; but once outside and he is a subject of the King of Italy. When the Lateran and the Papal villa was granted to the Vatican by the Italian Government it was very careful to exclude the Cathedral of St. Peter's from the privilege of extra territoriality. And yet, St. Peter's and the Vatican do not merely stand side by side, but they are joined to one another—they belong to each other. There are passages which connect St. Peter's and the Vatican; but these passages have been closed since 1879, except on the few occasions when the Pope has appeared in the grand old Cathedral. So, when Leo XIII. at his coming jubilee celebration, passes from the doors of the Vatican into the porch of St. Peter's he will become a subject of the King of Italy.

The Holy Father is now an old, a very old man; and he looks weirdly frail and pale, but every inch a Pope. His form is straight and erect; his wonderful luminous brown eyes are as piercing as ever, and the alabaster whiteness and purity of his countenance gives him a benign and saintly appearance. He is old and physically weak; but there is not a suggestion of mental or spiritual decay in the kindly masterful face. He thinks clearly, decides promptly, and appears to have all the faculties of his great mind under complete control. Old age is dealing very kindly by him.

And yet, Pope Leo knows that he is nearing his end, that at most he has only a few short years to live. "Bussiamo alla porta dell' eternita" (We are knocking at the door of eternity), is one of his favorite expressions.

Small wonder then that the faithful in every clime are preparing to celebrate the coming jubilee with great pomp and rejoicings; for all must feel that this may be the last jubilee of one of the greatest and noblest of men who have adorned the throne of the Church of Rome.

THE POPE'S SEDAN CHAIR

POPE LEO AT HIS DAILY TASKS.

School Training.

The practice in some public schools of requiring the children, when moving in a body, to observe more than the military rigidity of line, with penalties for looking in other than a prescribed direction, or for lifting the hand to allay a facial irritation, reaches a climax in the San Francisco schools. There, the boys, when lined up in front of the school, awaiting the tap of the bell, are required to stand with their arms folded across their chests, exactly in the prison attitude. When they move it is with the prison lockstep, and between rows of nails driven into the sidewalk, and woe be to the unlucky youth who steps over the line. The criticism of the method comes from a detective. The boys, he claims, are acquiring a habit which in later years will be a source of annoyance and a cause of suspicion. Discharged convicts, the detective asserts, frequently resume the prison habit of the lockstep and the folded arms when their minds are preoccupied, and to the veteran police officer the motion and the attitude are as distinctive as the striped suit. —New York Post.

A German thus discoursed learnedly upon the business situation recently:

"If business is no better next week dan it was yesterday two weeks ago, den I'm a son of a gun, dat's vat I hopes."—Philadelphia North American.

NOTES OF INTEREST.

It is not generally known in latter-day Minnesota history that the state treasury once paid out cash as bounties for Sioux Indian scalps, just as this and many other states are now paying for wolf scalps. State Treasurer Koerner, in looking over the 1836 report of State Treasurer Charles Schaff, discovered the following item among the disbursements of that year: "J. C. Davis, Sioux scalp, $25." This item occurs in the list of disbursements amounting to $7,870.06, under the head "Suppressing Indian War." The $25 paid to J. C. Davis for the Indian scalp in question, therefore, had its niche in the cause of suppressing, or spreading the Sioux outbreak. It doubtless strikes the general reader that $25 is rather small inducement for securing Sioux scalps. Few hunters to-day would care to contract for pelts of that kind for that figure.

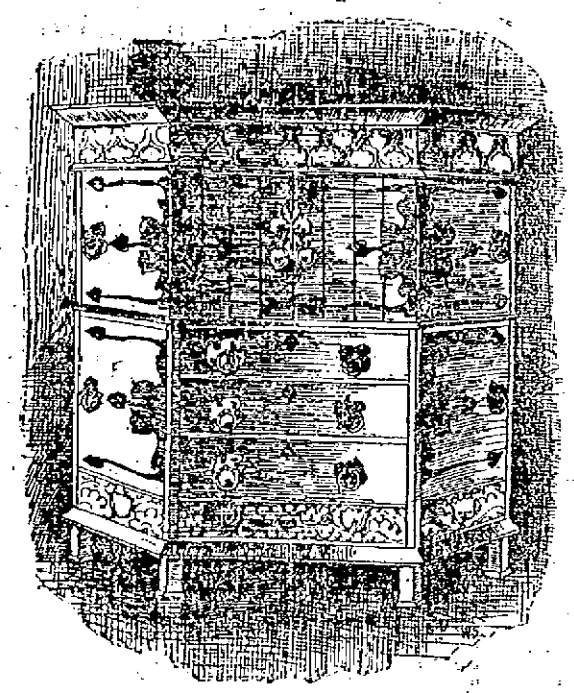
One day a mother who had been to a country house near Marseilles was returning at twilight to the city with her son, a child of eight years, who had been put in a peach basket borne by a donkey, and the mother, fearing the child might catch cold (it was in November), had covered him with a thick brown shawl. Tired with running around the country all day, cosey and warm under the thick shawl, the child was soon asleep and hidden by the sides of the basket. There is a local custom-house at the gates of Marseilles, and when the inspector surmises that any package contains contraband articles he thrusts a sharp steep pick through it. He was preparing to do this with the basket when the mother, some distance behind, saw his intention and shrieked out that her son was in the basket. It was Adolphe Thiers.

In the formation of a single locomotive engine there are nearly 6,000 pieces to be put together, and these require to be an accurately adjusted as the works of a watch.

THE HOME CIRCLE

A Unique Picture Cabinet.

One of the necessary furnishings of a room for those who desire to be neat is a place to store away pictures, engravings or treasures collected in one's rambles. These cabinets are as ornamental as they are handy, and are an additional grace to the library. A very unique design is a cabinet intended to be placed against the wall. A very imposing piece of furniture may be made from this design, either in oak or mahogany, with copper or pewter hinges. On the central drawers there is a novelty in the treatment of handles. In these days of cultivation of artistic metal embossing, a great deal of skill and beauty may be shown on a single



handle if it can be afforded, and one may have the advantage of variety, which on its own account, is said to be charming.

Breakfast.—Oatmeal. Baked Apples. Mutton Chops. Rolls. Coffee.

Luncheon.—Cold Roast Beef. Thin Sliced Bread. Stewed Prunes. Gingerbread. Tea.

Dinner.—Potato Soup. Roast Mutton, Sweet Potatoes, Browned Turnips. Fried Parsnips. Brown Betty Pudding. Coffee.

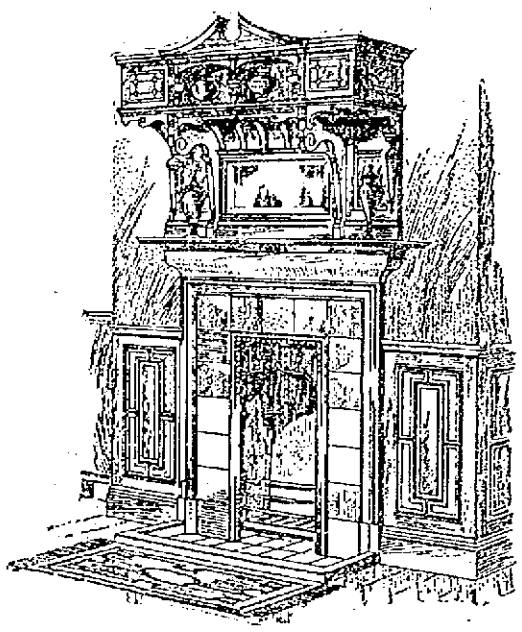
Wanted Only His Head.

After Frederick the Great ascended the throne he paid very little attention either to the adorning of his own person or to that of the individuals honored with his conversation. As to himself, he had only one pair of silk stockings, which he wore once a year, on the occasion of the Queen's birthday, when an entertainment was given at her palace. M. Thiebault, one of the professors of the Royal Academy, who has left behind him several interesting accounts of his conversations with the King, relates that, having once waited on Frederick, when summoned in a hurry, in his travelling dress, he offered an humble apology for the negligence of his attire.

"On hearing my excuses," says Thiebault, "he turned his eyes towards me with a look of disdain, and said, 'You know well enough I never attend to such miserable considerations as these. Observe me: when I send for you you may be as neglectful as you please about your dress, and I shall give myself little concern; but do not forget to bring your head, and I shall be satisfied. I want only your head.'"

Simple Cabinet Mantel.

Unless the mantel is a very handsome one drape it in some way, and above it place a small picture, at one side, not in the center. Above this drape some harmonious material, and on the other side arrange some pretty fans, or anything else that taste may suggest. Avoid anything like a stiff arrangement, and do not put a pair of anything on the mantel shelf. If there



are two vases let one be tall and slender and the other short and stout, and place them with other bric-a-brac on either side of them. A dainty design for a cabinet mantelpiece is shown in the illustration, and would look very pretty carried out in rosewood or stained white wood. A mantel of this description does not need any drapery, as the fine carving is beautiful in itself.

Turkey Stuffed with Chestnuts.

larding bacon in regular lines, then

To dress a turkey with chestnuts lard the breast of the turkey with strips of cover it with thin slices of lemon; butter a sheet of paper and wrap the bird in it, roasting it for an hour, and basting it carefully. After this remove the paper and lemon and roast again for half an hour or longer, according to size; allow it to brown nicely, and at last baste it with butter.

To make chestnut forcemeat, peel two dozen chestnuts, throw them into boiling water, boil for ten minutes, after which drain them, and take off the under skin. Return them to the pan with sufficient milk, or milk and water, to cover, and simmer them till tender. Have ready a medium-sized onion boiled soft, a tablespoonful of chopped parsley, and two ounces of fresh butter, slightly warmed. Drain and mash the chestnuts, mix with other ingredients, and a plentiful seasoning of salt and pepper. The onion should be chopped. Many people prefer the chestnut forcemeat mixed with pork sausage meat, as being more tasty. When this is the case take equal quantities of each.

Pretty Pinafore.

A dainty pinafore for a child of eight can be made of muslin or cambric. Hem lower edge quite narrow, and to the hem sew on the insertion, to lower edge of which gather the lace frill. Hem armholes and stitch up shoulder, then gather neck back and front and draw

up fulness to fit the neck band, which cut in material and in insertion, so that the neck can be placed between and stitched, and under the insertion is stitched to the lace frill. The upper edge of insertion is finished with a narrow edging, and the insertion interlaced with ribbon finished with a ribbon bow. Fasten neck of pinafore at back with a pearl button and loop. The insertion for the neck would require to be mitred back and front, also on the shoulders to shape it like the pattern.

TUESDAY.

Breakfast.—Bananas. Oatmeal, Sugar and Cream. Boiled Eggs. Brown Bread. Coffee.

Luncheon. — Creamed Corn Beef. Pickles. Brown Bread. Rice Pudding. Chocolate.

Dinner.—Tomato Soup. Broiled Sirloin Steak. Mashed Potatoes. Spinach. Celery Salad. Crackers. Cheese. Home Made Apple Pie. Coffee.

Blouse Bodice.

This bodice is suitable either to be made up of the same material as the

skirt, or some contrasting material. The model is of dark red cashmere, made with a yoke of velvet of a darker shade; the front is trimmed with straps of fancy galloons, rising in points in the center; the sleeves are puffed at the top, and have three tucks between the puff and the elbow; the short basque is machine-stitched round; pointed band of velvet.

Old-Line Lead Pencils.

We call certain useful implements for writing by the name of lead-pencils, and then we have to explain to children that lead-pencils are not what they seem—that in reality they are not lead at all. The material employed in our cedar-wood pencils and our pencil-cases—whether of gold, silver, or caoutchouc—is graphite or plumbago, not lead or any other metal, but a substance which is almost pure carbon, like the diamond and charcoal. It is very difficult to turn, and at one time only large pieces could be used for pencils; then small pieces and dust were cemented together with sulphur, though the result was unsatisfactory. Now, by great pressure, these are made into cakes for the immense demand. From its use for pencils, plumbago got the name of blacklead. All this points to a time when lead was really used for the purpose of making marks on paper. What the lead-pencil was when it was in fact, as well as in name, a pencil made of lead, may be seen in one dating back to the fourteenth century, and preserved in a museum in France. It is a stalk of solid lead filed to a point, and having a large circular head or handle. This head is highly ornamental and shows a religious use. On one side is a Madonna and Child, and on the other what is apparently a monk, outlining with his pencil the designs he is to illuminate in a book. Our modern artists would find the pencil cumbrous, unhandy, and unsuitable, but with nothing better, the old illuminators traced the beautiful works which are so much admired.

WEDNESDAY.

Breakfast.—Quaker Oats, with Milk drawn tightly around,
and Sugar. Bacon and Eggs. Toast. Coffee.

Luncheon.—Baked Beans. Brown Bread. Cake. Raspberry Jam. Cocoa.

Dinner.—Cream of Celery Soup. Corned Beef. Boiled Potatoes. Onions, with Cream Sauce. Cold Slaw. Lima Beans. Wafers. Rebecca Pudding. Coffee.

Palmistry.

The palmistry fad seems to be on the increase, although it has had a longer run than most of the fashionable fads. The reason is easily seen. All the world and his wife likes to hear himself discussed and dissected. And then, too, it is such a delightful opportunity for the ladies to show a pretty hand. The newspapers give from time to time diagrams of hands of famous people, with certain traits revealed. To those who know the individual and the real character these revealed traits are sometimes unintentionally very funny. —Woman's World.

A teaspoonful of turpentine put into the tub in which clothes are soaking will aid greatly in making them brilliantly white.

FOR THE FEMININE

The New Walk.

Society has adopted a new walk for men and women. They stand erect, inclined slightly forward, their arms and hands hanging limply at their sides, while their correctly shod feet strike the pavement with a motion between a bound and a hop. They are walking on the balls of their feet, and the fashionable new gait for both sexes has not a little to commend it.—Woman's World.

Emollient for Chapped Hands.

A home-made emollient for chapped hands is compounded from an ounce of white wax and an ounce of spermaceti. Cut into shreds and melt together in an earthenware jar; then add an ounce of camphorized oil, stir the ingredients until they are well mixed, place the jar in a basin of cold water, stir until the cream is cold, then pack in little jars for the dressing table. If this is rubbed on the hands and a pair of wash-leather gloves worn at night the relief will be prompt.

Evening Smocked Bodice.

A decidedly chic bodice for theater or reception wear is carried out in rose colored silk. Soft silk is draped over the bodice lining and smocked to fit the neck. The epaulettes over the shoulders are made in one piece, lined

with muslin and trimmed with sequin embroidery, the same trimming being used on the belt. The short coat sleeve is covered with a silk puff, smocked to fit the lining, and ending in a hemmed frill. This waist would look well worn with a skirt of the same material or a black silk or velvet skirt.

THURSDAY.

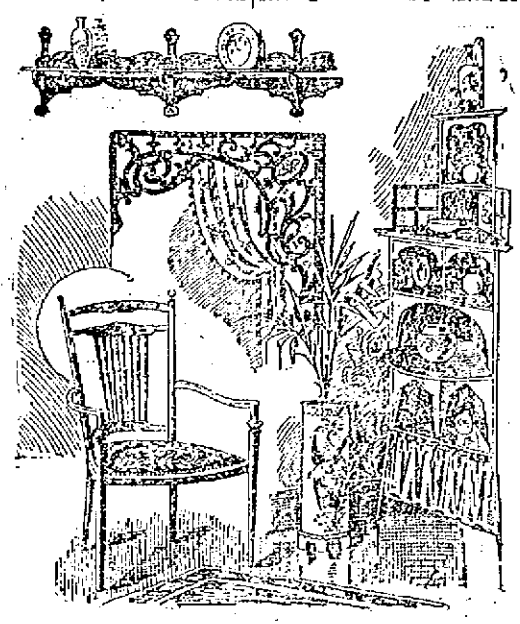
Breakfast. — Whole Wheat Biscuit and Cream. Sausages, Apple Sauce. Rolls. Coffee.

Luncheon.—Scrambled Eggs. Tomato Sauce. Bread and Butter. Cookies. Preserved Peaches. Tea.

Dinner. — Noodle Soup. Chicken Fricassee, with Dumplings. Mashed Potatoes. Sweet Potatoes. Celery. Wafers. Nuts and Apples. Custard. Coffee.

A Few Decorative Suggestions.

Nearly every home can find room for a useful and pretty little corner of some description, and for the woman with a little ability there are many dainty designs. The illustration shows four different ideas for home decoration. The three-cornered cabinet, which somewhat resembles the old-fashioned "what-not" would look very pretty made of stained white wood and would be quite an addition to an otherwise bare corner. Then there is an elaborate design for a doorway, with ornamental scroll work, and the curtain draped on one side only. And the shelf



over the door on which are placed a few bits of old china gives a very artistic air to any room. These and many other items are the things that help to make the home beautiful.

Drape for Piano Back.

This is a very effective arrangement for ornamenting the back of a piano that stands out in a room. The drapery is Japanese printed silk, or Oriental embroidery may be used lined with plain silk; it should measure about two-thirds longer than the piano, and should be more than half as deep again to allow for the draping; the left top end is pleated so that the superfluous length falls in waterfall down the side; the material is drawn tightly across the top, and is pleated up to the other top corner, and the end is left to hang down; this corner is ornamented with two Indian kus-kus, and the opposite corner with four leaf-shaped Japanese fans. A music-rack with painted panels is placed at the right-hand side, the drapery being drawn over one corner. On the top of the piano is a screen for photographs and a statuette. A bamboo stand for a vase of flowers is placed near the piano.

Fancies in Tulle.

Tulle will prove a strong rival of straw during the early part of the coming season. The most novel ways of using it are not in quillings of puffs, as last year, but in layers, one over the other, until it is quite opaque, and then it is either stretched smoothly over a firm shape, or arranged in the form of a beret, with the loose edges of the tulle separate, like the leaves of a book, and each one bordered with extremely narrow satin ribbon or a row of spangles.

Tulles and gauzes woven with filigree gold, silver or steel are used for making toques. Plain tulle and gauze will be used for trimming all sorts of spring and summer hats, and closely spangled tulle will be used more for the puffed borderings of straw toques.

Chocolate Cream.

To make chocolate cream take ½ oz. of gelatine, put it into a basin and just cover with cold milk; let it stand 2 or 3 hours. Boil ½ pint of cream, and ½ pint of milk, pour it quite hot over the gelatine, stir till it dissolves. Scrape 2 ozs. of chocolate from a cake of it, put it with 1 oz. of loaf sugar into a pan, add the cream, &c., by degrees, mixing the chocolate in quite smooth; stir over the fire until it thickens a little; take it off, leave to cool, then add the whites of 2 eggs beaten to a froth, continue to whisk until it begins to get stiff, then put it into a mould that has been in cold water.

Breakfast. — Hominy and Milk. Bread Omelet. Toast. Coffee.

Luncheon.—Creamed Codfish. Neufchatel Cheese. Apple Pie. Cocoa.

Dinner.—Oyster Soup. Baked Haddock. Potato Balls, with Parsley. Cauliflower, with Cream Sauce. Spinach Salad. Orange Float. Coffee.

Baked Mincemeat Pudding.

For mincemeat pudding grease a pie dish thickly with lard, then put a thick layer of mincemeat at the bottom. Cut some very thin slices of bread and butter and lay over this without interlapping them. Now put another thin layer of mincemeat, with bread and butter on top. Beat up 2 eggs with a pint of milk, 2 tablespoonfuls of castor sugar, and flavoring of vanilla; pour this into the dish, and allow it to soak for ½ hour. Bake the pudding in a moderate oven about ½ hour, turn it out for serving. It should be eaten hot and requires no salt. Cost, 7d. without mince meat.

Pope and Lord Halifax.

Lord Halifax set himself up as a man of great critical taste in literature and art; and when Pope had completed his translation of the Iliad, he invited him to his mansion to read it. Addison, Congreve, and Garth were present. His lordship, looking solemn and preternaturally wise, every now and then interrupted the reading, and always with the same politely-uttered words,

"I beg your pardon, Mr. Pope," he said, very politely and gently, "but there is something in that passage which does not quite please me; be so good as to mark the place, and consider it at your leisure."

Some time after, Pope, meeting Garth, said:

"I wish his lordship were less loose and general in his remarks; I have been studying those passages he desired me to note over since the reading, and can't for the life of me, guess what he meant."

Garth laughed heartily; he knew his lordship better than Pope did.

"All you need do," said he, "is to leave them exactly as they are, and three months hence show them to his lordship as if they had been altered."

Pope did so; Lord Halifax was greatly pleased and gratified, and, after hearing them re-read, exclaimed:

"Ay, now indeed they are perfect; nothing could be better!"

Dainty Felt Hat.

The model here pictured is a pretty felt hat with the new rolled tartan ribbon round the edge. This is done

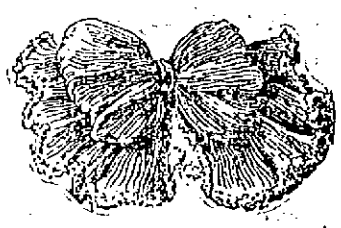
by rolling the ribbon along and catching it with fine gold, silver, or colored silk cord on to the hat at regular intervals. You need a very large-eyed needle specially prepared to take fine cord. Be careful not to make too large holes in the felt. The ribbon roll should be put rather on the top of the felt, and will so hide any needle marks.

Wine Jelly.

The recipe for wine jelly is one ounce of gelatine, put in a basin, add ½ pint of cold water, let it stand 3 hours; when quite soaked add a large teaspoonful of citric acid (Nelson's is best) and ½ pound of loaf sugar; pour on to this a pint of boiling water, and stir till the gelatine and sugar are dissolved, then add ½ pint of sherry (rather common sweet sherry is best), leave it to get nearly cold, put it into moulds which have been in cold water. This jelly can be made with sweet wine, claret, or any other that is liked. If carefully made, it will be quite clear enough without being strained. It has the properties of being very strengthening, easily made, and not expensive, and is very good tasting.

Cravat Bow.

A pretty cravat is a very useful addition to a walking costume; winter materials and fur being rather dark, a bright or light colored cravat bow



gives the smart appearance that is desirable. This bow is of orange-colored accordion-pleated chiffon, edged with Valenciennes lace.

SATURDAY.

Breakfast.—Oatmeal, with Sugar and Cream. Liver and Bacon. Rolls. Coffee.

Luncheon.—Corn Beef Hash on Toats. Thin Sliced Bread. Cake. Prunes. Tea.

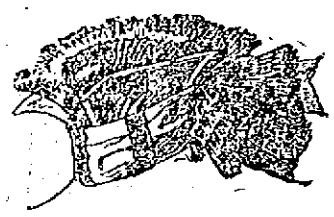
Dinner.—Roast Pork, with Apple Sauce. Mashed Potatoes. Browned Sweet Potatoes. Baked Squash. Cheese. Wafers. Cocoanut Pie. Coffee.

Victoria Pudding.

Victoria pudding is a dish very common at English tables, and is made from boiled potatoes. Pass them, while hot and in the mealy stage, through a sieve, and mix with them a little butter, sugar, two eggs to six medium-sized potatoes, three tablespoonfuls of cream, and the grated rind of a lemon. A pudding-dish is buttered and preserved plums or peaches spread on the bottom. The potato pudding is poured over and baked in a moderate oven. Serve hot with powdered sugar sprinkled over the top.

Fashionable Collar.

The lace and chiffon collar forms an admirable adjunct to the plain or dark waist. A decidedly dainty affair is of mauve silk, crossed by straps of black



lace insertion; at each side a wide piece of silk, edged with lace, stands up; inside this is a pleated ruffle of black chiffon, which is continued in a full cravat bow in front.

A tired or nervous headache can be helped, if not entirely cured, by gently combing the hair.

Five drops of tincture of myrrh dropped into half a tumbler of water is a pleasant wash for the mouth.

FASHION FANCIES

For Morning Wear.

Blouses and shirt waists still hold their own, and will continue doing so for a long time to come. Here is

shown a comfortable blouse for morning, or to wear under a jacket for cycling. It is of blue viyella, made with tucks from the shoulders to the waist the box-pleat down the center is edged both sides with a narrow kilting finished with torchon lace; the narrow turnover collar and cuffs are of linen; the cravat of white ribbon.

Gastronomic Chips.

Life is the queerest of conundrums. We spend one-half of it in guessing what it is, and the other half in regretting that we didn't guess it sooner.

An empty stomach at bedtime may wreck your slumber as surely as an overloaded one. It is a case of Scylla and Charybdis—steer wisely between them.

A man may have the wisdom of Solomon in other matters, and yet be fool enough to forget that his stomach is his best friend.

They say that "Poverty is the mother of health"; perhaps she is, but she sometimes squeezes our diet so tightly that she becomes "the mother of wrinkles."

Let our stock of wisdom be ever so scanty, there is no better place to spread what we have of it than over the table. "Oh!" you say, "I pay my cook to spread his own there." Doubtless you do; but if your cook's wisdom be of the average cook's quality, you pay and look for something which you do not get. A wise cook is one of the blessings that heaven is chary in sending us. Those we get, and get in abundance, come from the other place. —Table Talk.

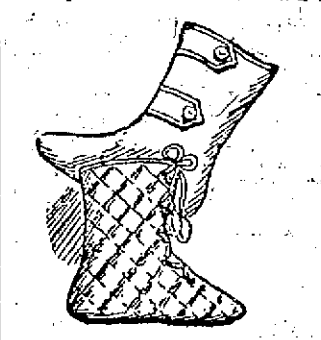
SUNDAY.

Dinner.—Consommé. Roast Turkey, with Cranberry Sauce. Mashed Potatoes. Baked Sweet Potatoes. Celery Salad. Crackers. Cheese. Olives. Fruit. Nuts. Vanilla Ice Cream. Coffee.

Boots for Infants.

The boot with the strap can be made in cloth, silk, satin or kid, the sole being cut out in cardboard, covered with the material or kid while the inside can be lined with quilted silk, satin or sateen. Tack the parts for the inside and outside together, then bind the edge all around with narrow ribbon. Stitch the two parts together down the back seam, the lining and material being sewed up separately. The front seam is then stitched to toe, then linings and material placed together with turnings inside. The top edges are machine stitched while the front straps and lower parts are bound with ribbon. Turn boot wrong side out and sew on the sole.

The quilted boot is made of silk or



satin. The sole is of the quilted material lined inside with silk. The seams are joined as in the other boot and then all bound with ribbon. Just beyond the front binding work eyelet holes on each side to correspond, which permit of lacing up the boot when worn.

Among the novelty waists is one of white taffeta, with a faintly traced black design running over it. This can be worn with any skirt and brightened with different collars and sashes, belts or girdles.

White grosgrain, satin repp crystal silk and glace taffeta are equally dainty in blouse waists for theater wear. They sometimes have no other trimming than a silk gauze scarf tied in a huge bow under the chin.

White watered silk daintily figured in mauve is artistically combined with other fabrics in a dainty corsage. It is made with a yoke of mauve mousseline de soie. The yoke is outlined with a band of deep violet velvet, beneath an insertion the same width of mellow guipure lace. The tight-fitting sleeves have a small crescent-shaped puff at the top and are banded all the way down with clusters of tucks and rows of insertion. A sash of mauve liberty satin finishes the waist, fastening behind in a rosette and long ends.

A marked characteristic of some of the finest evening toilets is the abundant use of transparent fabrics in all of the new shades, over watered silk, moire antique, faille, shot silk and taffeta. A corsage of coral pink crepe de chine over a deeper shade of satin the same color has a choker vest and girdle of satin covered with old Venice lace.

IN GENERAL.

The Providence Telegram says that many agricultural colleges, especially in New-England, show a disposition to conceal their special function as schools of agriculture. "The college in Maine," it declares, "has had its name changed to 'the University of Maine,' omitting any allusion to farming, and will add a school for the production of lawyers to its equipment. The State continues to be taxed for its support. The professors of the Massachusetts Agricultural College are ashamed of the name, and want it called the Massachusetts College. Professors in our Rhode Island College of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts have not waited for legislation, but quietly talk about the Rhode Island College, a title which would belong to Brown if it was to be assigned to any institution. How can these men be expected to accomplish much for the elevation of farming and the farmer when they sail under false colors and do not like to have it known that they are connected with an institution where farming is taught?"

Not long ago President Diaz of Mexico received a letter from a little girl of Pueblo, in which she said: "Mamma locked up my doll, and I wasn't naughty. Please make her let me have it again." A day or two later the child got by post from the genial President a handsome doll, with a note stating his belief, should she remain good, her mother would never have occasion to lock it away. By that time the girl's parents had got wind of the message to Diaz, and they wrote to him expressing regret that their wilful child had taken it into her head to communicate with him. A note was received in reply from the President's secretary assuring the worthy people that his exalted superior had quite enjoyed the experience, and was pleased to have the worry of holding office relieved occasionally by such a quaint episode. —New York Tribune.

Bon Marche Dry Goods Co.

ANOTHER NEW FEATURE.

A decided novelty in the way of daily **VOCAL CONCERTS** in our Store for this week only. Miss Edith White, the Celebrated Contralto, will be here and will sing the latest and popular songs. Don't fail to hear her sing Jas. R. Homer's latest. The first appearance will be at 2 o'clock this afternoon, from 2 to 5 o'clock, also in the evening from 7 to 9 o'clock; other days, 9 to 11.30 A. M., and 2 to 5 P. M. The Songs (words and music) will be for sale at the lowest price on record, viz., for all at the popular 50c Songs, this week only **12½c** each. Come and hear the **CONCERT! FREE! FREE! FREE!**

Despite the inclemency of the weather our Mammoth Emporium was like a BEE HIVE all day Saturday.

THE : SURPRISE : SALE

Will be continued this week. Greater values in Seasonable Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Millinery, Boots and Shoes, Kitchen Furnishings and Cloaks, Skirts, Capes and Suits **Were Never Offered!** No, never before and very probably not again. The indications point to an advance in all lines of Merchandise.

"A Word to the Wise, etc," **BUY NOW!**

Particular Attention to Dress Goods.

Some of the 5c Dress Goods are left for you. The beautiful Sicilians for 12½c take well. Come quick!

29c seems to be a popular price, or we should say the goods worth 50c for 29c are appreciated.

35c is a new price with us on dress goods. These are mostly early Spring Novelties and worth easily 50c a yard.

When you come to the 50c Dress Goods you have to halt; dollar goods are in this lot, making a very tempting array—hard to resist.

59c fetches to you some of the newest most desirable dollar dress fabrics ever shown in Lowell in Granites, Serges Tufted Novelties, two tone Vigerans, etc., etc.

NOTE---COTTON UNDERWEAR.

Waiting for you, Corset Covers at 7c each,
19c Ladies' Drawers, Deep Hem and Tucks,
25c Lace Trimmed Drawers—Umb Flounce—Tucks
17c Beautiful Corset Covers, Hamburg Trimmed.
25c Chemises and Gowns. SEE THEM.
59c Night Robes, worth one dollar, Hamburg and Lace,
44c Drawers, Fine Muslin Lace, insertion, etc.
$1.00 Night Robes, Skirts, Valenceines and Swiss Laces, Insertions, Sample Garments, no two alike, worth $1.50 to $2.50.
75c Night Robes. Don't pay a dollar any more.
69c Night Robes, have been and R sold for $1.25.

Buy Jackets, Capes. Skirts, Waists.

We said we would put prices on every Garment to sell quick, WE DID! Want one? Come right away!

The Silk and other Material Waists at 89c. A winner for U.

Ladies' Jackets in Kersey, Boucle, Cheviot and Fancy Mixtures, $12 and $10 all the season, now $4.98. Surprise.

Misses and Children's Garments in Reefer, full back cape effects, made of all wool cloths, latest materials, none worth less than $5, now $1.83. Surprise.

Ladies' Capes in Kersey, Boucle, etc, all wool cloths, all lengths, Embroidered, Fur Trimmed, Lined Satin, etc., etc., would be cheap at ten dollars, now $4.98. Surprise.

Every Silk Waist remarked DOWN. MUST MOVE.

SOMEBODY SAID SLEDS.

We have about one hundred 50c and 75c Sleds which we will close out at 25c each. BOYS! BOYS!

The R. A. Turgeon Stock of Manchester, N. H., will be on sale today.

5c and 8c Prints and Ginghams, 2½c a yard.
10c Percalines, etc., 2c a yard.
20c Silesias. 5c a yard.
75c Black Henrietta Dress Goods, 39c a yard.
$1.00 Black Henrietta Dress Goods, 59c a yard.
Hundreds of other Fire Sale Bargains thrown into the Surprise Sale.

This Adv. is Down Side Up. The Prices Are Upside Down at

THE BON MARCHE DRY GOODS CO.

THE BARNES CASE.

The three experts in insanity selected by the Governor to examine Lilio the murdered of Lorenzo Barnes, sentenced to be hanged March 4, met at the state house Saturday, and at 10.30 proceeded to Cambridge jail.

GIFT TO JOHN DOHERTY.

John Doherty, for many years president of the Lowell Irish Benevolent society, says the first St. Patrick's day procession he saw in Lowell was in 1852. Mr. Doherty received this week a souvenir of the great Hibernian fair held in Chicago. Upon it is a representation of the treaty stone of Limerick.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

Grand "After Stock Taking" Clearance Sale in our

CARPET, DRAPERY And Upholstery Dept.

We inventoried and after our semi-annual stock taking, many lots of goods which we are anxious to dispose of, prior to the arrival of the new season's goods. We have re-marked and put aside for this sale many articles which can never be duplicated at the same prices. Carpets of every grade (as well as Upholstery Fabrics and Lace Curtains) have advanced in price so rapidly under the Dingley Bill that it will be impossible to buy or sell them at the old prices for many years to come. We have given our customers all through the season of depression HARD TIME PRICES—and the remainder of our last season's goods will be sold in the same ratio, but this may be considered the last chance for obtaining goods at the old prices—and the figures quoted will be positively withdrawn at the end of six days (week ending February 19th.) Housekeepers and parties intending to furnish in the near future will find much to interest them by visiting our departments during the present week.

1 lot Scarlet Oilcloth, worth 10c, per yard, sale price 7C. per yard.

In Our Upholstery Dept.

Will be found many short lengths of Furniture Coverings—Note, Lace, Ponchee, Silkolines, etc., at exceptionally low prices.

1 lot Tufto Damask, 50 inches wide, regular price 42c., sale price 29c.

In Our Lace Curtain Dept.

We are offering a large number of High Grade Lace Curtains in one pair lots (only) at just half price—prices to suit all customers on single pairs and half pair lots of Tapestry and Cumilla Portieres.

1 special lot Irish Point Laces, worth $5, sale price $3.58 per pair.
1 special lot Rolled Mesh Curtains, worth $1.25, sale price 89c. per pair.
1 special lot Tapestry Portieres, worth $1.50, sale price $3.49 per pair.
1 special lot Silkolines, yard wide, worth 12 1-2c, sale price 5C. per pair.
1 special lot Scotch Mesh, worth 15c, sale price 11c. per pair.
1 special lot Window Shades, slightly soiled, worth 25c., sale price 13C. each.

1 lot 10 frame Tapestry Carpets, suitable for small rooms, 12 to 25 yards length, regular price 35c. and 90c., for 5GC. per yard.
1 lot Best Brussels Carpets, 5 frames, lengths 16 to 25 yards, worth $1.25 per yard, sale price 75C. per yard.
16 full rolls Best Brussels, worth $1.25, sale price 93C. per yard.
200 yards Best Tapestry, worth 90c., sale price 73c. per yard.
600 yards 9 wire Tapestry, worth 75c., sale price 50C. per yard.
10 rolls best all wool Ingrains, worth 65c. and 70c., sale price 53C. per yard.
6 rolls good wool Ingrains, worth 60c., sale price 43C. per yard.
About 10 rolls Smith's best quality Moquette Carpets, worth $1.25, sale price 89C. per yard.
25 rolls best Cotton Warp Mattings, worth 50c. to 60c., sale price 39C. per yard.
20 rolls fine China Matting, worth 25c. to 30c., sale price 18C. per yard.
1 lot best Smyrna Rugs (Bromley's) 30x60, worth $3.49, sale price $2.75.
1 lot short length best Tapestry Carpets, at 50C. per yard.
1 lot short length best Brussel Carpets at 60C.

SPECIAL—In Black Crepons for Skirts, elegant designs, regular $1.25, $1.50 and $2 qualities at **89c., $1, $1.25.** Examine these goods before purchasing.

Call and examine our line of All Wool Colored Poplins in all the latest spring shades.

MRS. ROBER

the well known cooking expert, lecturer and authority on pure food, says: "Cottolene is a pure and unadulterated article, and a much more healthful product than lard, and as a substitute for the same I heartily recommend it."

COTTOLENE

is pure vegetable oil combined with wholesome beef suet, and is unequaled for shortening and frying purposes. It makes your food light, appetizing, digestible.

The genuine Cottolene is sold everywhere in one to ten pound yellow tubs, with our trade-marks—"Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-flannel trimmings—on every tub. Not guaranteed if sold in any other way. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Montreal.

Cook, Taylor & Co.,

CENTRAL STREET.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS IN OUR

SILK DEPT.

10 pieces 20 inch Black Silk satin, extra heavy, all silk, bought at a sacrifice, worth $1 a yard, our special price **69c.**

5 pieces 27 inch All Silk Black satin, very fine lustre, just the thing for a nice skirt, worth $1.50 a yard, our price **89c.**

22 inch Black Ponge Silks, regular 50c. quality at **29c.**

27 inch Black Ponge Silks, regular $1 quality at **69c.** a yard.

Something new in Brocade Satins in light blue, pink, cream, Nile green and lemon. Just the thing for party dresses or waists, extra heavy, elegant designs, regular $1 quality for only **69c.** a yard.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

LOUIS ALEXANDER

IMPORTER and TAILOR,
65 Central Street.

CLEARANCE SALE

Bargains in Winter Goods to make room for new Spring Stock.

Fine job printing done at this office.

BASE BALL LEAGUE

Four High School Teams Elect an Organization.

Meeting of the Lowell City League.

The Sacred Heart church fair was closed Saturday night when many awards were made. Early in the evening members of the Columbia Athletic club gave an entertainment in honor of the Sacred Heart church fair. The following is a list of the prizes awarded:

SEASON TICKETS.

Ton of coal, Mary Tuttle; gas radiator, Little Dolan; $10 gold piece, Lizzie Hillis, parlor stove, Mary Foyer; suit of clothes, William McAlahon; rocker, May Hickey; box of cigars, G. H. Dewling; parlor clock, Mr. Fennell. Watch on Holy Rosary table, Sadie Curry, $16.85; Mr. McGann, $39.56.

HOLY ROSARY TABLE.

Pin cushion, Mrs. Cryan; lemonade set, J. F. Quinn; picture, Mrs. Curran; rug, Maggie Morrison; table, Ed Jackson; lemonade set, Mary Curry; silver butter dish, Maria Fox; smoker's set, Mr. Bassett; table linen, Mary Gookin; dinner set, Mrs. Devine; statue, J. J. Howard; sewing machine, Cook & Taylor; ice cream set, Lizzie Donohue; cigars, St. Patrick from Ireland; picture, P. J. Gookin; table, J. O. Leary; slippers, W. Hunt; tea set, Mrs. Cahillane; rug, Mrs. Kearin.

SISTERS OF MARY TABLE.

Five o'clock tea, Annie Fox; statue, Michael Finnick; rug, Nana Redding; picture, Mary Devine; tidies, Rose Purcell; 5 o'clock tea, Sadie Tuttle; cigars, John Sheehan; umbrella, Clara Blanchard; tidy, Fred Brady; chair, Bridget Flynn; sofa pillow, John Devlin.

PARISH TABLE.

Dardiniere, Katie Hayes; knives and forks, Albert Dawson; parlor table, James Freeman; sofa pillow, Aleth Masterson; afghan, James Lang; water set, Mary Ann Rafferty; bed spread, Mary Hoar; chair, Frank Johnson; berry set, John Welch; wine set, Mr. Lynch; chair, John Doyle; picture, J. F. Monaghan; chair, Thomas Collins; bed spread, Harry Hilton; sofa cushion, Annie Donohue; wine set, Annie Conroy; wine set, Rose Lynch; dish, Josie Butterworth; dinner set, C. Chalfoux; willow rocker, Mrs. R. Cushing.

Cadwalader, the big football player, is trying for pitcher on the Yale freshmen team. He pitched for the Lawrence school when there. Perhaps the blue has another "Carter" coming down the pike.

An Interscholastic High school base ball league was organized in Haverhill Saturday. The schools comprising the league are the Haverhill High, Lawrence High, Lynn Classical and Haverhill High, Lawrence Bros. Brad Plunkett, Valjones Bros. Brad Plunkett, George Dexter, William Harrington, Eugene Bates, Arthur Cannon, Pattison Brothers, Thomas Murphy, Arthur Mahoney, Martin following: Martin Mahoney, Martin Ahern which included selections by the Brain which included selections by the following: Martin Mahoney, Martin Ahern, Auchin, Allen, Red Star, Frenchi and Union, Auchin, Allen, Red Star, Frenchi and Union, Hose, Ballet from Boston and New York to live pool and Gymnasium. Money sent to Lewis, Lynn, England, and all parts of the world. Lewis Lynn boughs at Murphy's Stomachy Agency, 15 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

F. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street.

What right has the board of health to dictate to its agent—not much.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's, Jefferson St. Telephone, 459-4.

Lincoln's life will be discussed by the Educational club next Tuesday.

BUHN WILSON'S COAL.

General Elsie lodge of Good Templars will have a sleighride to Graniteville, February 17.

A trial of Hoarke & Sullivan's coal will insure satisfaction. Telephone, 712-2. Prompt delivery.

Try one of those easy shaves and first class hair cuts at Sullivan's, 300 Market street, corner of Dutton.

The distribution of medals for rifle practice will be completed at the state armory Monday night by officers of the 9th regiment, Company M.

Inquiries are already being made regarding erection of houses and some builders say there will be a number of cottages erected this year.

Whist, euchre, and pool will be the games contested by the members of the Nashua and Sphinx city cycle clubs at the Sphinx club rooms next Thursday evening.

The record kept at the police station shows that in January about 60 tenement doors and windows were found open by patrolmen, and this is about the record of every month. In one store, where the door has been found open several times, it is said to be the custom of the proprietor to allow all the silver coin to remain in the drawer lights, but he is particular to remove every greenback or bank note.

A KEEPER IN CHARGE.

Mayor Bennett on Saturday, placed a keeper in possession of the Twentieth school house to further establish the city's claim on the property.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SLEIGHS

For sale cheap. Page and Lawrence runner. H. Barry, 49 Market street.

GREY TEA AND COFFEE POTS

Given away with 1 lb. All sizes of grey enameled Tea and Coffee Pots Given Away with a pound of Coffee, Jas. Dickson Jones, the Big Tea Dealers, 69 Merrimack street.

STRAWBERRY TICKETS AND DRAWS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star, French and German lines, sailing from Boston and New York to live pool and Queenstown. Money sent to Lewis, Lynn, England, and all parts of the world. Lewis Lynn boughs at Murphy's Steamship Agency, 15 Appleton street.

"Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Consumption."

saved the lives of two of my children when to all appearance they were in the first stage of

J. W. HUFFORD, Farmington, Ia.

HALF-SIZE BOTTLES, 50c.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Eastern Division. To Boston.	Leave.	Arr.	From Boston.	Leave.	Arr.
	6 45	7 35		6 00	6 50
	6 55	7 45		6 10	7 00
	7 25	8 15		7 15	8 05
	8 05	8 55		8 25	9 15
	9 35	10 25		9 35	10 25
	10 20	11 10		10 20	11 10
	12 00	12 50		12 00	12 50
	1 35	2 25		1 35	2 25
	3 20	4 10		3 20	4 10
	4 30	5 20		4 30	5 20
	5 30	6 20		5 30	6 20
	6 10	7 00		6 10	7 00
	7 20	8 10		7 20	8 10
	9 10	10 00		9 10	10 00
	10 25	11 15		10 25	11 15
	11 45	12 35		11 45	12 35
	12 00	12 50		12 00	12 50
	1 35	2 25		1 35	2 25
	3 20	4 10		3 20	4 10
	4 30	5 20		4 30	5 20
	5 30	6 20		5 30	6 20
	6 10	7 00		6 10	7 00
	7 20	8 10		7 20	8 10
	9 10	10 00		9 10	10 00
	10 25	11 15		10 25	11 15
	11 45	12 35		11 45	12 35

Western Division. To Boston.	Leave.	Arr.	From Boston.	Leave.	Arr.
	6 45	7 35		6 00	6 50
	7 25	8 15		7 15	8 05
	8 05	8 55		8 25	9 15
	9 35	10 25		9 35	10 25
	10 20	11 10		10 20	11 10
	12 00	12 50		12 00	12 50
	1 35	2 25		1 35	2 25
	3 20	4 10		3 20	4 10
	4 30	5 20		4 30	5 20
	5 30	6 20		5 30	6 20
	6 10	7 00		6 10	7 00
	7 20	8 10		7 20	8 10
	9 10	10 00		9 10	10 00
	10 25	11 15		10 25	11 15
	11 45	12 35		11 45	12 35

Sundays Trains.

To Boston.	Leave.	Arr.	From Boston.	Leave.	Arr.
	8 00	8 50		8 15	9 05
	9 30	10 20		9 30	10 20
	11 00	11 50		11 00	11 50
	12 45	1 35		12 45	1 35
	2 30	3 20		2 30	3 20
	4 15	5 05		4 15	5 05
	5 30	6 20		5 30	6 20
	7 00	7 50		7 00	7 50
	8 15	9 05		8 15	9 05
	9 30	10 20		9 30	10 20
	11 00	11 50		11 00	11 50

Sundays Trains.

To Boston.	Leave.	Arr.	From Boston.	Leave.	Arr.
	8 00	8 50		8 15	9 05
	9 30	10 20		9 30	10 20
	11 00	11 50		11 00	11 50
	12 45	1 35		12 45	1 35
	2 30	3 20		2 30	3 20
	4 15	5 05		4 15	5 05
	5 30	6 20		5 30	6 20
	7 00	7 50		7 00	7 50
	8 15	9 05		8 15	9 05
	9 30	10 20		9 30	10 20
	11 00	11 50		11 00	11 50

Trains by the Interchange.

To Boston.	Leave.	Arr.	From Boston.	Leave.	Arr.
	6 45	7 35		6 00	6 50
	7 25	8 15		7 15	8 05
	8 05	8 55		8 25	9 15
	9 35	10 25		9 35	10 25
	10 20	11 10		10 20	11 10
	12 00	12 50		12 00	12 50
	1 35	2 25		1 35	2 25
	3 20	4 10		3 20	4 10
	4 30	5 20		4 30	5 20
	5 30	6 20		5 30	6 20
	6 10	7 00		6 10	7 00
	7 20	8 10		7 20	8 10
	9 10	10 00		9 10	10 00
	10 25	11 15		10 25	11 15
	11 45	12 35		11 45	12 35

Sundays Trains.

To Boston.	Leave.	Arr.	From Boston.	Leave.	Arr.
	8 00	8 50		8 15	9 05
	9 30	10 20		9 30	10 20
	11 00	11 50		11 00	11 50
	12 45	1 35		12 45	1 35
	2 30	3 20		2 30	3 20
	4 15	5 05		4 15	5 05
	5 30	6 20		5 30	6 20
	7 00	7 50		7 00	7 50
	8 15	9 05		8 15	9 05
	9 30	10 20		9 30	10 20
	11 00	11 50		11 00	11 50

Trains by the Interchange.

To Boston.	Leave.	Arr.	From Boston.	Leave.	Arr.
	6 45	7 35		6 00	6 50
	7 25	8 15		7 15	8 05
	8 05	8 55		8 25	9 15
	9 35	10 25		9 35	10 25
	10 20	11 10		10 20	11 10
	12 00	12 50		12 00	12 50
	1 35	2 25		1 35	2 25
	3 20	4 10		3 20	4 10
	4 30	5 20		4 30	5 20
	5 30	6 20		5 30	6 20
	6 10	7 00		6 10	7 00
	7 20	8 10		7 20	8 10
	9 10	10 00		9 10	10 00
	10 25	11 15		10 25	11 15
	11 45	12 35		11 45	12 35

Sundays Trains.

To Boston.	Leave.	Arr.	From Boston.	Leave.	Arr.
	8 00	8 50		8 15	9 05
	9 30	10 20		9 30	10 20
	11 00	11 50		11 00	11 50
	12 45	1 35		12 45	1 35
	2 30	3 20		2 30	3 20
	4 15	5 05		4 15	5 05
	5 30	6 20		5 30	6 20
	7 00	7 50		7 00	7 50
	8 15	9 05		8 15	9 05
	9 30	10 20		9 30	10 20
	11 00	11 50		11 00	11 50

Trains by the Interchange.

To Boston.	Leave.	Arr.	From Boston.	Leave.	Arr.
	6 45	7 35		6 00	6 50
	7 25	8 15		7 15	8 05
	8 05	8 55		8 25	9 15
	9 35	10 25		9 35	10 25
	10 20	11 10		10 20	11 10
	12 00	12 50		12 00	12 50
	1 35	2 25		1 35	2 25
	3 20	4 10		3 20	4 10
	4 30	5 20		4 30	5 20
	5 30	6 20		5 30	6 20
	6 10	7 00		6 10	7 00
	7 20	8 10		7 20	8 10
	9 10	10 00		9 10	10 00
	10 25	11 15		10 25	11 15
	11 45	12 35		11 45	12 35

Sundays Trains.

To Boston.	Leave.	Arr.	From Boston.	Leave.	Arr.
	8 00	8 50		8 15	9 05
	9 30	10 20		9 30	10 20
	11 00	11 50		11 00	11 50
	12 45	1 35		12 45	1 35
	2 30	3 20		2 30	3 20
	4 15	5 05		4 15	5 05
	5 30	6 20		5 30	6 20
	7 00	7 50		7 00	7 50
	8 15	9 05		8 15	9 05
	9 30	10 20		9 30	10 20
	11 00	11 50		11 00	11 50

Trains by the Interchange.

To Boston.	Leave.	Arr.	From Boston.	Leave.	Arr.
	6 45	7 35		6 00	6 50
	7 25	8 15		7 15	8 05
	8 05	8 55		8 25	9 15
	9 35	10 25		9 35	10 25
	10 20	11 10		10 20	11 10
	12 00	12 50		12 00	12 50
	1 35	2 25		1 35	2 25
	3 20	4 10		3 20	4 10
	4 30	5 20		4 30	5 20
	5 30	6 20		5 30	6 20
	6 10	7 00		6 10	7 00
	7 20	8 10		7 20	8 10
	9 10	10 00		9 10	10 00
	10 25	11 15		10 25	11 15
	11 45	12 35		11 45	12 35

Sundays Trains.

To Boston.	Leave.	Arr.	From Boston.	Leave.	Arr.
	8 00	8 50		8 15	9 05
	9 30	10 20		9 30	10 20
	11 00	11 50		11 00	11 50
	12 45	1 35		12 45	1 35
	2 30	3 20		2 30	3 20
	4 15	5 05		4 15	5 05
	5 30	6 20		5 30	6 20
	7 00	7 50		7 00	7 50
	8 15	9 05		8 15	9 05
	9 30	10 20		9 30	10 20
	11 00	11 50		11 00	11 50

LIST OF AWARDS

Made at the Sacred Heart Church Fair.

THE WEEK'S FESTIVAL CLOSED SATURDAY NIGHT.

Entertainment by the Columbia Athletic Club.

The Sacred Heart church fair was closed Saturday night when many awards were made. Early in the evening members of the Columbia Athletic club gave an entertainment in honor of the Sacred Heart church fair. The following is a list of the prizes awarded:

SEASON TICKETS.

Ton of coal, Mary Tuttle; gas radiator, Little Dolan; $10 gold piece, Lizzie Hillis, parlor stove, Mary Foyer; suit of clothes, William McAlahon; rocker, May Hickey; box of cigars, G. H. Dewling; parlor clock, Mr. Fennell. Watch on Holy Rosary table, Sadie Curry, $16.85; Mr. McGann, $39.56.

HOLY ROSARY TABLE.

Pin cushion, Mrs. Cryan; lemonade set, J. F. Quinn; picture, Mrs. Curran; rug, Maggie Morrison; table, Ed Jackson; lemonade set, Mary Curry; silver butter dish, Maria Fox; smoker's set, Mr. Bassett; table linen, Mary Gookin; dinner set, Mrs. Devine; statue, J. J. Howard; sewing machine, Cook & Taylor; ice cream set, Lizzie Donohue; cigars, St. Patrick from Ireland; picture, P. J. Gookin; table, J. O. Leary; slippers, W. Hunt; tea set, Mrs. Cahillane; rug, Mrs. Kearin.

SISTERS OF MARY TABLE.

Five o'clock tea, Annie Fox; statue, Michael Finnick; rug, Nana Redding; picture, Mary Devine; tidies, Rose Purcell; 5 o'clock tea, Sadie Tuttle; cigars, John Sheehan; umbrella, Clara Blanchard; tidy, Fred Brady; chair, Bridget Flynn; sofa pillow, John Devlin.

PARISH TABLE.

Dardiniere, Katie Hayes; knives and forks, Albert Dawson; parlor table, James Freeman; sofa pillow, Aleth Masterson; afghan, James Lang; water set, Mary Ann Rafferty; bed spread, Mary Hoar; chair, Frank Johnson; berry set, John Welch; wine set, Mr. Lynch; chair, John Doyle; picture, J. F. Monaghan; chair, Thomas Collins; bed spread, Harry Hilton; sofa cushion, Annie Donohue; wine set, Annie Conroy; wine set, Rose Lynch; dish, Josie Butterworth; dinner set, C. Chalfoux; willow rocker, Mrs. R. Cushing.

"Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Consumption."

saved the lives of two of my children when to all appearance they were in the first stage of

J. W. HUFFORD, Farmington, Ia.

HALF-SIZE BOTTLES, 50c.

Columbia DENTIST 31 MARK ST.

SATURDAY IS QUARTER DAY AT THE WASHINGTON SAVINGS BANK. FOUR PER CENT. DEPOSIT NOW.

NOTICE RETAIL MERCHANTS.

The Merchants' Coupon company will remain in Lowell another year. Thirty thousand people are collecting Merchants' coupons. We do not take any new retailers after this week. Write or call if you wish to join. To the Public: Collect Merchants' Coupons. Trade with the dealers giving Merchants' Coupons. With Merchants' Coupons, you obtain beautiful premiums.

POLITICAL FROTTERS.

On motion of the Hon. Charles Dana Palmer, the National Trotting association has resolved that it disapproves of betting on horses in horse races, because it believes the practice is detrimental to the best interests of the turf. Mayor Palmer's experience as a political trotter has been unique; he trotted two losing heats after he had won three heats in the race, so to speak. The experience of the Hon. William F. Courtney was exactly the reverse. He won three heats after losing.

Inquiries are already being made regarding erection of houses and some builders say there will be a number of cottages erected this year.

Whist, euchre, and pool will be the games contested by the members of the Nashua and Sphinx city cycle clubs at the Sphinx club rooms next Thursday evening.

The record kept at the police station shows that in January about 60 tenement doors and windows were found open by patrolmen, and this is about the record of every month. In one store, where the door has been found open several times, it is said to be the custom of the proprietor to allow all the silver coin to remain in the drawer lights, but he is particular to remove every greenback or bank note.

A KEEPER IN CHARGE.

Mayor Bennett on Saturday, placed a keeper in possession of the Twentieth school house to further establish the city's claim on the property.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SLEIGHS

For sale cheap. Page and Lawrence runner. H. Barry, 49 Market street.

GREY TEA AND COFFEE POTS

Given away with 1 lb. All sizes of grey enameled Tea and Coffee Pots Given Away with a pound of Coffee, Jas. Dickson Jones, the Big Tea Dealers, 69 Merrimack street.

STRAWBERRY TICKETS AND DRAWS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star, French and German lines, sailing from Boston and New York to live pool and Queenstown. Money sent to Lewis, Lynn, England, and all parts of the world. Lewis Lynn boughs at Murphy's Steamship Agency, 15 Appleton street.